

EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

The Commissioner for Office of Vermont Health Access shall establish a pharmacy best practices and cost control program designed to reduce the cost of providing prescription drugs, while maintaining high quality in prescription drug therapies. The program shall include:

"A preferred list of covered prescription drugs that identifies preferred choices within therapeutic classes for particular diseases and conditions, including generic alternatives"

From Act 127 passed in 2002

#### The following pages contain:

- The therapeutic classes of drugs subject to the Preferred Drug List, the drugs within those categories and the criteria required for Prior Authorization (P.A.) of non-preferred drugs in those categories.
- The therapeutic classes of drugs which have clinical criteria for Prior Authorization may or may not be subject to a preferred agent.
- Within both of these categories there may be drugs or even drug classes that are subject to Quantity Limit Parameters.

Therapeutic class criteria are listed alphabetically. Within each category the Preferred Drugs are noted in the left-hand columns. Representative non-preferred agents have been included and are listed in the right-hand column. Any drug not listed as preferred in any of the included categories requires Prior Authorization.

GHS/Emdeon	GHS/Emdeon	GHS/Emdeon Sr. Account Manager:
PRESCRIBER Call Center:	PHARMACY Call Center:	Michael Ouellette
PA Requests	PA Requests	Tel: 802-922-9614
Tel: 1-844-679-5363; Fax: 1-844-679-5366	Tel: 1-844-679-5362	Fax:
Note: Fax requests are responded to within 24 hrs.	Available for assistance with claims processing	E-Mail: mouellette@ghsinc.com
For Urgent requests, please call GHS/Emdeon Directly		
DVHA Medical Staff:	DVHA Pharmacy Unit Staff:	DVHA Pharmacy Administration:



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Medical Director	Stacey Baker	Director of Pharmacy Services
J. Scott Strenio, M.D.	Tel: 802-879-5912	Nancy Hogue, Pharm. D.
Tel: 802-871-3194	Fax: 802-879-5651	Tel: 802-879-5611
	E-Mail: stacey.baker@vermont.gov	Fax: 802-879-5651
		E-mail: nancy.hogue@vermont.gov



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

3

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

#### **Contents**

ACNE AGENTS	7
ADHD AND NARCOLEPSY CATAPLEXY MEDICATIONS	10
ALLERGEN IMMUNOTHERAPY	15
ALPHA1-PROTEINASE INHIBITORS	16
ALZHEIMER'S MEDICATIONS	16
COX-2 INHIBITORS	17
ANALGESICS	18
ANEMIA: HEMATOPOIETIC/ERYTHROPOIETIC AGENTS	26
ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS: INJECTABLES	27
ANTI-ANXIETY: ANXIOLYTICS	29
ANTICOAGULANTS	31
ANTICONVULSANTS	33
ANTIDEPRESSANTS	36
ANTI-DIABETICS	42
ANTI-EMETICS	
ANTI-HYPERTENSIVES	
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIBIOTICS	64
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIFUNGAL	
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIMALARIALS: QUININE	74
ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTI-VIRALS	75
ANTI-MIGRAINE TRIPTANS	78
ANTI-OBESITY	80
ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (CHILDREN < 18 YEARS OLD)	80

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

#### Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (CHILDREN > 18 YEARS OLD)	84
ANTI-PSYCHOTIC: TYPICALS	92
BONE RESORPTION INHIBITORS	93
BOTULINUM TOXINS	95
BPH AGENTS	97
CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES	
CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY	99
GASTROINTESTINAL AGENTS: CONSTIPATION/DIARRHEA, IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME-CONSTRIPATION, SHORT BOWEL SYNDROME,	OPIOID INDUCED
CONSTIPATION	100
CONTRACEPTIVES	
CORONARY VASODILATORS/ANTIANGINALS/SINUS NODE INHIBITORS	107
CORTICOSTEROIDS: ORAL	
COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS	110
CYSTIC FIBROSIS MEDICATIONS	110
DERMATOLOGICAL AGENTS	
DESMOPRESSIN: INTRANASAL/ORAL	
DIABETIC TESTING SUPPLIES	
EPINEPHRINE: AUTO-INJECTOR	121
ESTROGENS: VAGINAL	122
FIBROMYALGIA AGENTS	
GASTROINTESTINAL	
GAUCHER'S DISEASE MEDICATIONS	130
GOUT AGENTS	
GROWTH STIMULATING AGENTS	
HEMOPHILIA FACTORS	
HEPATITIS C AGENTS	
HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA MEDICATIONS	

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



# EFFECTIVE Version Updated: 02/09/16

IDIOPATHIC PULMONARY FIBROSIS (IPF)	136
INTERLEUKIN (IL)-1 RECEPTOR BLOCKERS	137
LIPOTROPICS:	138
MISCELLANEOUS	143
MOOD STABILIZERS	148
MUCOSAL COATING AGENTS	
MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS MEDICATIONS	149
MUSCLE RELAXANTS, SKELETAL	151
NEUROGENIC ORTHOSTATIC HYPOTENSION	152
NUTRITIONALS, LIQUID ORAL SUPPLEMENTS	153
ONCOLOGY: ORAL (select)	154
OPHTHALMICS	155
OTIC ANTI-INFECTIVES	
OVER THE COUNTER (OTC) MEDICATIONS	163
PANCREATIC ENZYME PRODUCTS	
PARATHYROID AGENTS	
PARKINSON'S: NON ERGOT DOPAMINE RECEPTOR AGONIST	
PHOSPHODIESTERASE-4 (PDE-4) INHIBITORS	166
PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) INHIBITORS	167
PLATELET INHIBITORS	168
POST-HERPETIC NEURALGIA AGENTS	168
PSORIASIS	169
PULMONARY AGENTS	
PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION MEDICATIONS	183
RENAL DISEASE: PHOSPHATE BINDERS	
RESTLESS LEG SYNDROME MEDICATIONS	184
RHEUMATOID, JUVENILE & PSORATIC ARTHRITIS: IMMUNOMODULATORS	185



# EFFECTIVE Version Updated: 02/09/16

### **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

SILIVA STIMULANTS	190
SEDATIVE/HYPNOTICS	190
SMOKING CESSATION THERAPIES	192
TESTOSTERONE: TOPICAL	193
THROMBOPOIETIN RECEPTOR AGONISTS	194
JRINARY ANTISPASMODICS	195
AGINAL ANTI-INFECTIVES	196
/ITAMINS: PRENATAL MULTIVITAMINS	197



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ACNE AGENTS	
ORAL AGENTS		
DOXYCYCLINE MONOHYDRATE 50MG, 100MC CAPS  DOXYCYCLINE MONOHYDRATE SUSP 25MG/ML  MINOCYCLINE 50MG 100MG CAPS  ISOTRETINOIN† cap (AMNESTEEM, CLARAVIS, MYORISAN)	Adoxa®* (doxycycline monohydrate) 150mg tab Doryx (doxycycline hyclate) tabs Doxycycline 50mg, 75mg, 100mg, 150mg tabs Doxycycline 75mg, 150mg caps Oracea® (doxycycline monohydrate) 40 mg cap Vibramycin®* (doxycycline hyclate) 100 mg cap Vibramycin®* (doxycycline hyclate) suspension Vibramycin® (doxycycline calcium) syrup All other brands  Eryped® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) PCE Dispertab® (erythromycin base) All other brands  Minocycline 50mg, 75mg, 100mg tabs Solodyn® (minocycline) tabs ER E.E.S.® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Eryped® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) Eryped® (erythromycin base, delayed release) Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate) ERY-TAB® (erythromycin stearate) ERYTHROMYCIN BASE ERYTHROMYCIN ETHYLSUCCINATE (E.E.S.®	Non-preferred doxycycline/minocycline products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred doxycycline/minocycline. If a product has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation.  Oracea: patient has a diagnosis of Rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with both a preferred doxycycline and minocycline.  Vibramycin Suspension, Syrup: patient has a medical necessity for a liquid dosage form AND a documented failure of preferred doxycycline suspension.  Erythromycin products: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least two preferred products.  Tetracycline products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least two preferred products  Absorica/Zenatane: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least two isotretinoin preferred products.

of



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	, Eryped <sup>®</sup> )	
	PCE Dispertab <sup>®</sup> (erythromycin base)	
	Tetracycline 250mg, 500mg cap	
	Absorica® (isotretinoin) capsules	
	Zenatane cap (isotrentinoin)	
TOPICAL ANTI-INFECTIVES	All other brands	
TOTICAL ANTI-INTECTIVES		
BENZOYL PEROXIDE PRODUCTS	Benzepro 5.3%, 9.8% F; 6% P; 7% CL	Single ingredient products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
BENZOYL PEROXIDE †		treatment failure with two preferred products including one from the same sub-
2.5%,5%, 10% <i>G</i> ,	PanoxylG; 10% B <mark>, 4% CL</mark>	category, if there is one available. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic.
5%, 6%,7%, 10% CL;	All other brands	Combination products: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
10% C;	The other brands	treatment failure with generic erythroymycin/benzoyl peroxide. (If a product has
5%, 10% <i>L</i> ; 5.3%, 9.5% F	Cleocin-T®* (clindamycin) 1% S, P, L, G	an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic.) AND patient
	411 1 1 1	has had a documented side effect or treatment failure on combination therapy
	All other brands	with the separate generic ingredients of the requested combination product, if applicable.
CLINDAMYCIN PRODUCTS	Erygel®* (erythromycin 2% G)	Azelex: the diagnosis or indication is acne AND patient has had a documented side
CLINDAMYCIN 1% $S, G, L, P, F$ †	All other brands	effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two generic topical anti-infective agents
		(benzoyl peroxide, clindamycin, erythromycin, erythroymcin/benzoyl peroxide, )
	Klaron®* (sodium sulfacetamide 10% L)	Limitations: Kits with non-drug products are not covered
ERYTHROMYCIN PRODUCTS	SODIUM SULFACETAMIDE 10% $L^{\dagger}$	<b>Onexton :</b> Prior authorization and be available to the few patients who are unable to
ERYTHROMYCIN 2% S, G, P †	All other brands	tolerate or who have failed on preferred medications.
		F
SODIUM SULFACETAMIDE PRODUCTS		
	Benzaclin® (clindamycin/benyoyl peroxide)	
COMBINATION PRODUCTS		

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

#### **Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(**************************************	()	
ERYTHROMYCIN / BENZOYL PEROXIDE†	Azelex <sup>®</sup> (azelaic acid 20%C) DUAC® (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel	
<u>OTHER</u>	Benzamycin®* (erythromycin/benzoyl peroxide) Onexton® (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) SODIUM SULFACETAMIDE / SULFUR CL, C, P, E,† SODIUM SULFACETAMIDE / SULFUR W†	
C=cream, $CL$ =cleanser, $E$ =emulsion, $F$ =Foam, $G$ =gel, $L$ =lotion, $O$ =ointment, $P$ =pads, $S$ =solution, $W$ =wash, $B$ =bar	Sumaxin <sup>®</sup> (sulfacetamide/sulfur <i>L</i> , <i>P</i> , <i>W</i> ) Rosula®* (sulfacetamide/sulfur P, W) All other brands	
	Aczone® (dapsone 5% G)  All other brands any topical acne anti-infective medication	
	medication	
TOPICAL - RETINOIDS		
TRETINOIN† (specific criteria required for ages < 10 or > 34) 0.025%, 0.05%, 0.1% C; 0.01%, 0.025% G  AVITA® (tretinoin)  Fabior® (tazarotene 0.1% F)	All brand tretinoin products (Atralin® 0.05% G, Retin-A®*, Retin-A Micro® 0.1%, 0.04%, etc.)	Brand name tretinoin products and generic tretinoin microsphere: diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic keratosis, or rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical tretinoin product. If a product has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation.
TAZORAC® (tazarotene) 0.1% C, G	Tretinoin microsphere† (compare to Retin-A Micro®) 0.1%, 0.04%	<b>Differin</b> (brand) and adapalene (generic): diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic keratosis, or rosacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical tretinoin product



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
C= cream, G=gel	adapalene† (compare to Differin®) 0.1% C, G, 0.3% G Differin® (adapalene) 0.1% C, G; L 0.3% G  Avage® (tazarotene) ♣ Renova® (tretinoin) ♣ Solage® (tretinoin/mequinol) ♣ Tri-Luma® (tretinoin/hydroquinone/fluocinolone) ♣  Veltin® (clindamycin/tretinoin) G ♣ Not indicated for acne. Coverage of topical retinoid products will not be approved for cosmetic use (wrinkles, age spots, etc.).	AND the request is for the brand product, the patient has had a documented intolerance to a generic adapalene product.  Tretinoin (age < 10 or > 34): diagnosis or indication is acne vulgaris, actinic keratosis, or rosacea.  Limitations:  Coverage of topical retinoid products will not be approved for cosmetic use (wrinkles age spots, etc.) (i.e. Avage, Renova, Solage, Tri-Luma).
TOPICAL - ROSACEA		
Finacea <sup>®</sup> (azelaic acid) 15% $G$ , F METRONIDAZOLE† 0.75% $C$ , $G$ , $L$ $C=cream$ , F=Foam, $G=gel$ , $L=lotion$	All brand metronidazole products (MetroCream <sup>®</sup> * 0.75% <i>C</i> , Metrogel <sup>®</sup> 1% <i>G</i> , MetroLotion <sup>®</sup> * 0.75% <i>L</i> , Noritate <sup>®</sup> 1% <i>C</i> etc.) Metronidazole† 1% <i>G</i> Soolantra <sup>®</sup> (ivermectin)	Brand name metronidazole products, metronidazole 1% gel (generic) and Soolantra: diagnosis or indication is roacea AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with a preferred generic topical metronidazole product. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation.  Limitations: The use of Mirvaso (brimonidine topical gel) for treating skin redness is considered cosmetic. Medications used for cosmetic purposes are excluded from coverage. Mirvaso topical gel has not been shown to improve any other symptom of rosacea (e.g. pustules, papules, flushing, etc) or to alter the course of the disease.
	ADUD AND NADCOLEDCY CATARLE	VV MEDICATIONS
	ADHD AND NARCOLEPSY CATAPLE	AY MEDICATIONS
SHORT/INTERMEDIATE ACTING		
Dexmethylphenidate † (compare to Focalin®)	Evekeo® (amphetamine sulfate)	Focalin: patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy AND patient has

10

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

METADATE ER® (compare to Ritalin® SR)  METHYLIN® (compare to Ritalin® SR)  METHYLPHENIDATE † (compare to Ritalin® )  METHYLPHENIDATE SR † (compare to Ritalin® * (methylphenidate )  Ritalin®* (methylphenidate)  Ritalin SR® * (methylphenidate)  Adderall® * (amphetamine)  Desoxyn® (methamphetamine)  dextroamphetamine sulfate† 1 mg/ml oral solution  Methamphetamine † (compare to Desoxyn®)  Procentra® (dextroamphetamine sulfate) 1 mg/ml oral solution  Zenzedi® (dextroamphetamine IR) 2.5 mg, 7.5 mg, 15 mg, 20 mg, 30 mg tablets	been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient is also on Focalin XR and the prescriber is adding a shorter acting dosage form. OR patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure on Methylin or methylphenidate. AND In addition, for approval of brand name Focalin, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to generic dexmethylphenidate.  Ritalin and Ritalin SR: patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD, or narcolepsy. AND patient has had a documented intolerance to the preferred equivalent. For Ritalin SR these are Methylin ER, Metadate ER, or methylphenidate SR. For Ritalin these are Methylin or methylphenidate.  Adderall: patient has a diagnosision of ADD, ADHD, or narcolepsy. AND patient has had a documented intolerance to the preferred generic equivalent.  Methamphetamine and Desoxyn: Given the high abuse potential of methamphetamine and Desoxyn, the patient must have a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy and have failed all preferred treatment alternatives. In addition, for approval of brand name Desoxyn, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to generic methamphetamine.  Procentra, dextroamphetamine oral solution: patient has a medical necessity for an oral liquid dosage form. (eg. Swallowing disorder). AND if the request is for Procentra, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  Zenzedi: the prescriber provides clinical rationale explaining why other generic dextroamphetamine oral tablet products are not suitable alternatives.  Evekeo: patient has a diagnosis of ADHD or narcolepsy AND the patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure of at least 3 preferred agents, including one of each two distinct chemical entity (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine, methylphenidate).



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Methylphenidate Products Oral  FOCALIN® XR (dexmethylphenidate SR 24 HR IR/ER, 50:50%)  METHYLPHENIDATE SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78%† (compare to Concerta®) (authorized generic, labeler code 00591 is only preferred form)  Oral Suspension QUILLIVANT XR® (methylphenidate IR/ER, 20:80%) (QL = 12 ml/day)  Transdermal DAYTRANA® (methylphenidate patch) (QL = 1 patch/day)  Amphetamine Products Oral  ADDERALL XR® (amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%) DEXTROAMPHETAMINE 24 hr SR† (compare to Dexedrine CR®)  VYVANSE® (lisdexamfetamine) (QL = 1 cap/day)	Aptensio®XR (methylphenidate DR 24HR IR/ER, 40:60%)  Concerta®* (methylphenidate SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78%)  Dexmethylphenidate SR 24 HR IR/ER, 50:50% † (compare to Focalin XR®)  Metadate CD® (methylphenidate CR, IR/ER, 30:70%) methylphenidate CR, IR/ER, 30:70% (compare to Metadate CD®)  METHYLPHENIDATE SA OSM IR/ER, 22:78% (compare to Concerta®) (non-authorized generic forms)  Methylphenidate SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%† (compare to Ritalin LA®)  Ritalin LA® (methylphenidateSR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50%)  Amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR, IR/ER, 50:50% † (compare to Adderall XR®)  Dexedrine CR®* (dextroamphetamine 24 hr SR)	Aptensio XR, Metadate CD, Ritalin LA, and Methylphenidate CR, Methylphenidate SR 24 HR: patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD or narcolepsy. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure on Focaline XR or Methylphenidate SR OSM. AND for approval of generic methylphenidate CR or methylphenidate SR 24 HR, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to the brand equivalent.  Concerta and non-authorized generic: patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD, or narcolepsy. AND patient has had a documented intolerance to authorized generic Methylphenidate SA OSM.  Dexedrine CR: patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD, or narcolepsy. AND patient has had a documented intolerance to the preferred generic equivalent.  Amphetamine/dextroamphetamine SR 24 HR (generic) dexmethylphenidate SR 25 HR IR/ER (generic): patient has a diagnosis of ADD, ADHD, or narcolepsy. AND patient must have a documented intolerance to the brand name equivalent.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
MISCELLANEOUS		
MISCELLINESCO		
Guanfacine ER (Intuniv®)	Modafinil (compare to Provigil <sup>®</sup> ) (not approvable for ADHD in children age ≤12) (Max days supply = 30 days)  Qty limit: 100 mg = 1.5 tablets/day;200 mg = 2 tablets/day  Maximum Daily Dose = 400 mg  Nuvigil <sup>®</sup> (armodafinil)  Qty limit: 50 mg = 2 tablets/day; 150 mg/200 mg/250 mg = 1 tablet/day  Provigil <sup>®</sup> (modafinil) (not approvable for ADHD in children age ≤12).  Qty limit: 100 mg = 1.5 tablets/day;200 mg = 2 tablets/day  Maximum Daily Dose = 400 mg (Max days supply = 30 days)  Clonidine extended release †(compare to Kapvay <sup>®</sup> )  Qty limit = 4 tabs/day  Intuniv <sup>®</sup> (guanfacine extended release) Tablet Qty limit = 1 tablet/day  Kapvay <sup>®</sup> (clonidine extended release) Tablet Qty limit = 4 tablets/day  Strattera <sup>®</sup> (atomoxetine)	Nuvigil®: Narcolepsy, excessive sleepiness associated with obstructive sleep apnea/hypopnea syndrome (adjunct to standard treatment): The patient is > 17 years old AND The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure to a CNS stimulant or has a contraindication for use of these agents (e.g. substance abuse history). Nuvigil® will not be approved for sleepiness associated with shift work sleep disorder, idiopathic hypersomnolence, excessive daytime sleepiness, fatigue associated with use of narcotic analgesics, or for ADHD (for any age patient).  Provigil®, Modafinil: Narcolepsy, Excessive sleepiness associated with obstructive sleep apnea/hypopnea syndrome (adjunct to standard treatment), fatigue associated with multiple sclerosis, fatigue associated with the treatment of depression or schizophrenia: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.)OR The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure to a CNS stimulant or has a contraindication for use of these agents (e.g. substance abuse history) AND if the request is for modafinil, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Provigil ADHD age >12: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has a documented treatment failure, due to lack of efficacy, to two longacting CNS stimulants or the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or direct contraindication (e.g. comorbid tics, moderate -to-severe anxiety, substance abuse) to one Long -acting CNS stimulant. AND The patient has had a



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Qty limit:10, 18, 25 and 40 mg = 2 capsules/day 60, 80 and 100 mg = 1 capsule/day FDA maximum recommended dose = 100 mg/day	documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Strattera® AND if the request is for modafinil, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Provigil.
	Xyrem® (sodium oxybate) oral solution Qty limit = 540 ml/30 days	Provigil®/Modafinil will not be approved for sleepiness associated with shift work sleep disorder, idiopathic hypersomnolence, excessive daytime sleepiness, fatigue associated with use of narcotic analgesics, or for ADHD in children age ≤12.  Intuniv: patient has a documented intolerance to generic guanfacine ER Kapvay, Clonidine ER: patient has a diagnosis of ADD or ADHD. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has a documented treatment failure, due to lack of efficacy, to 2 long-acting CNS stimulants (Metadate CD, Ritalin LA, Focalin XR, Adderall XR, Methylphenidate SA OSM, Vyvanse and Daytrana) OR patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or direct contraindication (e.g. comorbid tics, moderate-to-severe anxiety) to 1 long-acting CNS stimulant (Metadate CD, Ritalin LA, Focalin XR, Adderall XR, Methylphenidate SA OSM, Vyvanse or Daytrana) OR there is a question of substance abuse with the patient or family of the patient. AND the patient has been trialed on clonidine IR with at least a partial response but needs and extended duration formulation to maximize the clinical benefit. AND for approval of generic clonidine ER, patient must have had a documented intolerance to the brand equivalent.  Strattera: patient has a diagnosis of ADD or ADHD. AND patients has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has a documented treatment failure, due to lack of efficacy, to 2 long-acting CNS stimulants (Metadate CD, Ritalin LA, Focalin XR, Adderall XR, Methylphenidate SA OSM, Vyvanse and Daytrana) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or direct contraindication (e.g. comorbid tics, moderate-to-severe anxiety) to 1 long-acting CNS stimulant (Metadate CD, Ritalin LA, Focalin XR,



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	Adderall XR, Methylphenidate SA OSM, Vyvanse and Daytrana). OR there is a question of substance abuse with the patient or family of the patient OR family will choose to decline therapy if a stimulant must be trialed. OR patient's need for drug therapy is primarily in early AM and evenings in the home environment. Limitations: Kapvay dose pack not covered - prescribe multiple strengths individually.
	Grastek® ( $QL = 1$ tablet/day) Oralair® ( $QL = 1$ tablet/day) Ragwitek® ( $QL = 1$ tablet/day)	Clinical Criteria  All agents in class  • Prescriber must provide the testing to show that the patient is allergic to the components in the prescribed therapy and must provide a clinically valid rationale why single agent sublingual therapy is being chosen over subcutaneous therapy  • Treatment must start 12 weeks before expected onset of pollen season and only after confirmed by positive skin test or in vitro testing for pollen-specific IgE antibodies for short ragweed pollen (Ragwitek), timothy grass or cross-reactive grass pollens (Grastek), or any of the 5 grass species contained in Oralair  • Have an auto-injectable epinephrine on-hand  Grastek additional criteria:  • Patient age ≥5 years and ≤65 years  Oralair additional criteria:



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Ragwitek additional criteria: • Patient age ≥18 years and ≤65 years
	ALPHA1-PROTEINASE INI	HIBITORS
	Aralast NP <sup>®</sup> Glassia <sup>®</sup> Prolastin-C <sup>®</sup> Zemaira <sup>®</sup> **Maximum days supply per fill for all drugs is 14 days**	Criteria for Approval: The indication for use is treatment of alpha1 -proteinase inhibitor deficiency-associated lung disease when all of the following criteria are met: Patient's alpha1 -antitrypsin (ATT) concentration < 80 mg per dl [or < 11 micromolar] AND patient has obstructive lung disease as defined by a forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) OF 30 - 65% of predicted or a rapid decline in lung function defined as a change in FEV1 of > 120 mL/year. AND medication is being administered intravenously (inhalation administration will not be approved) AND patient is a non-smoker OR patient meets above criteria except lung function has deteriorated beneath above limits while on therapy.
ALZHEIMER'S MEDICATIONS		
CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITORS		
DONEPEZIL† (compare to Aricept <sup>®</sup> ) tablet ( $QL = 1$ tablet/day)	Aricept <sup>®</sup> (donepezil) Tablet ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ ) galantamine† tablet § (compare to Razadyne <sup>®</sup> ) Tablet galantamine ER† capsule § (compare to Razadyne	Galantamine Tablet, Galantamine ER Capsule, Razadyne Tablet, Razadyne ER Capsule: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for
EXELON <sup>®</sup> (rivastigmine) Capsule (QL = 2 capsules/day)	ER <sup>®</sup> ) Razadyne <sup>®</sup> (galantamine) Tablet Razadyne ER <sup>®</sup> (galantamine) Capsule	stabilization) OR patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to donepezil and Exelon. AND if the product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic.  Aricept: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's
SOLUTION	rivastigmine† (compare to Exelon <sup>®</sup> ) capsule	disease. AND the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.

16

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
EXELON <sup>®</sup> (rivastigmine) Oral Solution	$(QL = 2 \ capsules/day)$ Aricept <sup>®</sup> ODT (donepezil) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ Donepezil ODT † (compare to Aricept® ODT) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ galantamine† (compare to Razadyne®) Oral Solution Razadyne® (galantamine) Oral Solution	Galantamine Oral Solution, Razadyne Oral Solution: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR the patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Exelon Oral Solution. AND if the product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic.  Aricept ODT, Donepezil ODT: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND if the request is for donepezil ODT, the patient has a documented intolerance to the brand product.  Rivastigmine Oral Capsule: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Alzheimer's disease. AND patient has a documented intolerance to the brand Exelon product.
NMDA RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST		
NAMENDA <sup>®</sup> (memantine) Tablet  NAMENDA <sup>®</sup> XR (memantine ER) Oral Capsule  ( $QL = 1 \ capsule/day$ )  NAMENDA <sup>®</sup> (memantine) Oral Solution		
CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITOR/NMDA COMB	INATION	
	Namzaric <sup>®</sup> (donepezil/memantine) Capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day)	Namzaric: Clinically compelling reason why the individual ingredients of donepezil and Namenda cannot be used
	COX-2 INHIBITOR	S
Clinical PA Required CELECOXIB† (QL = 2 caps/day)	Celebrex <sup>®</sup> (celecoxib) ( $QL = 2 capsules/day$ )	<b>Celebrex:</b> patient does not have a history of a sulfonamide allergy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two or more

17

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization

(includes clinical criteria)

#### PREFERRED AGENTS NON-PREFERRED AGENTS PA CRITERIA (No PA required unless otherwise noted) (PA required) preferred generic NSAIDS and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib. OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID due to one of the following: patient is 60 years of age or older, patient has a history of GI bleed and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, patient is currently taking an anticoagulant (warfarin or heparin) and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib, and Patient is currently taking methotrexate and has had a previous trial of generic celecoxib. **ANALGESICS** MISCELLANEOUS: TRANSDERMAL PATCH **Note:** Please refer to "Analgesics: Long Acting **Lidoderm, Lidocaine Patch:** diagnosis or indication is neuropathic pain/post-Lidocaine 5% patch† (compare to Lidoderm®) (QL herpetic neuralgia AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, Narcotics" for Duragesic® and fentanyl patch = 3 patches/day)treatment failure or contraindication to 2 drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant Lidoderm<sup>®</sup> Patch (lidocaine 5 %) (QL = 3 patches/day) (TCA) class and/or anticonvulsant class AND patient has had a documented side Qutenza<sup>®</sup> Patch (capsaicin 8 %) (QL = 4 patches/90 effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lyrica, OR patient has a medical necessity for a transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take days) (Note: Please refer to Analgesics: COX IIs and oral medications), AND if the request is for generic lidocaine patch, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand product. NSAID s for topical NSAIDS) Qutenza: diagnosis or indication is post-herpetic neuralgia AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to 2 drugs in the tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) class and/or anticonvulsant class AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lyrica AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy treatment failure or contraindication to Lidoderm OR patient has a medical necessity for transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications) AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to Lidoderm.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
OPIOIDS: SHORT ACTING		
ACETAMINOPHEN W/CODEINE† (compare to Tylenol® w/codeine)  ACETAMINOPHEN W/HYDROCODONE†  (compare to Vicodin®, Lorcet®, Maxidone®, Norco®, Zydone®)  (QL 5/500 = 8 tablets/day, 10/500 = 8 tablets/day, 7.5/750 = 5 tablets/day)  ACETAMINOPHEN W/OXYCODONE†  (compare to Percocet®)  (QL 10/650 = 6 tablets/day)  ASPIRIN W/CODEINE†  ASPIRIN W/OXYCODONE† (compare to Percodan®)  BUTALBITAL COMP. W/CODEINE† (compare to Fiorinal® w/codeine)  CODEINE SULFATE†	Abstral® (fentanyl) Sublingual Tablets Acetaminophen w/codeine: all branded products Acetaminophen w/hydrocodone: all branded products (QL 5/500 = 8 tablets/day, 10/500 = 8 tablets/day, 7.5/750 = 5 tablets/day) Acetaminophen w/hydrocodone (compare to Xodol®) (QL=13 tablets/day) Acetaminophen w/oxycodone: all branded products (QL 10/650 = 6 tablets/day) Actiq® (fentanyl lozenge on a stick: 200 mcg, 400 mcg, 600 mcg, 800 mcg, 1200 mcg, 1600 mcg) Anexsia®* (acetaminophen w/hydrocodone) Butorphanol Nasal Spray† (Qty Limit = 2 bottles/month) Capital® w/codeine* (acetaminophen w/codeine) Cocet® /Cocet Plus® (acetaminophen w/codeine) Cocet® /Cocet Plus® (acetaminophen w/codeine) Cocet® /Cocet Plus® (acetaminophen w/codeine) Combunox®* (oxycodone w/ ibuprofen)	<ul> <li>Butorphanol Nasal Spray: documented site effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to codeine, hydrocodone, morphine, &amp; oxycodone (all 4 generic entities) as single or combination products. OR is unable to use tablet or liquid formulations.</li> <li>Abstral, Actiq, fentanyl transmucosal, Fentora, Lazanda, Subsys: indication of cancer breakthrough pain AND patient is opioid tolerant AND is on a long acting opioid formulation AND is 18 years of age or older (Actiq 16 years of age or older) AND prescriber is registered in the Transmucosal Immediate Release Fentanyl (TIRF) Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Access program AND member has had a documented treatment failure with or intolerance to 2 of the following 3 immediate release treatment options: morphine, hydromorphone or oxycodone. OR is unable to use tablet or liquid formulations AND if the request is for brand name Actiq, member has a documented intolerance to generic fentanyl transmucosal.</li> <li>Dilaudid - 5 Oral Solution, Hydromorphone Oral Solution: member has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with oxycodone oral solution and morphine oral solution OR has been started and stabilized on another dosage form of hydromorphone AND if the request is for the branded product, patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.</li> <li>Nucynta, Opana, Oxymorphone: member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following 3 immediate release generic short acting narcotic analgesics - morphine, hydromorphone, or</li> </ul>
DIHYDROCODEINE COMPOUND† (compare to Synalgos-DC®)	Demerol* (meperidine)	oxycodone AND if the request if for brand Opana, member has a documented intolerance to generic oxymorphone.
ENDOCET® (oxycodone w/ acetaminophen)	Dilaudid <sup>®</sup> *(hydromorphone) tablets	Oxycodone (generic) Capsules: member has a documented intolerance to generic



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ENDODAN <sup>®</sup> (oxycodone w/ aspirin)  HYDROCODONE† (plain, w/acetaminophen, or w/ibuprofen) (some exceptions apply) HYDROMORPHONE† tablets (compare to Dilaudid <sup>®</sup> )  First fill limited to 14 days' supply (Qty limit = 16 tablets/day)  MEPERIDINE† (compare to Demerol <sup>®</sup> ) (30 tabs or 5 day supply) MORPHINE SULFATE†  MORPHINE SULFATE† (compare to Roxanol <sup>®</sup> ) OXYCODONE† (plain)  First fill limited to 14 days' supply (For tablets, Qty limit = 12 tablets/day) OXYCODONE† (w/acetaminophen or w/ibuprofen)  ROXICET <sup>®</sup> (oxycodone w/ acetaminophen)  TRAMADOL† (compare to Ultram <sup>®</sup> ) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day) (Age ≥ 16)  TRAMADOL/APAP† (compare to Ultracet <sup>®</sup> ) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day) (Age ≥18)  ZAMICET† (Hydrocodone-Acetaminophen Soln 10-325 Mg/15ml)	First fill limited to 14 days' supply (Qty limit = 16 tablets/day)  Dilaudid-5 <sup>®</sup> (hydromorphone) oral solution First fill limited to 14 days' supply  fentanyl citrate transmucosal† (compare to Actiq <sup>®</sup> )  Fentora <sup>®</sup> (fentanyl citrate buccal tablets)  Fioricet <sup>®</sup> w/codeine*(butalbital/acetaminophen/caffeine/code ine)  Hydrocodone-Acetaminophen Soln 10-325 Mg/15ml  Hydromorphone† oral soln (compare to Dilaudid-5 <sup>®</sup> )  First fill limited to 14 days' supply  Ibudone <sup>®</sup> * (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen)  Lazanda <sup>®</sup> (fentanyl) Nasal Spray  Liquicet <sup>®</sup> (hydrocodone w/ acetaminophen)  Lorcet <sup>®</sup> * (also HD, PLUS) (hydrocodone w/ acetaminophen)  Lortab <sup>®</sup> *(hydrocodone w/ acetaminophen)  Magnacet <sup>®</sup> (oxycodone w/ acetaminophen)  Magnacet <sup>®</sup> (oxycodone w/ acetaminophen)  Magnacet <sup>®</sup> (hydrocodone w/ acetaminophen)  Meperidine† (Qty > 30 tabs or 5 day supply)  Norco®*(hydrocodone w/ acetaminophen)  Nucynta® (tapentadol)  Opana® (oxymorphone)	oxycodone tablets.  Oxecta: prescriber provides a clinically valid rationale why the generic immediate release oxycodone cannot be used AND member has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 other preferred short acting narcotic analgesics. NOTE: a history of substance abuse does not warrant approval of Oxeta (oxycodone IR) since a clear advantage of this product over preferred short acting opioids in this population has not been established.  Ultram, Ultracet: member has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation Rybix ODT: member has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder)  Xartemis XR: diagnosis is acute pain AND member has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 short acting opioids not requiring prior approval, one of which is oxycodone w/ apap AND prescriber must provide a compelling clinical reason why an extended release product is required for treatment of acute pain.  Other Short acting Opioids: member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 medications not requiring prior approval. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic)  PA Requests to Exceed QL for Oxycodone IR or Hydromorphone IR: if dose consolidation is not possible (i.e. use of higher strength dosage form), all requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless the medication is being prescribed for pain related to an oncology diagnosis which will be approved by the Clinical Call Center.  Limitations: APAP containing products: daily doses that result in > 4 grams of apap/day will reject for PA; Meperidine 75mg/ml injection no longer available - 25mg/ml, 50mg/ml and 100mg/ml available. Brand name Demerol 75mg/ml and 100mg/2ml not covered - no generic equivalents. Roxicodone (oxycodone) tablets not covered - product does not offer Federal rebate.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

#### Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(Qty limit = 12 capsules/day) Oxymorphone† (compare to Opana®) Panlor DC® (acetaminophen/caffeine/dihydrocodeine) Pentazocine w/acetaminophen† Pentazocine w/naloxone† Percocet®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate) Rybix® ODT (tramadol ODT) (Qty Limit = 8	PA CRITERIA
	Oxymorphone† (compare to Opana®) Panlor DC® (acetaminophen/caffeine/dihydrocodeine) Pentazocine w/acetaminophen† Pentazocine w/naloxone† Percocet®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Oxymorphone† (compare to Opana®) Panlor DC® (acetaminophen/caffeine/dihydrocodeine) Pentazocine w/acetaminophen† Pentazocine w/naloxone† Percocet®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Panlor DC® (acetaminophen/caffeine/dihydrocodeine) Pentazocine w/acetaminophen† Pentazocine w/naloxone† Percocet®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Pentazocine w/acetaminophen† Pentazocine w/naloxone† Percocet®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Pentazocine w/naloxone† Percocet®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Percocet®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen) Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Percodan®* (oxycodone w/aspirin) Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Reprexain®* (hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen) Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Roxanol®*(morphine sulfate)	
	Rybix® ODT (tramadol ODT) (Qty Limit $= 8$	
	tablets/day)	
	Subsys® (fentanyl) Sublingual Spray	
	Synalgos DC®*(dihydrocodeine compound)	
	Talwin®* (pentazocine) and branded combinations	
	Trezix® (acetaminophen/caffeine/dihydrocodeine)	
	Tylenol® #3*,#4*(acetaminophen w/codeine)	
	Tylox®*(oxycodone w/ acetaminophen)	
	Ultracet® (tramadol w/ acetaminophen) (Qty Limit = 8	
	tablets/day)	
	Ultram®* (tramadol) (Qty Limit = 8 tablets/day)	
	Vicodin®*(hydrocodone w/acetaminophen)	
	Vicoprofen®*(hydrocodone w/ ibuprofen)	
	Xartemis XR® (oxycodone w/acetaminophen) (Qty	
	Limit = 4 tablets/day)	
	Xodol® (hydrocodone w/acetaminophen)	
	Xolox® (oxycodone w/ acetaminophen)	
	Motores (oxycodone w/ acctaninophen)	
	Zydone®*(hydrocodone w/acetaminophen)	



(QL=2 capsules/day)

#### **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

**EFFECTIVE** Version Updated: 02/09/16

daily dose does not exceed 30mg AND for approval of brand Dolophine tablets,

the patient must have a documented intolerance to the equivalent generic tablet.

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
TRANSDERMAL  Butrans (buprenorphine) Transdermal System  (QL = 2 patches/14 days) (Maximum 14 day fill)  Fentanyl  FENTANYL PATCH† (compare to Duragesic®)  12 mcg/hr, 25 mcg/hr, 50 mcg/hr (QL=15 patches/30 days)  FENTANYL PATCH† (compare to Duragesic®)  75 mcg/hr, 100 mcg/hr (QL=30 patches/30 days)  ORAL  Buprenorphine All products require PA.  Hydromorphone All products require PA.  Methadone All products require PA  Morphine  MORPHINE SULFATE CR 12 hr† tablet (compare to MS Contin®, formerly Oramorph SR®) (QL=90 tablets/strength/30 days)	**Maximum initial daily dose all products = 30 mg/day**	CLINICAL CONSIDERATIONS: Long acting opioid dosage forms are intended for use in opioid tolerant patients only. These tablet/capsule/topical medication strengths may cause fatal respiratory depression when administered to patients not previously exposed to opioids. LA opioids should be prescribed for patients with a diagnosis or condition that requires a continuous, around-the-clock analgesic. LA opioids should be reserved for use in patients for whom alternative treatment options (e.g., non-opioid analgesics or immediate-release opioids) are ineffective, not tolerated, or would be otherwise inadequate to provide sufficient management of pain. LA opioids are NOT intended for use a 'prn' analgesic. LA opioids are NOT indicated for pain in the immediate post-operative period (the first 12-24 hours following surgery) or if the pain is mild, or not expected to persist for an extended period of time. LA opioids are not intended to be used in a dosage frequency other than FDA approved regimens. Patients should not be using other extended release opioids prescribed by another physician. Prescribers should consult the VPMS (Vermont Prescription Monitoring System) to review a patient's Schedule II - IV medication use before prescribing long acting opioids.  Brand Duragesic Fentanyl Patches: patient has a diagnosis of severe pain that requires daily, around-the-clock, long-term treatment and for which alternative treatment options are inadequate AND the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fentanyl patches.  Methadone Tablet: Patient has a diagnosis of severe pain that requires daily, around-the-clock, long-term opioid treatment and for which alternative treatment options are inadequate. (Note: Methadone products, when used for treatment opioid addiction in detoxification or maintenance programs, shall be dispensed ONLY by certified opioid treatment programs as stipulated in 42 CFR 8.12,
Embeda <sup>®</sup> (morphine sulfate/naltrexone hydrochloride) Capsules	Avinza <sup>®</sup> (morphine sulfate beads SR 24hr) Capsules (QL= 30 capsules/strength/30 days)	NOT retail pharmacy) AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, of treatment failure to morphine sulfate CR 12 hr tablets AND the initial methador daily dose does not exceed 30mg AND for approval of brand Dolophine tablets

Kadian<sup>®</sup> (morphine sulfate XR) (QL = 60

22

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Tramadol All products require PA.	capsules/strength/30 days)  MS Contin <sup>®</sup> * (morphine sulfate CR 12 hr) Tablets (QL=90 tablets/strength/30 days)  Morphine sulfate SR 24hr† capsule (compare to Kadian <sup>®</sup> ) (QL= 60 capsules/strength/30 days)  Morphine sulfate SR beads 24hr† capsule (compare to Avinza <sup>®</sup> ) (QL= 30 capsules/strength/30 days)  Oxycodone ER† (compare to OxyContin <sup>®</sup> ) (QL= 90 tablets/strength/30 days)  OxyContin <sup>®</sup> (Oxycodone ER) (QL= 90 tablets/strength/30 days)  Opana ER <sup>®</sup> (oxymorphone ER) (crush resistant) (QL=60 tablets/strength/30 days)  Oxymorphone ER (QL=60 tablets/strength/30 days)  Nucynta ER <sup>®</sup> (tapentadol ER) (QL=2 tablets/day)  Conzip <sup>®</sup> (tramadol ER biphasic release) Capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day)  Tramadol SR† (compare to Ultram ER <sup>®</sup> ) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)  Tramadol ER biphasic-release <sup>®</sup> Capsule (Qty Limit = 1 capsule/day)(150 mg strength)  Tramadol ER biphasic-release† tablet (formerly Ryzolt <sup>®</sup> ) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Methadone Liquid: patient has a diagnosis of severe pain that requires daily, around-the-clock, long-term opioid treatment and for which alternative treatment options are inadequate. (Note: Methadone products, when used for treatment of opioid addiction in detoxification or maintenance programs, shall be dispensed ONLY by certified opioid treatment programs as stipulated in 42 CFR 8.12, NOT retail pharmacy) AND the patient has been started and stabilized on the requested oral liquid medication OR patient has a diagnosis of severe pain that requires daily, around-the-clock, long-term opioid treatment and for which alternative treatment options are inadequate. (Note: Methadone products, when used for treatment of opioid addiction in detoxification or maintenance programs, shall be dispensed ONLY by certified opioid treatment programs as stipulated in 42 CFR 8.12, NOT retail pharmacy) AND the initial methadone daily dose does not exceed 30mg AND the patient must have a medical necessity for an oral liquid (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications).  Conzip, Tramadol ER biphasic-release Capsule, Tramadol ER biphasic-release Tablet, Tramadol ER/SR, Ultram ER: member has had a documented treatment failure to a preferred short-acting tramadol product. In addition, for approval of tramadol ER biphasic-release capsule or tablet or Ultram ER, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic tramadol ER/SR.  Oral Non-Preferred (except methadone & tramadol containing products): patient has a diagnosis of severe pain that requires daily, around-the-clock, long-term opioid treatment and for which alternative treatment options are inadequate AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to morphine sulfate CR 12hr tablet (generic) AND generic fentanyl patch. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic). NOTE: A history of substance abuse does not warrant approval of Opana ER (crush resistant) since a clear advantage of this p



## **Department of Vermont Health Access**

**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

**Pharmacy Benefit Management Program** 

#### **Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)  Ultram ER® (tramadol SR 24 hr) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)  Hysingla ER® w/abuse deterrent properties (hydrocodone bitartrate) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	PA CRITERIA  Limitations: Methadone 40mg dispersible tablet not approved for retail dispensing.  Methadone 2mg/ml oral solution not covered - use 1mg/ml generic oral solution.  Opana ER (crush resistant): a history of substance abuse does not warrant approval of Opana ER (crush resistant) since a clear advantage of this product over preferred long-acting opioids in this population has not been established.
Hydrocodone All products require PA.  NSAIDS	Zohydro ER <sup>®</sup> (hydrocodone bitartrate)	over presented tong accing opioids in this population has not been established.
ORAL SINGLE AGENT ADVIL DICLOFENAC POTASSIUM† (compare to Cataflam®) DICLOFENAC SODIUM† (compare to Voltaren®) ETODOLAC† (formerly Lodine®) ETODOLAC ER† FLURBIPROFEN† (compare to Ansaid®) IBUPROFEN† (compare to Motrin®)  INDOMETHACIN†(formerly Indocin®, Indocin SR®) INDOMETHACIN ER†	Anaprox <sup>®</sup> * (naproxen sodium) Anaprox DS <sup>®</sup> * (naproxen sodium) Ansaid <sup>®</sup> * (flurbriprofen) Cambia <sup>®</sup> (diclofenac potassium) packet for oral solution (QL = 9 packets/month)) Cataflam <sup>®</sup> * (diclofenac potassium) Daypro <sup>®</sup> * (oxaprozin) EC-Naprosyn <sup>®</sup> * (naproxen sodium enteric coated) Feldene <sup>®</sup> * (piroxicam) Fenoprofen† 600 mg tab (formerly Nalfon <sup>®</sup> ) Indocin <sup>®</sup> * (indomethacin) suspension , suppository mefenamic acid† capsules (compare to Ponstel <sup>®</sup> ) meloxicam suspension	<ul> <li>Arthrotec, diclofenac/misoprostol, Duexis: patient has a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID mono-therapy due to one of the following: patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately AND if the request is for brand Arthrotec, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.</li> <li>Cambia: drug is being prescribed for treatment of acute migraine attacks AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, one of which must be generic diclofenac OR drug is being prescribed for treatment of acute migraine attacks AND patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with the generic ibuprofen suspension and the generic naproxen suspension.</li> <li>Flector Patch, Pennsaid, Diclofenac 1.5% Topical Solution: diagnosis or</li> </ul>



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
KETOPROFEN† KETOPROFEN ER† KETOROLAC† (formerly Toradol®) (QL = 20 doses/5 day supply every 90 days) MECLOFENAMATE SODIUM† (formerly Meclomen®) MELOXICAM† tabs (compare to Mobic®) NABUMETONE† (formerly Relafen®) NAPROXEN† (compare to Naprosyn®) NAPROXEN ENTERIC COATED† (compare to ECNaprosyn®) NAPROXEN SODIUM† (compare to Anaprox®, Anaprox DS®, Naprelan®)  OXAPROZIN† (compare to Daypro®) PIROXICAM† (compare to Feldene®) SULINDAC† (compare to Clinoril®) TOLMETIN SODIUM† (formerly Tolectin®)	Mobic® (meloxicam) suspension  Mobic®* (meloxicam) tablets  Nalfon® (fenoprofen) 400 mg capsules  Naprelan®* (naproxen sodium)  Naprosyn®* (naproxen sodium)  Ponstel® (mefenamic acid)  Tivorbex (indomethacin) capsules (QL=3 caps/day)  Voltaren XR®* (diclofenac sodium SR)  Zipsor® (diclofenac potassium)  Zorvolex® (diclofenac) Capsules  (QL = 3 capsules/day)  Sprix® (ketorolac) Nasal Spray  (QL = 5 bottles/5 days – once every 90 days)  diclofenac† (compare to Pennsaid®) 1.5 % Topical  Solution  Flector® (diclofenac) 1.3 % Patch (QL = 2	indication is osteoarthritis or acute pain caused by minor strains, sprains, and contusions AND patient has had a documented side effect or inadequate response to Voltaren gel OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generic NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate OR patient has a documented medical necessity for a topical/transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medications), AND for approval of Pennsaid 1.5%, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  Sprix: indication or diagnosis is moderate to moderately severe pain. AND patient has had a documented inadequate response or intolerance to generic ketorolac tablets. OR patient has a documented medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to take medication orally (NPO)).  Tivorbex: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4 or more preferred generic NSAIDs, including generic indomethacin.  Voltaren Gel: diagnosis or indication is osteoarthritis or acute pain caused by minor strains, sprains, and contusions. AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least 2 preferred generic NSAIDs. OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a preferred generis NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate OR patient has a documented medical necessity for a topical/transdermal formulation (ex. dysphagia, inability to take oral medication)  Vimovo: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDs OR patient is not a candidate for therapy with a
INJECTABLE  KETOROLAC † Injection (formerly Toradol <sup>®</sup> ) ( $QL = 1 \ dose \ per \ fill$ )  NASAL SPRAY	patches/day) Pennsaid® (diclofenac) 1.5 % or 2% Topical Solution Voltaren® (diclofenac) 1 % Gel Arthrotec® (diclofenac sodium w/misoprostol) diclofenac sodium w/misoprostol† (compare to	preferred generis NSAID due to one of the following: Patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate AND patient is unable to take naproxen and a preferred proton pump inhibitor, separately.  Zipsor, Zorvolex: patient has had a documented intolerance to diclofenac tablets.  AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 4



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
All products require PA.  TRANSDERMAL All products require PA.  NSAID/ANTI-ULCER All products require PA.  Note: Please refer to "Dermatological: Actinic Keratosis Therapy" for Solaraze®	Arthrotec <sup>®</sup> )  Duexis <sup>®</sup> (ibuprofen/famotidine)  ( $QL = 3 \text{ tablets/day}$ )  Vimovo <sup>®</sup> (naproxen/esomeprazole)  ( $QL = 2 \text{ tablets/day}$ )	or more preferred generic NSAIDs.  All other PA requiring NSAIDs: patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure or 2 or more preferred generic NSAIDS. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)

	ANEMIA: HEMATOPOIETIC/ERYTHR	ROPOIETIC AGENTS
PREFRRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET  ARANESP® (darbepoetin alfa) PROCRIT® (epoetin alpha)	Epogen <sup>®</sup> (epoetin alpha) Mircera <sup>®</sup> (methoxypolyethylene glycol-epoetin beta)	Aranesp, Procrit: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is anemia due to one of the following: Chronic kidney disease/renal failure, Post-renal transplant, Use of zidovudine for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (other causes of anemia, such as iron/folate/vitamin B12 deficiency have been eliminated), Surgery patients at high risk for perioperative blood loss, Cancer chemotherapy, Use of ribavirin or interferon therapy for Hepatitis C, Myelodysplastic syndrome. Hemoglobin level at initiation of therapy is <10 g/dL OR for patients currently maintained on therapy, hemoglobin leven is < 11 g/dL in dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, < 10 g/dL in non-dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, or < 12 g/dL in patients treated for other indications  Epogen: diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is anemia due to one
		26



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		of the following: Chronic kidney disease/renal failure, Post-renal transplant, Use of zidovudine for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (other causes of anemia, such as iron/folate/vitamin B12 deficiency have been eliminated), Surgery patients at high risk for perioperative blood loss, Cancer chemotherapy, Use of ribavirin or interferon therapy for Hepatitis C, Myelodysplastic syndrome. Hemoglobin level at initiation of therapy is <10 g/dL OR for patients currently maintained on therapy, hemoglobin leven is < 11 g/dL in dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, < 10 g/dL in non-dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, or < 12 g/dL in patients treated for other indications. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both Aranesp and Procrit.  Mircera: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is anemia due to chronic kidney disease/renal failure AND Hemoglobin level at initiation of therapy is <10g/dl OR For patients currently maintained on therapy, hemoglobin level is ≤11 g/dL in dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, ≤10 g/dL in non-dialysis patients with chronic kidney disease, or ≤12 g/dL in patients treated for other indications AND The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both Aranesp and Procrit
	ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS	· INIECTABLES
		·
	Iumira® and Simponi®) must be obtained through tial PA 3 months; 12 months thereafter	Specialty Pharmacy Provider,
PREFERRED AGENTS AFTER	Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol)	Humira: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already
CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	(Quantity limit = $1 \text{ kit/}28 \text{ days (starter } X \text{ 1, then }$	been stabilized on Humira. OR patient has a confirmed diagnosis of AS, and
ENBREL® (etanercept)	regular))	conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. Notes: Approval should be granted in cases where patients have been
$Qty\ Limit = 4\ syringes/28\ days(50\ mg),\ 8$	Remicade <sup>®</sup> (infliximab)	trica. Protes. Approval should be grained in cases where patients have been



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
syringes/28 days (25 mg)  HUMIRA <sup>®</sup> (adalimumab)  Qty Limit = 2 syringes/28 days	Simponi <sup>®</sup> (golimumab) Subcutaneous  Qty Limit = 1 of 50 mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector/28 days)	Enbrel: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Enbrel. OR diagnosis is AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried.  Cimzia: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Cimzial OR diagnosis is AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.  Remicade: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Remicade. OR diagnosis is AS, and conventional NSAID treatment and DMARD therapy (e.g. methotrexate therapy) resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried. AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.
		Simponi: patient has a diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and has already been stabilized on Simponi. OR patient age > 18 years. AND diagnosis is AS, and patient has documentation of an inadequate response, adverse reaction or allergic response to methotrexate, or if methotrexate is contraindicated, at least 1 DMARD (other DMARDs include leflunomide, sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine) AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.  * Patients with documented diagnosis of active axial involvement should have a trial



DDEEEDDED ACENTS

## **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

NON PREFERRED AGENTS

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	with two NSAIDs, but a trial with DMARD is not required. If no active axial skeletal involvement, then NSAID trial and a DMARD trial are required (unless otherwise contraindicated) prior to receiving Humira, Cimzia, Enbrel, Remicade, or Simponi.
ANTI-ANXIETY: ANXIO	LYTICS
alprazolam† (compare to Xanax $^{\textcircled{l}}$ ) $(QL = 4 \ tablets/day)$ alprazolam ER†, alprazolam XR $^{\textcircled{l}}$ (compare to Xanax XR $^{\textcircled{l}}$ ) $(QL = 2 \ tablets/day)$ alprazolam ODT† (compare to Niravam $^{\textcircled{l}}$ ) $(QL = 3 \ tablets/day)$ Alprazolam Intensol $^{\textcircled{l}}$ (alprazolam concentrate) Ativan $^{\textcircled{l}}$ * (lorazepam) $(QL = 4 \ tablets/day)$	Non-preferred Benzodiazepines (except for alprazolam ODT, Klonopin Wafers, Niravam & Intensol Products): patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 preferred benzodiazepine medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must also be a trial of the generic formulation)  Alprazolam ODT and Niravam: patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 preferred benzodiazepine medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must also be a trial of the generic formulation). OR patient has a medical necessity for disintegrating tablet administration (i.e. inability to swallow tablets) AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to clonazepam ODT.  Alprazolam Intensol, Diazepam Intensol, and Lorazepam Intensol: patient has a medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder). AND
Diazepam Intensol® (diazepam concentrate)  Klonopin®* (clonazepam)	the medication cannot be administered by crushing oral tablets.
	(PA required)  ANTI-ANXIETY: ANXIO  alprazolam† (compare to Xanax®) $(QL = 4 \text{ tablets/day})$ alprazolam ER†, alprazolam XR® (compare to Xanax XR®) $(QL = 2 \text{ tablets/day})$ alprazolam ODT† (compare to Niravam®) $(QL = 3 \text{ tablets/day})$ Alprazolam Intensol® (alprazolam concentrate)  Ativan®* (lorazepam) $(QL = 4 \text{ tablets/day})$ Diazepam Intensol® (diazepam concentrate)



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Lorazepam Intensol® (lorazepam concentrate)  Niravam® (alprazolam ODT) $(QL = 3 \ tablets/day)$ Tranxene T®* (clorazepate tablets)  Valium®* (diazepam)  Xanax® (alprazolam) $(QL = 4 \ tablets/day)$ Xanax XR® (alprazolam XR) $(QL = 2 \ tablets/day)$	
NON-BENZODIAZEPINE		
BUSPIRONE† (formerly Buspar <sup>®</sup> ) HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE† (formerly Atarax <sup>®</sup> )	Hydroxyzine Pamoate† (100 mg strength ONLY) (compare to Vistaril®) Vistaril®* (hydroxyzine pamoate)	Hydroxyzine Pamote 100mg strength ONLY: patient is unable to use generic 50mg capsules  Vistaril: patient has a documented intolerance to the generic formulation.  PA Requests to Exceed QL: all requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless (a) the medication is being prescribed for acute
HYDROXYZINE PAMOATE† (compare to Vistarii <sup>®</sup> ) (all strengths except 100 mg) MEPROBAMATE† (formerly Miltown <sup>®</sup> )		alcohol withdrawal for a maximum 10 day supply or (b) the patient has been started and stabilized on the requested quantity for treatment of a seizure disorder.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANITY CO A CAVA ANIT	
	ANTICOAGULANT	5
ORAL		
<b>Vitamin K Antagonist</b> WARFARIN † (compare to Coumadin <sup>®</sup> )	Coumadin <sup>®</sup> * (warfarin)	<b>Coumadin:</b> patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented intolerance to generic warfarin.
Direct Thrombin Inhibitor Pradaxa® (dabigatran etexilate) (Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day)	Savaysa® (edoxaban) (Quantity limits=1 tablet/daily	Savaysa: Diagnosis or indication is nonvalvular atrial fibrillation or the indication is treatment of DVT or PE following 5-10 days of parenteral anticoagulation or the indication is reduction of risk of recurrent DVT or PE following initial therapy AND creatinine clearance is documented to be < 95 ml/min AND prescriber has provided another clinically valid reason why generic warfarin, Pradaxa, Xarelto or Eliquis cannot be used. A yearly creatinine clearance is required with renewal of PA request
Factor Xa Inhibitor  Eliquis® (apixaban) (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day) (Quantity limit 5mg = 4 tablets/day for 7 days if indication is treatment of DVT or PE)(followed by 5 mg twice daily)  XARELTO® (rivaroxaban) (10mg- Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day, maximum 30 day supply to complete		



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
total 35 days/every 180 days) (15m & 20mg -Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day) (Quantity limit 15 mg = 2 tablets/day for 21 days if indication is treatment of DVT or PE) (followed by 20mg once daily)  Starter Pack (15 mg/20 mg) (Quantity Limit = 51 tablets/30 days)		
INJECTABLE		
UNFRACTIONATED HEPARIN INJECTABLE HEPARIN†  LOW MOLECULAR WEIGHT HEPARINS INJECTABLE Enoxaparin † (compare to Lovenox®) (QL = 2 syringes/day calculated in ml volume) FRAGMIN® (dalteparin)	n/a  LOVENOX <sup>®</sup> (enoxaparin) (QL = 2 syringes/day calculated in ml volume)  Innohep <sup>®</sup> (tinzaparin)	Arixtra: patient has a documented intolerance to generic fondaparinux.  Lovenox: patient has a documented intolerance to generic enoxaparin  Innohep: diagnosis is treatment of acute, symptomatic deep vein thrombosis (DVT) with or without pulmonary embolism, administered in conjunction with warfarin sodium AND patient does not have a bleeding disorder or documented heparininduced thrombocytopenia (HIT) AND prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why one of Lovenox, Fragmin, or fondaparinux cannot be used OR patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication in conjunction with warfarin
SELECTIVE FACTOR XA INHIBITOR INJECTABLE  FONDAPARINUX† (compare to Arixtra®)	Arixtra <sup>®*</sup> (fondaparinux)	



ETHOSUXAMIDE† (compare to Zarontin®)

#### **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

**EFFECTIVE** Version

Updated: 02/09/16

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PA CRITERIA

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	P.
	ANTECONINTECANT	тс
	ANTICONVULSAN'	13
ORAL		
CARBAMAZEPINE† (compare to Tegretol®)	Aptiom <sup>®</sup> (eslicarbazepine acetate) $QL = 1 \frac{\text{tab/day}}{200,400 \text{ and } 800 \text{ mg}} \text{ and } 2 \frac{\text{tabs/day}}{200,400 \text{ and } 800 \text{ mg}}$	D
CARBAMAZEPINE extended release † (compare to Tegretol XR <sup>®</sup> )	(600  mg) Banzel <sup>®</sup> (rufinamide)	
CARBATROL <sup>®</sup> (carbamazepine)	QL = 8  tabs/day  (400  mg)  and  16  tabs/day  (200  mg)	
CELONTIN <sup>®</sup> (methsuxamide)	Banzel <sup>®</sup> (rufinamide) oral suspension $QL = 80 \text{ ml/day} (3,200 \text{ mg/day})$	В
CLONAZEPAM† (compare to Klonopin <sup>®</sup> ) $QL = 4 \text{ tablets/day}$	Depakene <sup>®</sup> * (valproic acid)	
CLONAZEPAM ODT† (formerly Klonopin Wafers <sup>®</sup> ) QL = 4  tablets/day	Depakote <sup>®</sup> * (divalproex sodium)	
CHLORAZEPATE† (compare to Tranxene-T®) Tablets	Depakote ER <sup>®*</sup> (divalproex sodium) divalproex sodium capsules † (compare to Depakote	F
DEPAKOTE SPRINKLES® (divalproex sodium caps)	Sprinkles <sup>®</sup> )	
DIAZEPAM† (compare to Valium®)	felbamate† (compare to Felbatol®)	
DILANTIN <sup>®</sup> (phenytoin)	Felbatol <sup>®</sup> (felbamate)	
DIVALPROEX SODIUM † (compare to Depakote®)	Fycompa <sup>®</sup> (perampanel) tablets $QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$	
DIVALPROEX SODIUM ER† (compare to Depakote	Keppra <sup>®*</sup> (levetiracetam) tablets, oral solution	
ER <sup>®</sup> ) EPITOL† (carbamazepine)	Keppra XR <sup>®</sup> (levetiracetam extended release)	
Li i i OL (Carbaniazepine)		n

Klonopin<sup>®</sup>\* (clonazepam)

OL = 4 tablets/day

Depakene, Depakote, Depakote ER, Keppra tabs or oral solution, Klonopin, Klonopin Wafers, Lamictal tabs or chew tabs, Mysline, Neurontin caps, tabs, sol, Tegretol XR (200mg & 400mg), Topamax tabs, Topamax sprinkles, Trileptal tabs, Zarontin, Zonegran: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent of the requested medication.

Benzel: diagnosis or indication is treatment of Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants used for the treatment of Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (topiramate, lamotrigine, valproic acid) AND for approval of the oral suspension, patient must be unable to use Benzel tabs (i.e. swallowing disorder)

Felbamate, Felbatol: patient information/consent describing aplastic anemia and liver injury has been completed AND patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). Additionally, if brand is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures or Lennox-Gastaut seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least THREE preferred anticonvulsants. Additionally, if brand is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic

Divalproex sodium capsules (sprinkles) and tiagabine generic: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

#### **Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
GABAPENTIN† 100 mg, 300 mg, 400 mg capsules, 600 mg, 800 mg tablets, 250 mg/5 ml oral solution (compare to Neurontin <sup>®</sup> )  GABITRIL <sup>®</sup> (tiagabine)  LAMOTRIGINE† chew tabs (compare to Lamictal <sup>®</sup> chew tabs)	Lamictal <sup>®*</sup> tabs (lamotrigine tabs)  Lamictal <sup>®*</sup> chew tabs (lamotrigine chew tabs)  Lamictal ODT <sup>®</sup> (lamorigine orally disintegrating tablets)  Lamictal XR <sup>®</sup> tablets (lamotrigine extended release)  lamotrigine ER† (compare to Lamictal XR <sup>®</sup> )	considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand name product.  Keppra XR, Lamictal XR, lamotrigine ER, levetiracetam ER, Oxtellar XR: patient has been unable to be compliant with or tolerate twice daily dosing of the immediate release product. Additionally, if brand Keppra XR or Lamictal XR is requested, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.  Lamictal ODT: medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND lamotrigine chewable tabs cannot be used.
LAMOTRIGINE† tabs (compare to Lamictal <sup>®</sup> tabs)  LEVETIRACETAM† tabs (compare to Keppra <sup>®</sup> tabs)  LEVETIRACETAM† oral soln (compare to Keppra <sup>®</sup> oral soln)  OXCARBAZEPINE† tablets (compare to Trileptal <sup>®</sup> )  Oxcarbazepine † oral suspension (compare to Trileptal <sup>®</sup> )  PEGANONE <sup>®</sup> (ethotoin)  PHENYTEK <sup>®</sup> (phenytoin)  PHENYTOIN† (compare to Dilantin <sup>®</sup> )  PHENYTOIN EX† cap (compare to Phenytek <sup>®</sup> )  PRIMIDONE† (compare to Mysoline <sup>®</sup> )	levetiracetam ER† (compare to Keppra XR®)  Lyrica® (pregabalin) \$ cap (Quantity Limit = 3 capsules/day)  Lyrica® (pregabalin) oral solution  Mysoline®* (primidone)  Neurontin®* (gabapentin) capsules, tablets and solution  Onfi® (clobazam) Oral Suspension 2.5 mg/ml (Quantity limit = 16 ml/day)  Onfi® (clobazam) Tablets (Quantity Limit = 3 tabs/day (10 mg), 2 tabs/day (20 mg))  Oxtellar® XR (oxcarbazapine ER) tablet  Potiga® (ezogabine) tablets	Lyrica caps, Lyrica oral solution: patient has a diagnosis of epilepsy OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Savella, if medication is being used for fibromyalgia. (This indication not processed via automated step therapy). OR if the diagnosis is for post-herpetic neuralgia or neuropathic pain, there is a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: tricyclic antidepressant, gabapentin, or SNRI, AND if the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Lyrica capsules (i.e. swallowing disorder)  Onfi: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis or indication is adjunctive treatment of Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants used for the treatment of Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (topiramate, lamotrigine, valproic acid) OR diagnosis or indication is adjunctive treatment of refractory epilepsy (may
TEGRETOL XR <sup>®</sup> (carbamazepine) 100 mg ONLY TOPIRAMATE ER TOPIRAMATE† tabs (compare to Topamax <sup>®</sup> tabs) TOPIRAMATE† sprinkle caps (compare to Topamax <sup>®</sup> Sprinkles)	(Quantity limit = 9 tablets/day (50mg), 3 tablets/day (all others)  Qudexy® XR (topiramate) capsules  Sabril® (vigabatrin)  Tegretol®* (carbamazepine)	include different types of epilepsy) AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least THREE preferred anticonvulsants.  Fycompa, Potiga: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis is adjunctive therapy or partial-onset seizures OR



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
VALPROIC ACID† (compare to Depakene <sup>®</sup> ) ZONISAMIDE† (compare to Zonegran <sup>®</sup> )	Tegretol XR <sup>®</sup> (carbamazepine) (200 and 400 mg strengths)  tiagabine† (compare to Gabitril <sup>®</sup> )  Topamax <sup>®*</sup> (topiramate) tablets  Topamax <sup>®*</sup> (topiramate) Sprinkle Capsules  Tranxene-T <sup>®*</sup> (clorazepate) tablets  Trileptal <sup>®*</sup> tablets (oxcarbazepine)  TRILEPTAL <sup>®</sup> oral suspension (oxcarbazepine)  Trokendi XR <sup>®</sup> (topiramate SR 24hr) Capsules  (Quantity limit = 2 caps/day (200mg), 1 cap/day all others)  Valium <sup>®*</sup> (diazepam)  Vimpat <sup>®</sup> (lacosamide) tablets, oral solution  Zarontin <sup>®</sup> * (ethosuxamide)  Zonegran <sup>®</sup> * (zonisamide)	diagnosis is adjunctive therapy for primary generalized tonic-clonic seizures (Fycompa only) AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, inadequate response, or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants. Sabril: prescriber and patient are registered with the SHARE program AND diagnosis is infantile spasms OR patient is > 16 years old and the indication is adjunctive therapy in refractory complex partial seizures and failure of THREE other preferred anticonvulsants.  Trileptal oral suspension: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product.  Trokendi XR, Qudexy XR: patient has failed treatment with topiramate ER  Vimpat: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR diagnosis is monotherapy adjunctive therapy of partial-onset seizures and the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response or a contraindication to at least TWO preferred anticonvulsants AND if the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Vimpat tables (eg. swallowing disorder).  PA Requests to Exceed QL for clonazepam/clonazepam ODT or Klonopin: all requests will be referred to the DVHA Medical Director for review unless the patient has been started and stabilized on the requested quantity for treatment of a seizure disorder.
RECTAL		
DIASTAT <sup>®</sup> (diazepam rectal gel)	Diazepam rectal gel	<b>Diazepam Rectal Gel:</b> patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR patient has had a documented intolerance to Diastat rectal gel.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANTIDEPRESSANT	r'S
MAO INHIBITORS - Length of Authorization: Dur	ration of Need for Mental Health Indications	
PHENELZINE SULFATE (compare to Nardil <sup>®</sup> )  FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/day  TRANYLCYPROMINE (compare to Parnate <sup>®</sup> )  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day	EMSAM <sup>®</sup> (selegiline) ( $QL = 1 \ patch/day$ ) Marplan <sup>®</sup> (isocarboxazid) Nardil <sup>®*</sup> (phenylzine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/day	Marplan: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to phenelzine and translcypromine.
	Parnate <sup>®</sup> * (tranylcypromine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day	<ul> <li>Nardil, Parnate: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic equivalent product.</li> <li>EMSAM: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least 3 antidepressants from 2 of the major antidepressants classes (Miscellaneous, SNRIs, SSRIs, and Tricyclic Antidepressants). OR patient is unable to tolerate oral medication.</li> <li>Limitations: Chlordiazepoxide/amitriptyline and amitriptyline/perphenazine combinations are not covered. Generic agents may be prescribed separately.</li> </ul>
MISCELLANEOUS - Length of Authorization: Du	ration of Need for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year t	for Other Indications
BUDEPRION <sup>®</sup> SR/BUPROPION SR† (compare to Wellbutrin SR <sup>®</sup> ) <i>FDA maximum recommended dose</i> = 400mg/day BUDEPRION XL/BUPROPION XL† (compare to	Aplenzin <sup>®</sup> (bupropion hydrobromide) ER tablets Quantity Limit = $I$ tablet/day Brintellix® (vortioxetine) Tablet Quantity Limit = $I$ tablet/day Forfivo XL <sup>®</sup> (bupropion SR 24hr) 450 mg tablet	Aplenzin: The patient has had a documented inadequate response to Budeprion XL/bupropion XL AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or in adequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred)  Forfivo XL: The patient is unable to take the equivalent dose as generic bupropion



**EFFECTIVE** Version Updated: 02/09/16

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Wellbutrin XL®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day  BUPROPION† (compare to Wellbutrin®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day  MAPROTILINE† (formerly Ludiomil®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day  MIRTAZAPINE† (compare to Remeron®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day  MIRTAZAPINE RDT† (compare to Remeron Sol-Tab®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day  NEFAZODONE† (formerly Serzone®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/day  TRAZODONE HCL† (formerly Desyrel®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/day	FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Oleptro® (trazodone) ER tablets Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day (150 mg) or 1 tablet/day (300 mg) Remeron®* (mirtazapine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day Remeron Sol Tab®* (mirtazapine RDT) FDA maximum recommended dose = 45 mg/day  Viibryd® (vilazodone) Tablet Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day Wellbutrin®* (bupropion) FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day Wellbutrin SR®* (bupropion SR) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400mg/day Wellbutrin XL®* (bupropion XL) FDA maximum recommended dose = 450 mg/day	<ul> <li>XL</li> <li>Oleptro: The diagnosis for use is MDD (major depressive disorder). AND The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has a documented treatment failure/inadequate response to immediate release trazodone.</li> <li>Remeron, Remeron SolTab, Wellbutrin, Wellbutrin SR, and Wellbutrin XL: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the requested medication.</li> <li>Brintellix, Viibryd: The diagnosis or indication is MDD AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response (defined by at least 4 weeks of therapy) to at least 3 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI, and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred). Document clinically compelling information supporting the choice of a non-preferred agent on a General Prior Authorization Form. After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims information will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and clinical criteria.</li> </ul>
SNRI - Length of Authorization: Duration of Need	for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year for Other Indica	ations
VENLAFAXINE ER† capsule (compare to Effexor XR®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg)	Cymbalta <sup>®</sup> (duloxetine) Capsule  FDA maximum recommended dose = 120  mg/day(MDD and GAD), 60 mg/day all others  Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day  Desvenlafax ER (desvenlafaxine fumarate SR 24hr)	Venlafaxine IR: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories (may be preferred or non-preferred).  Venlafaving ER tablet (generic) Venlafaving ER tablet (brand). Effevor XR

37

Venlafaxine ER tablet (generic), Venlafaxine ER tablet (brand), Effexor XR



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Tablet  FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only)  Desvenlafaxine ER® (desvenlafaxine base SR)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only)  Duloxetine† (compare to Cymbalta®) Capsule  FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 g/day(MDD and GAD), 60 mg/day all others Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day  Effexor XR® (venlafaxine XR) capsule  FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg)  Fetzima® (levomilnacipran ER) capsule  FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day  Fetzima® (levomilnacipran ER) capsule titration pack (QL = 1 pack per lifetime)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 120 mg/day Irenka 40mg (duloxetine) capsules FD maximum  recommended dose = 120g/day (MDD and GAD), 60mg/day all others, QL = 2 caps/day.  Khedezla® (desvenlafaxine base SR)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only)  Pristiq® § (desvenlafaxine succinate SR)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only)	Capsule (brand): The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic venlafaxiner ER caps.  Fetzima, Pristiq: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The diagnosis or indication is Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 3(three) different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI, TCA and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories, one of which must be Venlafaxine ER capsule (may be preferred or non-preferred).  Desvenlafaxine ER, Khedezla: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories, one of which must be venlafaxine ER capsule (may be preferred or non-preferred) AND The patient has had a documented intolerance with Pristiq.  Duloxetine:  Depression: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least 2 different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories, one of which must be venlafaxine ER capsule (may be preferred or non-preferred).  Generalized Anxiety Disorder: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to at least TWO different antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI and/or TCA categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) or ONE antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI and/or TCA categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) or ONE antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI and/or TCA categories (may be preferred or non-preferred) or ONE antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI and/



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (50 mg tablet only)  Venlafaxine ER®† tablet  FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg)  Venlafaxine ER† tablet  FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day (37.5 mg & 75 mg)  venlafaxine IR †\$ (previously Effexor®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 225 mg/day	anticonvulsant class. (this indication not processed via automated step therapy). Non-neuropathic musculoskeletal pain (osteoarthritis, chronic low back pain):  The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, inadequate response or contraindication to acetaminophen (Tylenol®) AND at least TWO nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) (oral and/or topical). (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) Fibromyalgia: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine, Lyrica® or Savella®.(this indication not processed via automated step therapy) Document clinically compelling information supporting the choice of a non-preferred agent on a General Prior Authorization Form. After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims information will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and clinical criteria.  Cymbalta, Irenka: Must meet criteria for duloxetine (above) AND have a clinically compelling reason why the dosing needs cannot be accomplished with generic duloxetine.
SSRIs - Length of Authorization: Duration of Need	d for Mental Health Indications, 1 Year for Other Indications	eations
CITALOPRAM† (compare to Celexa®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day  FLUOXETINE† (compare to Prozac®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day  FLUVOXAMINE† (formerly Luvox®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day  PAROXETINE tablet† (compare to Paxil®)	Brisdelle <sup>®</sup> (paroxetine) Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Celexa <sup>®</sup> * (citalopram) FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day escitalopram† (compare to Lexapro <sup>®</sup> ) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs) Fluoxetine† (pmdd) FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day	<ul> <li>Celexa, Paxil tablet, Prozac, Zoloft: The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. (One trial must be the generic formulation of the requested medication.)</li> <li>Brisdelle: The indication for use is moderate to severe vasomotor symptoms (VMS) associated with menopause. AND The patient has tried and failed generic paroxetine.</li> <li>Luvox CR, fluvoxamine CR: The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. (One trial must be generic fluvoxamine IR.) If the request is for the brand product, the patient also has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.</li> </ul>

39

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day  SERTRALINE† (compare to Zoloft®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 200 mg/day,  Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (25 mg & 50 mg tabs)	Fluoxetine® 60 mg Tablet  FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day  fluoxetine† 90 mg (compare to Prozac Weekly®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/week  Lexapro® (escitalopram)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day,  Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs)  fluvoxamine CR† (compare to Luvox CR®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day,  Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day  Luvox CR® (fluvoxamine CR)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day,  Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day  paroxetine suspension† (compare to Paxil® susp)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day  Paxil®* (paroxetine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 75 mg/day  Paxil® suspension (paroxetine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day  Paxil CR® (paroxetine CR)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 75 mg/day  Paxil CR® (paroxetine CR)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day  Paxil CR® (paroxetine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day  Paxil CR® (paroxetine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day  Paxil CR® (paroxetine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 60 mg/day  Prozac®* (fluoxetine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day	Pexva, Paroxetine CR, and Paxil CR: The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. (One trial must be generic paroxetine.) AND If the request is for Paxil CR, the patient has a documented intolerance to paroxetine CR.  Paroxetine suspension, Paxil suspension: The patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form. AND The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs.  Sarafem, Selfemra, Fluoxetine 60mg tablet, Fluoxetine (pmdd): The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. (One trial must be generic fluoxetine (regular, not pmdd).) In addition, for approval of Sarafem, either Selfemra or fluoxetine pmdd must have been tried.  Lexapro, escitalopram: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 2 preferred SSRIs. (One trial must be generic citalopram). AND If the request is for Lexapro, the patient has a documented intolerance with generic escitalopram  Fluoxetine 90mg, Prozac Weekly: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient failed and is not a candidate for da



PREFERRED AGENTS

## **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Prozac Weekly <sup>®</sup> (fluoxetine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 90 mg/week  Sarafem <sup>®</sup> (fluoxetine pmdd)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day  Selfemra <sup>®</sup> † (fluoxetine pmdd)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 80 mg/day  Zoloft <sup>®</sup> * (sertraline)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 200 mg/day,  Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (25 mg & 50 mg tabs)	
TRICYCLICS - Length of Authorization: Duration	n of Need for Mental Health Information, 1 Year for Ot	ther Indications
AMITRIPTYLINE† (formerly Elavil®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day  AMOXAPINE† (formerly Asendin®)  CLOMIPRAMINE† (compare to Anafranil®)  DESIPRAMINE† (compare to Norpramin®)  DOXEPIN† (formerly Sinequan®)  IMIPRAMINE† (compare to Tofranil®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day  IMIPRAMINE PAMOATE† (compare to Tofranil  PM®)	Anafranil <sup>®</sup> * (clomipramine) Norpramin <sup>®</sup> * (desipramine) Pamelor <sup>®</sup> * (nortriptyline) Surmontil <sup>®</sup> (trimipramine) Tofranil <sup>®</sup> * (imipramine) FDA maximum recommended dose = 300 mg/day Tofranil PM <sup>®</sup> * (imipramine pamoate)  Vivactil <sup>®</sup> * (protriptyline)	Tricyclics (TCAs) (Brands with generic equivalents): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 2 or more TCAs not requiring prior authorization. One trial must be the AB rated generic formulation. OR The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation. Surmontil: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to one or more preferred TCAs.  Limitation: Chlordiazepoxide/amitriptyline and amitriptyline/perphenazine combinations not covered. Generic agents may be prescribed separately. Document clinically compelling information supporting the choice of a non-preferred agent on a General Prior Authorization Form.  After a 4-month lapse in use of a non-preferred agent for a mental health indication, or if there is a change in therapy, a lookback through claims information will identify the need to re-initiate therapy following the PDL and

41

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NORTRIPTYLINE† (formerly Aventyl <sup>®</sup> , compare to Pamelor <sup>®</sup> )  NORTRIPTYLINE Oral Solution  PROTRIPTYLINE† (compare to Vivactil <sup>®</sup> )		clinical criteria.
	ANTI-DIABETICS	
ALPHA-GLUCOSIDASE INHIBITORS		
ACARBOSE† (compare to Precose <sup>®</sup> ) GLYSET <sup>®</sup> (miglitol)	Precose®* (acarbose)	Precose: patient must have a documented intolerance to generic acarbose
BIGUANIDES & COMBINATIONS		
SINGLE AGENT  METFORMIN† (compare to Glucophage®) METFORMIN XR† (compare to Glucophage XR®) RIOMET® (metformin oral solution) COMBINATION GLIPIZIDE/METFORMIN† (compare to Metaglip®)	Fortamet <sup>®</sup> (metformin ER Osmotic) Glucophage <sup>®</sup> * (metformin) Glucophage XR <sup>®</sup> * (metformin XR) Glumetza <sup>®</sup> (metformin ER) Metformin ER Osmotic† (compare to Fortamet <sup>®</sup> ) Glucovance <sup>®</sup> * (glyburide/metformin)	Fortamet, Glucophage XR, Glumetza, Metformin ER osmotic: patent has had a documented intolerance to generic metformin XR (if product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic)  Glucophage, Glucovance, Metaglip: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred biguanide OR biguanide combination product (if a product has an AB raged generic, the trial must be the generic)



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization

# (includes clinical criteria) PREFERRED AGENTS NON-PREFERRED AGENTS

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
GLYBURIDE/METFORMIN† (compare to Glucovance <sup>®</sup> )	Metaglip <sup>®</sup> * (glipizide/metformin)	
DIPEPTIDYL PEPTIDASE (DPP-4) INHIBITORS		
PREFERRED AGENTS AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE MET	
SINGLE AGENT  JANUVIA® (sitagliptin) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)  ONGLYZA® (saxagliptin)\$ (Quantity limit=1 tablet/day)  COMBINATION  JANUMET® (sitagliptin/metformin) § (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day)  KOMBIGLYZE XR® (saxagliptin/metformin ER) § (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)	Nesina® (alogliptin) (Quantity limit=1 tablet/day)  Tradjenta® (linagliptin) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)  Janumet XR® (sitagliptin/metformin ER) (Qty limit=1 tab/day of 50/500 mg or 100/1000 mg or 2 tabs/day of 50/1000 mg)  Jentadueto® (linagliptin/metformin) (Quantity limit=2 tabs/day)  Kazano® (alogliptin/metformin) (Quantity limit=2 tabs/day)  Oseni® (alogliptin/pioglitazone) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)	<ul> <li>Januvia, Onglyza: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin</li> <li>Nesina, Tradjenta: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred DDP-4 agent.</li> <li>Janumet: patient has had an inadequate response with Januvia OR Metformin monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Januvia and Metformin combination therapy.</li> <li>Kazano: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with at least one preferred DDP-4 combination agent.</li> <li>Janumet XR: patient has had an inadequate response with Januvia OR Metformin/Metformin XR monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Januvia and Metformin/Metformin XR combination therapy AND</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		patient is unable to take Januva and Metformin/Metformin XR as the individual separate agents.  Jentadueto: patient has had an inadequate response with Tradjenta OR Metformin monotherapy OR patient has been started and stabilized on Tradjenta and Metformin combination therapy AND the patent is unable to take Tradjenta and Metformin as the individual separate agents.  Kombiglyze XR: patient has had an inadequate response with Onglyza OR Metformin/Metformin XR monotherapy OR Patient has been started and stabilized on Onglyza/Metformin XR combination therapy.  Oseni: patient is unable to take Nesina and Actos (pioglitazone) as the individual separate agents (after meeting clinical criteria for each individual agent)
INSULINS		
RAPID-ACTING INJECTABLE  HUMALOG <sup>®</sup> (insulin lispro)	AFREZZA® INHALED (insulin human) Apidra® (insulin glulisine)	Apidra: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure to Novolog or Humalog
NOVOLOG <sup>®</sup> (Aspart)		TOUJEO:
SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE		Diagnosis of diabetes mellitus
HUMULIN R <sup>®</sup> (Regular)		AND
NOVOLIN R <sup>®</sup> (Regular) INTERMEDIATE-ACTING INJECTABLE		<ul> <li>Prescription is initiated by an Endocrinologist</li> <li>AND</li> </ul>
HUMULIN N <sup>®</sup> (NPH)		<ul> <li>The person is currently on insulin glargine U100 and cannot achieve glycemic control (defined as hemoglobin A1c ≤ 7%) because dose</li> </ul>
NOVOLIN N <sup>®</sup> (NPH)		increases cannot be tolerated due to at least one severe low blood sugar event (requiring assistance from another) despite attempts at manipulating
LONG-ACTING ANALOGS INJECTABLE		dosing time or splitting the dose.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
LANTUS <sup>®</sup> (insulin glargine) LEVEMIR <sup>®</sup> (insulin detemir)  MIXED INSULINS INJECTABLE HUMULIN 70/30 <sup>®</sup> (NPH/Regular) NOVOLIN 70/30 <sup>®</sup> (NPH/Regular) NOVOLOG MIX 70/30 <sup>®</sup> (Protamine/Aspart) HUMALOG MIX 50/50 <sup>®</sup> (Protamine/Lispro) HUMALOG MIX 75/25 <sup>®</sup> (Protamine/Lispro)	TOUJEO® (insulin glargine)	<ul> <li>AFREZZA INHALED INSULIN:</li> <li>Baseline PFT with FEV1 ≥ 70 % predicted</li> <li>Patient does not have underlying lung disease (Asthma, COPD)</li> <li>Patient is a non-smoker or has stopped smoking more than six months prior to starting Afrezza</li> <li>Patient is currently using a long-acting insulin</li> <li>Patient has failed to achieve HbA1c goal (defined as ≤ 7%) on a short-acting insulin in combination with a long-acting insulin</li> <li>Initial approval is for 3 months and improved glycemic control must be documented for further approvals</li> <li>Diabetes Mellitus Type 2 additional criteria</li> <li>Patient is intolerant to, or is not a candidate for, or has failed to achieve HbA1c goal, (defined as ≤ 7%) despite therapy with two or more oral hypoglycemic agents</li> </ul>
MEGLITINIDES		
Single Agent  NATEGLINIDE† (compare to Starlix®)	Prandin <sup>®</sup> (replaglinide) repaglinide† (compare to Prandin <sup>®</sup> ) Starlix <sup>®</sup> * (nateglinide)	Starlix: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nateglinide.  Prandin, Repaglinide: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with Starlix AND if the request is for Prandin, the patient has a documented intolerance with generic repaglinide.  Prandimet: patient has been started and stabilized on Prandimet or on stable doses of the separate agents OR patient has had an inadequate response with
COMBINATION PEPTIDE HORMONES	Prandimet® (repaglinide/metformin)	repaglinide monotherapy.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met  Incretin Mimetics  Tanzeum ® (albiglutide)  VICTOZA® (liraglutide)  (Quantity Limit=3 pens/30 days)  Amylinomimetics	Bydureon <sup>®</sup> (exenatide extended-release) (Quantity Limit=4 vials/28 days) Byetta <sup>®</sup> (exenatide) (Quantity Limit =1 pen/30 days) Trulicity <sup>®</sup> (dulaglutide) Symlin <sup>®</sup> (pramlintide) No Quantity Limit applies	Bydureon/Byetta/Trulicity: patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes AND patient is at least 18 years of age AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure with Victoza or Tanzeum (current users as of 05/29/2015 would be grandfathered)  Symlin: patient has a diagnosis of diabetes mellitus. AND patient is at least 18 years of age. AND patient is on insulin.  Victoza/Tanzeum: patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes. AND patient is at least 18 years of age. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin.
SODIUM-GLUCOSE CO-TRANSPORTER 2 (SG	LT2) INHIBITORS AND COMBINATIONS	
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met FARXIGA® (dapagliflozin) (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day) INVOKANA® (canagliflozin) § (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day)	Jardiance (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day)  GLYXAMBI® (empagliflozin/ linagliptin) (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day)  Invokamet (canagliflozin/metformin) (Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day)  Xigduo XR® (dapagliflozin & metformin ER) (Quantity limit 5/1000mg = 2/day) (Quantity limit All Other Strengths = 1/day)	Patient is 18 years of age or older AND patient has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes mellitus and has had an inadequate response to diet and exercise alone AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin.  Jardiance additional criteria:  • The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure with Invokana or Farxiga  Invokamet/Xigduo XR® additional criteria:  • The patient has documentation of a failure of therapy with the combination of the single agent drugs Invokana plus metformin  Glyxambi additional criteria:  • The patient has documentation of a failure of therapy with the combination of the preferred SGL2 plus a preferred DPP-4 inhibitor



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SULFONYLUREAS 2 <sup>ND</sup> GENERATION		
GLIMEPIRIDE† (compare to Amaryl®)  GLIPIZIDE† (compare to Glucotrol®)  GLIPIZIDE ER† (compare to Glucotrol XL®)  GLYBURIDE† (compare to Diabeta®, Micronase®)  GLYBURIDE MICRONIZED† (compare to Glynase®  PresTab®)	Amaryl <sup>®</sup> * (glimepiride) Diabeta <sup>®</sup> * (glyburide)  Glucotrol <sup>®</sup> * (glipizide)  Glucotrol XL <sup>®</sup> * (glipizide ER)  Glynase <sup>®</sup> PresTab <sup>®</sup> * (glyburide micronized)  Micronase <sup>®</sup> * (glyburide)	Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy OR treatment failure with glimperiride, AND glimepiride, AND glipizide/glipizide ER, and glyburide/glyburide micronized.
THIAZOLIDINEDIONES & COMBINATIONS		
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met SINGLE AGENT  PIOGLITAZONE† (compare to Actos®)  COMBINATION  PIOGLITAZONE/GLIMEPIRIDE† (compare to  Duetact®) \$ (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)  PIOGLITAZONE/METFORMIN† (Compare to	Actos <sup>®</sup> (pioglitazone) Avandia <sup>®</sup> (rosiglitazone)  Actoplus Met <sup>®</sup> (pioglitazone/metformin)  Actoplus Met XR (pioglitazone/metformin ER)  Avandamet <sup>®</sup> (metformin/rosiglitazone maleate)  Avandaryl <sup>®</sup> (glimepiride/rosiglitazone maleate)	<ul> <li>Actos (pioglitazone), Actoplus Met, Duetact, Pioglitazone/Metformin: Patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication OR treatment failure with metformin AND if the request is for brand Actos Met or Duetact, patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.</li> <li>Actoplus Met XR: patient has been started AND stabilized on the requested medication OR patient has had a documented treatment failure with generic Metformin XR OR patient has had a documented treatment failure OR has been unable to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of Actoplus Met resulting in a significant clinical impact.</li> <li>Avandia: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication and</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Actoplus Met <sup>®</sup> )§	Duetact <sup>®</sup> (pioglitazone/glimepiride) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	appears to be benefiting from it and the patient acknowledges that they understand the risks OR patient is unable to achieve glycemic control using other medications (including a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with metformin).

#### **ANTI-EMETICS**

**5HT3 ANTAGONISTS:** Length of Authorization: 6 months for chemotherapy or radiotherapy; 3 months for hyperemesis gravadarum, 1 time for prevention of post-op nausea/vomiting: see clinical criteria. Monthly quantity limits apply, PA required to exceed.

ONDANSETRON† Injection (vial and premix) ONDANSETRON†tablet 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days) ONDANSETRON† ODT 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days)	Akynzeo <sup>®</sup> (nutupitant/palonosetron)  Anzemet <sup>®</sup> (dolansetron) 50 mg (4 tabs/28 days)  Anzemet <sup>®</sup> (dolansetron) 100 mg (2 tabs/28 days)  Granisetron† (formerly Kytril <sup>®</sup> ) 1 mg (6 tabs/28 days)  Granisetron† (formerly Kytril <sup>®</sup> ) Injectable  Ondansetron† (generic) Oral Solution 4 mg/5 ml  Sancuso <sup>®</sup> 3.1 mg/24 hrs Transdermal Patch  (granisetron) (Qty Limit = 1  patch/28 days)  Zofran <sup>®</sup> * (ondansetron) Injection	<ul> <li>Akynzeo: Has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy AND patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure of a regimen consisting of a 5-HT3 antagonist, an NK1 antagonist, and dexamethasone</li> <li>Anzemet: has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ondansetron.</li> <li>Granisetron: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy or radiotherapy. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ondansetron.</li> <li>Zofran: The patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy, radiotherapy, post-operative nausea and vomiting (1 time only) or hyperemesis gravadarum. AND patient must have a documented intolerance to</li> </ul>
--	---	--



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Zofran®* (ondansetron) Oral Tablets and ODT 4 mg (12 tabs/28 days), 8 mg (6 tabs/28 days) Zofran® (ondansetron) Oral Solution 4 mg/5 ml Zuplenz® (ondansetron) Oral Soluble Film (Quantity Limit = 12 films/28 days (4 mg), 6 films/28 days (8 mg))	the corresponding generic ondansetron product (tablets, orally disintegrating tablets (ODT), oral solution or injection). If the request is for oral solution, the patient must be unable to use ondansetron ODT or ondansetron tablets.  Ondansetron Oral Sol: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy, radiotherapy, post-operative nausea and vomiting (1 time only) or hyperemesis gravadarum. AND patient is unable to use ondansetron ODT or ondansetron tablets.  Sancuso: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy. AND prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the transdermal formulation. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic ondansetron.  Zuplenz: patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting associated with cancer chemotherapy or radiotherapy. AND prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to swallow tablets, dysphagia) AND a clinical rationale as to why ondansetron ODT is not a suitable option for the patient.  CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (to exceed quantity limit):  Ondansetron/Zofran 4 mg and 8 mg tablets and ODT, Zuplenz: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy or radiation therapy, 3 tablets for each day of chemotherapy/radiation and 3 tablets for each day for 2 days after completion of chemotherapy/radiation may be approved.  Ondansetron/Zofran 4 mg and 8 mg tablets and ODT: For hyperemesis gravadarum, three tablets per day of 4 mg or 8 mg may be approved for 3 months.  Anzemet: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy, 1 tablet for each day of chemotherapy and 1 tablet for 2 days after completion of chemotherapy may be approved.  Granisetron: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy, 2 tablets for each day of chemotherapy and 2 tablets for 2 days after completion of chemotherapy may be approved.  OR For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy, 2 tablets for each day of



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		<ul> <li>Sancuso: For nausea and vomiting associated with chemotherapy, 1 patch for each chemotherapy cycle may be approved.</li> <li>Limitations: Aloxi and Anzemet injection are not considered outpatient medications and are not covered in the pharmacy benefit.</li> </ul>
MISCELLANEOUS (PREGNANCY)		
	Diclegis $^{\textcircled{R}}$ (10 mg doxylamine succinate and 10 mg pyridoxine hydrochloride) DR tablet ( $QL=4$ tablets/day)	Patient has a diagnosis of nausea and vomiting of pregnancy AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to conservative management (i.e. change in dietary habits, ginger, or acupressure) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to generic doxylamine and generic pyridoxine (Vitamin B6) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response to generic ondansetron.
NK1 ANTAGONISTS		
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met  EMEND® (aprepitant) 40 mg (1 cap/28 days)  ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) 80 mg (2 caps/28 days)  ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) 125 mg (1 cap/28 days)  ♣EMEND® (aprepitant) Tri-fold Pack (1 pack/28 days)  ♣ To be prescribed by oncology practitioners ONLY		<ul> <li>Emend (aprepitant) 80 mg, 125 mg, and Tri-Fold pack: medication will be prescribed by an oncology practitioner. AND patient requires prevention of nausea and vomiting associated with moderate to highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy. AND The requested quantity does not exceed one 125 mg and two 80 mg capsules OR one Tri-Fold Pack per course of chemotherapy. Patients with multiple courses of chemotherapy per 28 days will be approved quantities sufficient for the number of courses of chemotherapy.</li> <li>Emend 40mg: patient requires prevention of postoperative nausea and vomiting. AND The requested quantity does not exceed one 40 mg capsule per surgery or</li> </ul>

50

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		course of anesthesia. Patients with multiple surgeries or courses of anesthesia in a 28 day period will be approved quantities sufficient for the number of surgeries or courses of anesthesia.
THC DERIVATIVES		
	Dronabinol† (compare to Marinol <sup>®</sup> ) Marinol <sup>®</sup> (dronabinol) Cesamet <sup>®</sup> (nabilone)	Pharmacology: Marinol® is a schedule III cannabinoid agent containing the same active ingredient, tetrahydrocannabinol, as marijuana. While its exact mechanism of action is unknown, it is speculated to inhibit medullary activity as well as suppress prostaglandin and endorphan synthesis. Cesamet® is a schedule II synthetic cannabinoid that acts by activating the endocannabinoid receptors, CB1 and CB2, which are involved in nausea/vomiting regulation. Both Marinol® and Cesamet® are FDA-approved for use in chemotherapy associated nausea and vomiting refractory to conventional antiemetics. In addition, Marinol® is indicated for patients with AIDS-related anorexia or wasting syndrome.  Dronabinol/Marinol:patient has a diagnosis of chemotherapy-induced nausea/vomiting AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 antiemetic agents, of which, one must be a preferred 5HT3 receptor antagonist. If the request is for Marinol, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance to generic dronabinol. OR patient has a diagnosis of AIDS associated anorexia. AND patient has had an adequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to megestrol acetate. If the request is for Marinol, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance to generic dronabinol.  Cesamet: patient has a diagnosis of chemotherapy-induced nausea/vomiting AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least 2 antiemetic agents, of which, one must be a preferred 5HT3 receptor antagonist.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Tharmady Benefit Management Frogram

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	DA COMPEDIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANTI-HYPERTENSIN	VES
ACE INHIBITORS		
BENAZEPRIL† (compare to Lotensin®)	Accupril <sup>®</sup> *(quinapril) Aceon <sup>®</sup> (perindopril)	<b>Epaned Oral Solution (Patients &gt; 12 years old):</b> patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications).
CAPTOPRIL† (formerly Capoten®)	Altace <sup>®</sup> * (ramipril) Epaned <sup>®</sup> (enalapril) oral solution (age $\geq$ 12 years old)	Other ACE Inhibitors: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to all available preferred generic ACEI. If a medication has an
ENALAPRIL† (compare to Vasotec®)	Lotensin <sup>®</sup> * (benazepril)	AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation.
EPANED <sup>®</sup> (enalapril) oral solution (age < 12 years old)  FOSINOPRIL† (formerly Monopril <sup>®</sup> )	Mavik <sup>®</sup> * (trandolapril)  perindopril† (compare to Aceon <sup>®</sup> )	
LISINOPRIL† (compare to Zestril®, Prinivil®)	Prinivil <sup>®</sup> * (lisinopril) Univasc <sup>®</sup> * (moexipril) Vasotec <sup>®</sup> * (enalapril)	
MOEXIPRIL† (compare to Univasc <sup>®</sup> )	Zestril <sup>®</sup> * (lisinopril)	
QUINAPRIL† (compare to Accupril®)		
RAMIPRIL† (compare to Altace®)		
TRANDOLAPRIL† (compare to Mavik®)		
ACE INHIBITOR W/ HYDROCHLOROTHIAZI	DE	



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PACKITERIA
BENAZEPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†  (compare to Lotensin HCT®)  ENALAPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†  (compare to Vaseretic®)  FOSINOPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†  (formerly Monopril HCT®)  LISINOPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†  (compare to Zestoretic®,  MOEXIPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†  (formerly Uniretic®)  QUINAPRIL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE†  (compare to Accuretic®)	Accuretic <sup>®</sup> * (quinapril/HCTZ)  Lotensin HCT <sup>®</sup> * (benazepril/HCTZ)  Vaseretic <sup>®</sup> * (enalapril/HCTZ)  Zestoretic <sup>®</sup> * (lisinopril/HCTZ)	ACE Inhibitor/Hydrochlorothiazide combinations: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to all available preferred generic ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide combination. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation.  Limitations: Captopril/HCTZ combination not covered. Agents may be prescribed separately
ACE INHIBITOR W/CALCIUM CHANNEL BLO	CKER	
AMLODIPINE/BENAZEPRIL† (compare to Lotrel®) TRANDOLAPRIL/VERAPAMIL (Tarka®)	Lotrel <sup>®</sup> * amlodipine/(benazepril) Tarka <sup>®</sup> (trandolopril/verapamil)	ACE Inhibitor/Calcium Channel Blocker combination: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred ACEI/Calcium Channel Blocker combination. If an indication has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKERS (ARBs)		
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met	Atacand <sup>®</sup> (candesartan)	Benicar, Diovan, Irbesartan, Losartan, and Micardis: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization

(includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
BENICAR® (olmesartan) § DIOVAN® (valsartan) §  IRBESARTAN† (compare to Avapro®) § LOSARTAN† (compare to Cozaar®) § Micardis® (telmisartan)	Avapro <sup>®</sup> (irbesartan) candesartan† (compare to Atacand <sup>®</sup> )§ Cozaar <sup>®</sup> (losartan)  Edarbi <sup>®</sup> (azilsartan) Tablet (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Eprosartan† (compare to_Teveten <sup>®</sup> ) § TELMISARTAN† (compare to Micardis <sup>®</sup> ) § Teveten <sup>®</sup> (eprosartan) valsartan† (compare to Diovan <sup>®</sup> )	adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.  Atacand, Avapro, Candasartan, Edarbi, Eprosartan, Telmisartan, and Teveten: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND If brand name product with generic available, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.  Cozaar (Brand): patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.  Valsartan: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient has had a documented intolerance with the brand product (Diovan)
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/DIU	RETIC COMBINATIONS	



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met BENICAR HCT® (olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) § IRBESARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Avalide®) LOSARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Hyzaar®) Micardis HCT® (telmisartan/hydrochlorothiazide) VALSARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Diovan HCT®) §	Non- Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met  Atacand HCT® (candesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Avalide® (irbesartan/hydrochlorothiazide) candesartan/hydrochlorothiazide † (compare to Atacand HCT®) Biovan HCT® (valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) Edarbyclor® (azilsartan/chlorthalidone) Tablet (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Hyzaar® (losartan/hydrochlorothiazide) TELMISARTAN/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE † (compare to Micardis HCT®) Teveten HCT® (eprosartan/hydrochlorothiazide)  **Teveten HCT®** (eprosartan/hydrochlorothiazide)**  **Teveten HCT®** (eprosartan/hydrochlorothiazide)**  **Teveten HCT®** (eprosartan/hydrochlorothiazide)**	Benicar HCT, Irbesartan/HCTZ, Losartan/HCTZ, Micardis HCT, and Valsartan/HCTZ: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.  Avalide, Diovan HCT, and Telmisartan HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND If brand name product with generic available, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.  Atacand HCT, candasartan/HCTZ, Teveten HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred ARB/Hydrochlorothiazide combination. AND If the request is for Atacand HCT, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.  Hyzaar: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.  Edarbyclor: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		patient is unable to take the individual components separately
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/CALCIU	UM CHANNEL BLOCK COMBINATIONS	
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met  VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE† (compare to Exforge®)§ (QL= 1tab/day)  Exforge® (valsartan/amlodipine)§ (QL = 1 tab/day)	Non- Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met Azor (olmesartan/amlodipine) ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ ) amlodipine/telmisartan† (compare to Twynsta) ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ ) Twynsta (amlodipine/telmisartan) ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )	<ul> <li>Valsartan/amlodipine: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.</li> <li>Exforge: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with a preferred Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND If brand name product with generic available, the patient has had a documented intolerance with the generic product.</li> <li>Azor, Amlodipine/Telmisartan, and Twynsta: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately. AND If the request is for Twynsta, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic amlodipine/telmisartan.</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS NO	ON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
	'A required)	PA CRITERIA
(11) (11) required amess other wise noted)	1110quitou)	THE CHAPTER AND THE CONTROL OF THE CHAPTER AND
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/DIRECT RE	ENIN INHIBITOD COMDINATIONS	
	on- Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met	
	alturna <sup>®</sup> (aliskiren/valsartan) ( $Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day$ )	Valturna: patient is NOT a diabetic AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension.
, and	arterna (anskrien/varsartan) (Qiy Zima = 1 tabievaay)	AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an
		angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any
		other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination. OR patient has
		had a documented treatment failure with Tekturna alone.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/CALCIUM C	CHANNEL BLOCKER/HCTZ COMBO	
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met Nor	on- Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met	Exforge HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication.
EVEODCE HCT®	-	(Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR
(1- 1:-: /1 /1 1-1 /: 1-\ Tril	ibenzor <sup>®</sup>	patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an
	(amlodipine/olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide)	angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any
(QI	$QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.
VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE/HCTZ† (compare to		<b>Tribenzor:</b> The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment
Exforge $HCT^{\mathbb{R}}$ ) (QL = 1/day)		failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI
		combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB
		combination. AND patient is unable to take the individual components
		separately.
ANGIOTENSIN RECEPTOR BLOCKER/MISCELLAN	NEOUS COMBINATIONS	
Preferred Agent after clinical criteria is met	INEOUS COMBINATIONS	Entresto <sup>®</sup> : Diagnosis of chronic heart failure NYHA Class II-IV AND Age ≥ 18
ENTRESTO® (valsartan/sacubitril) (QL = 2		years of age AND left ventricular ejection fraction $\leq 40\%$ AND no history of



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
tabs/day)		angioedema or unacceptable side effects during receipt of ACE inhibitor or ARB AND not to be used concomitantly with aliskiren in patients with diabetes or concurrently with an ACE inhibitor or other ARB AND no severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh C).
BETA BLOCKERS		
SINGLE AGENT  ACEBUTOLOL† (compare to Sectral®)  ATENOLOL† (compare to Tenormin®)  BETAXOLOL† (compare to Kerlone®)  BISOPROLOL FUMARATE† (compare to Zebeta®)  CARVEDILOL† (compare to Coreg®)  Innopran XL® (propranolol SR)  LABETALOL† (compare to Trandate®)	Betapace <sup>®</sup> * (sotalol)  Betapace AF <sup>®</sup> * (sotalol)  Bystolic <sup>®</sup> (nebivolol) ( <i>QL</i> = 1 tablet/day for 2.5 mg, 5 mg and 10 mg tablet strengths, 2 tablets/day for 20 mg tab)  Coreg <sup>®</sup> * (carvedilol)  Coreg CR <sup>®</sup> (carvedilol CR) ( <i>QL</i> = 1 tablet/day  Corgard <sup>®</sup> * (nadolol)  Hemangeol <sup>®</sup> oral solution (propranolol)  Inderal LA <sup>®</sup> * (propranolol ER)  Inderal XL <sup>®</sup> (propranolol SR)	Non-preferred drugs (except Coreg CR): patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least three preferred drugs. (If a medication has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.)  Coreg CR: Indication: Heart Failure: patient has been started and stabilized on Coreg CR. (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to metoprolol SR or bisoprolol. AND patient has been unable to be compliant with or tolerate twice daily dosing of carvedilol IR.  Indication; Hypertension: patient has been started and stabilized on Coreg CR. (Note: Samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to 3(three) preferred anti-hypertensive beta-blockers.
METOPROLOL TARTRATE† (compare to Lopressor $^{\circledR}$ ) METOPROLOL SUCCINATE XL† (compare to Toprol XL $^{\circledR}$ )	Kerlone <sup>®</sup> * (betaxolol) Levatol <sup>®</sup> (penbutolol) Lopressor <sup>®</sup> * (metoprolol tartrate) PROPRANOLOL ER† (compare to Inderal LA <sup>®</sup> )	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NADOLOL† (compare to Corgard <sup>®</sup> )	Sectral <sup>®</sup> * (acebutolol) Sorine <sup>®</sup> (sotalol)	
PINDOLOL† (formerly Visken <sup>®</sup> )	Tenormin <sup>®</sup> * (atenolol)	
PROPRANOLOL† (formerly Inderal®)	TIMOLOL† (formerly Blocadren®)  Toprol XL®* (metoprolol succinate XL)	
SOTALOL† (compare to Betapace <sup>®</sup> , Betapace AF <sup>®</sup> )	Trandate <sup>®</sup> * (labetaolol)  Zebeta <sup>®</sup> * (bisoprolol)	
BETA-BLOCKER/DIURETIC COMBINATION ATENOLOL/CHLORTHALIDONE † (compare to Tenoretic®) BISOPROLOL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Ziac®) METOPROLOL/HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE† (compare to Lopressor HCT®)	Corzide <sup>®</sup> * (nadolol/bendroflumethiazide) Lopressor HCT <sup>®</sup> * (metoprolol/HCTZ) Propranolol/HCTZ† (formerly Inderide <sup>®</sup> ) Tenoretic <sup>®</sup> * (atenolol/chlorthalidone) Ziac <sup>®</sup> * (bisoprolol/HCTZ) DUTOPROL <sup>®</sup> (metoprolol succinate XR/hydrochlorothiazide) NADOLOL/BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE† (compare	
CALCHIM CHANNEL DI OCKEDO	to Corzide <sup>®</sup> )	
CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS		
SINGLE AGENT	Adalat <sup>®</sup> CC* (nifedipine SR)	Criteria for approval (except as noted below:) patient has had a documented side
<b>Dihydropyridines</b> AFEDITAB <sup>®</sup> CR † (nifedipine SR, compare to	Isradipine (formerly Dynacirc®)	effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least three preferred drugs. (If a medication has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.)
Adalat <sup>®</sup> CC) AMLODIPINE† (compare to Norvasc <sup>®</sup> )	Nisoldipine ER† (compare to Sular <sup>®</sup> ) Norvasc <sup>®</sup> * (amlodipine)	<b>Nymalize:</b> patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR

59

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

### Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
FELODIPINE ER† (formerly Plendil®) NICARDIPINE † (formerly Cardene®) NIFEDIAC® CC † (nifedipine SR, compare to Adalat® CC) NIFEDICAL® XL † (nifedipine SR osmotic, compare to Procardia® XL) NIFEDIPINE IR † (compare to Procardia®) NIFEDIPINE SR osmotic † (compare to Procardia® XL) NIFEDIPINE SR † (compare to Adalat® CC) NIMODIPINE † (compare to Nimotop®)  Miscellaneous CARTIA® XT † (diltiazem SR, compare to Cardizem® CD) DILT-CD® † (diltiazem SR, compare to Cardizem® CD)	Nymalize <sup>®</sup> (nimodipine) Oral Solution Procardia <sup>®</sup> * (nifedipine IR) Procardia XL <sup>®</sup> * (nifedipine SR osmotic) Sular <sup>®</sup> (nisoldipine)  Calan <sup>®</sup> * (verapamil) Calan <sup>®</sup> SR* (verapamil CR) Cardizem <sup>®</sup> * (diltiazem) Cardizem <sup>®</sup> CD* (diltiazem SR) Cardizem <sup>®</sup> LA (diltiazem SR)  Diltiazem ER†/Matzin LA† (compare to Cardizem <sup>®</sup> LA)	patient has a medical necessity for a specialty dosage form (i.e. dysphagia, swallowing disorder).
DILT-XR <sup>®</sup> † (diltiazem SR)  DILTIAZEM† (compare to Cardizem <sup>®</sup> )  DILTIAZEM ER† (formerly Cardizem <sup>®</sup> SR)  DILTIAZEM ER† (compare to Tiazac <sup>®</sup> )	Tiazac <sup>®</sup> * (diltiazem ER) Verelan <sup>®</sup> * (verapamil SR 120 mg, 180 mg, 240 mg and 360 mg) Verelan <sup>®</sup> PM* (100 mg, 200 mg and 300 mg)	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
DILTIAZEM SR † (compare to Cardizem <sup>®</sup> CD) DILTIAZEM SR †  TAZTIA <sup>®</sup> XT † (diltiazem ER, compare to Tiazac <sup>®</sup> )  VERAPAMIL† (compare to Calan <sup>®</sup> )  VERAPAMIL CR† (compare to Calan SR <sup>®</sup> VERAPAMIL SR† 120 mg, 180 mg 240 mg and 360 mg (compare to Verelan <sup>®</sup> )  VERAPAMIL SR† 100 mg, 200 mg, 300mg  (compare to Verelan PM <sup>®</sup> )		
CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER/OTHER COMBINATION (preferred after clinical criteria are met)  EXFORGE HCT®  (amlodipine/valsartan/hydrochlorothiazide) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)  VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE† (compare to Exforge®) § (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Azor® (olmesartan/amlodipine)  ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )  amlodipine/telmisartan† (compare to Twynsta®)  ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )  Tribenzor  (amlodipine/olmesartan/hydrochlorothiazide)  ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )  Twynsta® (amlodipine/telmisartan)  ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )  Amlodipine/atorvastatin† (compare to Caduet®)  ( $Qty \ Limit = 1 \ tablet/day$ )  Caduet® (amlodipine/atorvastatin)  ( $Qty \ Limit = 1 \ tablet/day$ )  Exforge® (valsartan/amlodipine) ( $Quantity \ Limit = 1$	<ul> <li>Azor, Amlodipine/Telmisartan, Tribenzor, and Twynsta: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination AND patient is unable to take the individual components separately. AND If the request is for Twynsta, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic amlodipine/telmisartan.</li> <li>Amlodipine/atorvastatin, Caduet: prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. For approval of Caduet, the patient must have also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. For combinations containing 40 mg or 80 mg atorvastatin, the individual generic components are available without PA and should be prescribed.</li> <li>Exforge, Exforge HCT: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
VALSARTAN/AMLODIPINE/HCTZ† (compare to Exforge HCT <sup>®</sup> ) (QL = 1/day)	tablet/day)	medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), an ACEI combination or any other angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) or ARB combination.
CENTRAL ALPHA AGONISTS		
Tablet CLONDIDNE IR† Tablets (compare to Catapress®) GUANFACINE IR† Tablets (compare to Tenex®) METHYLDOPA† Tablets  Suspension	Catapres <sup>®*</sup> (clonidine) Tablet  Nexiclon XR <sup>®</sup> (clonidine) Extended Release Tablets ( <i>Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day</i> )  Tenex <sup>®*</sup> (guanfacine) Tablets  Nexiclon XR <sup>®</sup> (clonidine) Extended Release Suspension	Catapres, Tenex: Patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.  Nexiclon XR Tabs: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a thiazide diuretic, a beta blocker, an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), or a calcium channel blocker (CCB). AND patient has been unable to be adherent to or tolerate twice daily dosing of the generic clonidine immediate-release tablets.  Nexiclon XR Oral Susp: patient has a diagnosis of hypertension AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO agents (either separately or as a combination product) from the following antihypertensive classes: a thiazide diuretic, a beta blocker, an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), or a calcium channel blocker (CCB). AND patient has a medical necessity for a specialty dosage form (i.e. dysphagia, swallowing disorder.
TRANSDERMAL	Catapres-TTS <sup>®</sup> (clonidine) Transdermal Patch ( <i>Qty Limit = 1 patch/7 days</i> ) Clonidine (compare to Catapres-TTS) Transdermal Patch	Clonidine Patches (generic): patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder, compliance, nausea/vomiting). Catapres-TTS Patches: patient has a medical necessity for a specialty topical dosage form (i.e. dysphasia, swallowing disorder, compliance, nausea/vomiting).



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)  (Qty Limit = 1 patch/7 days)	PA CRITERIA  AND patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.
GANGLIONIC BLOCKERS		
All products require a PA	Vecamyl <sup>®*</sup> (mecamylamine) Tablet	Vecamyl tabs: Patient has a diagnosis of moderately severe or severe hypertension AND patient has tried and failed, intolerant to, or contraindicated to at least THREE different antihypertension therapies of different mechanism of actions.
RENIN INHIBITOR		
	SINGLE AGENT  Tekturna® (aliskiren) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)  COMBINATIONS  Amturnide® (aliskiren/amlodipine/hydrochlorothiazide) (Qty Limit = 1 tab/day)  Tekamlo® (aliskiren/amlodipine) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)  Tekturna HCT® (aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide) (Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Tekturna: patient is NOT a diabetic who will continue on therapy with an ACEI or ARB AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor.  Amturnide, Tekalmo, Tekturna HCT: patient is NOT a diabetic who will continue on therapy with an ACEI or AND patient has a diagnosis of hypertension. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB). Note: Approval of an ARB requires a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) inhibitor. OR patient has had a documented treatment failure with Tekturna® alone.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIE	BIOTICS
CEPHALOSPORINS 1 <sup>ST</sup> GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFADROXIL† Capsules, Tablets (formerly Duricef®) CEPHALEXIN† Capsules (compare to Keflex®)  SUSPENSION CEFADROXIL† Suspension (formerly Duricef®) CEPHALEXIN† Suspension (formerly Keflex®)  IV drugs are not managed at this time	Cephalexin <sup>®</sup> Tablets Keflex <sup>®</sup> * (cephalexin) Capsules	<ul> <li>Cephalexin Tabs: patient has had a documented intolerance to cephalexin generic capsules.</li> <li>Keflex: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic cefadroxil and cephalexin.</li> <li>Limitations: Cephalexin and Keflex 750 mg dosage strength not covered. Use alternative strengths.</li> </ul>
CEPHALOSPORINS 2 <sup>ND</sup> GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFACLOR† CAPSULE CEFPROZIL† (formerly Cefzil®) TABLET CEFUROXIME† (compare to Ceftin®) TABLET	Cefaclor <sup>®</sup> ER Tablet Ceftin <sup>®</sup> * (cefuroxime) tablet	Cefaclor ER Tabs: patient has had a documented intolerance to cefaclor capsules.  Ceftin Tabs: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following medications: cefaclor, cefprozil, and cefuroxime.  One trial must be the generic formulation.
SUSPENSION CEFACLOR SUSPENSION CEFPROZIL† (formerly Cefzil®) SUSPENSION	Ceftin® (cefuroxime) suspension	<b>Ceftin Suspension:</b> patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both of the following suspensions: cefaclor and cefprozil.
IV drugs are not managed at this time		

64

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CEPHALOSPORINS 3 <sup>RD</sup> GENERATION		
CAPSULES/TABLETS CEFDINIR† (formerly Omnicef®) CAPSULE CEFPODOXIME PROXETIL† (formerly Vantin®) TABLET SUPRAX® (cefixime) TABLET  SUSPENSION CEFDINIR† (formerly Omnicef®) SUSPENSION CEFIXIME SUSPENSION CEFPODOXIME PROXETIL† (formerly Vantin®) SUSPENSION SUPRAX® (cefixime) suspension	Cedax <sup>®</sup> (ceftibuten) capsule ceftibuten†capsule (compare to Cedax <sup>®</sup> ) Suprax <sup>®</sup> (cefixime) Capsule Suprax <sup>®</sup> (cefixime) Chewable Tablets  Cedax <sup>®</sup> (ceftibuten) suspension ceftibuten†suspension (compare to Cedax <sup>®</sup> )	Spectracef tablet, Cedax® Capsule, Cefditoren tablet, Ceftibuten capsule: patient is completing a course of therapy which was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to both cefpodoxime and cefdinir. AND If the request is for Spectracef, the patient has a documented intolerance with generic cefditoren tablets.  Cedax Susp, Ceftibuten Susp: patient is completing a course of therapy which was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to both cefdinir and cefpodoxime suspensions.
IV drugs are not managed at this time		
KETOLIDES		
	Ketek <sup>®</sup> (telithromycin)	<b>Ketek:</b> member is continuing a course of therapy initiated while an inpatient at a hospital. OR diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is community-acquired pneumonia. AND member is at least 18 years of age at the time of the
		request. AND member has no contraindication or a history of hypersensitivity or serious adverse event, from any macrolide antibiotic. AND Infection is due to

65

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		documented Streptococcus pneumoniae (including multi-drug resistant [MDRSP*] s.pneumoniae), Haemophilus influenzae, Moraxella catarrhalis, Chlamydophila pneumoniae, or Mycoplasma pneumoniae AND member has had a documented therapeutic failure with all clinically appropriate alternatives.  AND member does not have any of the following medical conditions: myasthenia gravis, hepatitis or underlying liver dysfunction, history of arrhythmias (e.g. QTc prolongation, or antiarrhythmic therapy), uncorrected hypokalemia or hypomagnasemia, clinically significant bradycardia, a history of therapy with Class IA (e.g. quinidine or procainamide) or Class III (e.g. dofetilide) antiarrhythmic medications.
MACROLIDES		
Azithromycin AZITHROMYCIN† tabs, liquid (≤ 5 day supply) (compare to Zithromax®) (Maximum 10 days therapy/30 days)	azithromycin† tablets and liquid (if > 5 day supply) (compare to Zithromax (Maximum 10 days therapy/30 days) Azithromycin† packet (compare to Zithromax (QL = 2 grams/fill) Zithromax (azithromycin) tablets and liquid QL = 5 days supply/RX, maximum 10 days therapy/30 days Zithromax (azithromycin) packet (QL=2 grams/fill)	<ul> <li>Non-preferred agents (except as below): patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the preferred medications. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.) OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital.</li> <li>Azithromycin/Zithromax packets: A clinically valid reason why the dose cannot be obtained using generic azithromycin tablets AND If the request is for brand Zithromax, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.</li> <li>Azithromycin &gt; 5 day supply: patient has a diagnosis of Lyme Disease AND has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following: doxycycline, amoxicillin, or a 2nd generation cephalosporin. For early Lyme disease, without neurologic or rheumatologic (arthritis) complications, the length of authorization is up to 10 days. For payrologic or rheumatologic I tyme</li> </ul>
	Zmax <sup>®</sup> Suspension (azithromycin extended release for	length of authorization is up to 10 days. For neurologic or rheumatologic Lyme



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Clarithromycin CLARITHROMYCIN† (compare to Biaxin®)  Ervthromycin Fidaxomicin  IV drugs are not managed at this time	oral suspension)  QL = 5 days supply/RX, maximum 10 days therapy/30 days  Biaxin®* (clarithromycin)  Clarithromycin SR† (compare to Biaxin® XL)  E.E.S®† (erythromycin ethylsuccinate)  ERY-TAB® (erythromycin base, delayed release)  ERYTHROMYCIN BASE†  ERYTHROMYCIN ETHYLSUCCINATE† (compare to E.E.S®)  Eryped® (erythromycin ethylsuccinate)  Erythrocin (erythromycin stearate)  PCE Dispertab® (erythromycin base)  Dificid® (fidaxomicin) tablet (Quantity limit = 2 tablets per day, 10 day supply per 30 days)	disease, the length of authorization is up to 28 days OR patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis. (length of authorization up to 6 months) OR patient has a diagnosis of HIV/immunocompromised status and azithromycin is being used for MAC or Toxoplasmosis treatment or prevention. (length of authorization up to 6 months) OR patient has a diagnosis of bacterial sinusitis AND has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to penicillin, amoxicillin, or sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim (Bactrim). (length of authorization up to 10 days) OR patient has a diagnosis of severe bronchiectasis with frequent exacerbations (length of authorization up to 6 months)  Dificid: patient's diagnosis or indication is Clostridium difficile associated diarrhea (CDAD) AND patient has had a side-effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to metronidazole. OR prescriber provides a clinically compelling rationale why metronidazole is not appropriate for the patient. (E.g. patient has severe Clostridium difficile infection, history of recurrent infections). AND patient has had a side-effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to oral vancomycin capsules (Vancocin).
OXAZOLIDINONES		
IV form of this medication not managed at this time	Sivextro® (tedizolid) (Quantity limit = 1 tabs/day) $\text{Zyvox}^{\text{@}}$ (linezolid) (QL = 56 tablets per 28 days) $\text{Zyvox}^{\text{@}}$ (linezolid) suspension (QL = 60 ml/day, maximum 28 days supply)	Criteria for Approval: patient has been started on intravenous or oral linezolid or tedizolid in the hospital and will be finishing the course of therapy in an outpatient setting OR patient has a documented blood, tissue, sputum, or urine culture that is positive for Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococcus (VRE) species. OR patient has a documented blood or sputum culture that is positive for

0

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus species OR patient has a documented tissue or urine culture that is positive for Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus AND patient has had a documented treatment failure with trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole OR there is a clinically valid reason that the patient cannot be treated with trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole.
PENICILLINS (ORAL)		
SINGLE ENTITY AGENTS Natural Penicillins PENICILLIN V POTASSIUM† (formerly Veetids®) tablets, oral solution  Penicillinase-Resistant Penicillins DICLOXACILLIN† Capsules  Aminopenicillins AMOXICILLIN† (formerly Amoxil®) capsules, tablets, chewable tablets, suspension AMPICILLIN† (formerly Principen®) capsules, suspension  COMBINATION PRODUCTS AMOXICILLIN/CLAVULANATE† (compare to Augmentin®) tablets, chewable tablets, suspension	Moxatag <sup>®</sup> (amoxicillin extended release) tablet $QL = l \ tablet/day$ Amoxicillin/clavulanate† ER (compare to Augmentin $XR^{@}$ ) tablets  Augmentin <sup>®</sup> *• (amoxicillin/clavulanate) tablets, suspension	<ul> <li>Augmentin: patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the requested medication. OR patient is &lt; 12 weeks of age and requires the 125 mg/5 mL strength of Augmentin.</li> <li>Amoxicillin/Clavulanate ER, Augmentin XR, Moxatag: prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. Additionally, for approval of brand Augmentin XR, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic Amoxicillin/Clavulanate ER</li> <li>Limitations: Brand Augmentin® Chewable tablets do not offer Federal Rebate and therefore cannot be provided.</li> </ul>
AMOXICILLIN/CLAVULANATE† 600-42.9mg/5ml	Augmentin XR® (amoxicillin/clavulanate) tablets	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(formerly Augmentin ES®) suspension	PA will be granted for 125 mg/5 mL strength for patients < 12 weeks of age	
QUINOLONES		
CIPROFLOXACIN† (compare to Cipro®) tabs, oral suspension  LEVOFLOXACIN† (compare to Levaquin®) tabs, sol  OFLOXACIN†  IV drugs are not managed at this time	Avelox <sup>®</sup> (moxifloxacin HCL) Avelox ABC PACK <sup>®</sup> (moxifloxacin HCL)  Cipro <sup>®</sup> * (ciprofloxacin) tabs, oral suspension Cipro XR <sup>®</sup> (ciprofloxacin) ciprofloxacin ER† (compare to Cipro XR <sup>®</sup> ) Levaquin <sup>®</sup> * (levofloxacin) tabs,sol moxifloxacin† (compare to Avelox <sup>®</sup> )	Cipro, Cipro XR, ciprofloxacin ER: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic ciprofloxacin immediate-release tablets or oral suspension. AND If the request is for Cipro XR or Cipro the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  Avelox, Moxifloxacin: patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to levofloxacin. AND If the request is for Avelox, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic moxifloxacin.  Levaquin (brand): patient has a documented intolerance with the generic levofloxacin
RIFAMYCINS		
	Xifaxan <sup>®</sup> (rifaximin) 200 mg Tablets ( <i>Qty limit depends on indication</i> )  Xifaxan <sup>®</sup> (rifaximin) 550 mg Tablets ( <i>Qty limit depends on indication</i> )	Criterial for Approval: Based on Indication: Hepatic Encephalopathy (Xifaxan 550 mg Tablets Only): patient has a diagnosis of hepatic encephalopathy. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to lactulose. AND Quantity limit is 2 tablets/day (550 mg tablets only).  Traveller's Diarrhea (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets Only): patient has a diagnosis of traveller's diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of Escherichia coli. AND



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication with a fluoroquinolone. AND Quantity limit is 9 tablets/RX (200 mg tablets only).  Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of SIBO. AND Patient has attempted dietary modification and has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to (alone or in combination) one of the following: Amoxicillin-clavulanate, cephalosporin, metronidazole, fluoroquinolone, tetracycline, and trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg to 1,200 mg/day.  Irritable Bowel Syndrome (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome without constipation or with symptoms of bloating. AND Patient has attempted dietary modification and has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of the following classes (one of which must be an antibiotic): • Antibiotics (alone or in combination: amoxicillin-clavulanate, cephalosporin, metronidazole, fluoroquinolone, tetracycline, trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole) • SSRIs • TCAs • Antispasmodics • Antidiarrheals • Cholestyramine resin AND Quantity limit is 1,200 mg to 1,650 mg/day.
		<ul> <li>Inflammatory Bowel Disease: Crohn's Disease (Xifaxan 550 mg or 200 mg         Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of Crohn's Disease. AND Patient has had a         documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of         the following: 6-mercaptopurine, aminosalicylates, azathioprine, corticosteroids,         fluoroquinolone and/or metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 600 mg to 1,600         mg/day.     </li> <li>Inflammatory Bowel Disease: Ulcerative Colitis (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets):         patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis. AND Patient has had a documented         side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to two of the following:</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		6-mercaptopurine, aminosalicylates, azathioprine, corticosteroids, fluoroquinolone and/or metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg/day (4 x 200 mg tablets/day).
		Clostridium difficile Diarrhea (Xifaxan 200 mg Tablets): patient has a diagnosis of C. difficile diarrhea. AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to metronidazole. AND Quantity limit is 800 mg/day (4 x 200 mg tablets/day).
VANCOMYCIN		
IV vancomycin products are not managed at this time	Vancocin <sup>®</sup> (vancomycin) Capsules Vancomycin† (compare to Vancocin <sup>®</sup> ) Capsules	Criteria for Approval: patient's diagnosis or indication is enterocolitis caused by Staphylococcus aureus. OR patient's diagnosis or indication is antibiotic-associated pseudomembranous colitis caused by Clostridium AND patient has had a therapeutic failure, adverse reaction or contraindication to metronidazole OR prescriber provides a clinically compelling rationale why metronidazole is not appropriate for the patient. (e.g. patient has severe Clostridium difficile infection, history of recurrent infections). AND For approval of brand Vancocin, the patient must meet the above criteria and have a documented intolerance to the generic.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIF	FUNGAL
ALLYLAMINES		
terbinafine† tabs (compare to Lamisil®) <i>QL</i> = 30 tablets/month (therapy limit of 90 days)  Griseofulvin Microsize Cap, Tab, Susp, Powder	Griseofulvin Ultramicrosize TabletsLamisil <sup>®</sup> (terbinafine) granules ( <i>QL</i> : 125 mg packet (1 or 2 per day depending on dose) 187.5 mg packet (1 per day) post PA approval)  Lamisil <sup>®</sup> tablets (terbinafine HCL) <i>QL</i> = 30 tablets/month	<ul> <li>Griseofulvin: patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with terbinafine tablets.</li> <li>Lamisil Tabs: the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic terbinafine.</li> <li>Lamisil Granules: patient has a diagnosis of a Tinea capitis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, or fungal culture). AND patient has a requirement for an oral liquid dosage form. AND patient had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Griseofulvin suspension</li> </ul>
AZOLES		
FLUCONAZOLE† (compare to Diflucan®) tabs, suspension	Cresemba <sup>®</sup> (isavuconazonium) Caps Diflucan <sup>®</sup> * (fluconazole) tabs, suspension itraconazole† (compare to Sporanox <sup>®</sup> ) caps	Cresemba:  • Diagnosis of either invasive aspergillosis or mucormycosis  • Age ≥18 years old  • Documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure
KETOCONAZOLE† (formerly Nizoral <sup>®</sup> ) tabs  CLOTRIMAZOLE Troche† (compare to Mycelex <sup>®</sup> )	Noxafil <sup>®</sup> (posaconazole) oral suspension Noxafil <sup>®</sup> (posaconazole) DR Tablets $(QL=93 \ tablets/30 \ days)$	with voriconazole  • Completion of regimen started by hospital  Itraconazole 100mg/Sporanox: patient has a diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis,
IV drugs are not managed at this time.	Onmel <sup>®</sup> (itraconazole) 200 mg tablet ( $QL=1 \ tab/day$ )  Sporanox <sup>®</sup> (itraconazole) caps, solution  VFend <sup>®</sup> (voriconazole) tabs, suspension	blastomycosis, or histoplasmosis OR The patient has a diagnosis of a fingernail/toenail onychomycosis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, fungal culture or physician clinical judgment) AND has a documented side-effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure to oral



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	voriconazole† (compare to VFend <sup>®</sup> ) tabs, suspension	terbinafine AND meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient is immunocompromised o Patient has diagnosis of systemic dermatosis, Patient has significant vascular compromise OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least ONE of the preferred medications. For approval of Sporanox®capsules, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic itraconazole. For approval of Sporanox solution, the patient must have a medical necessity for a liquid dosage form.  Onmel 200mg: patient has a diagnosis of a toenail onychomycosis infection (confirmed with a positive KOH stain, PAS stain, fungal culture or physician clinical judgment) AND has a documented side-effect, allergy, contraindication, or treatment failure to oral terbinafine AND there is a clinical reason that itraconazole 100 mg generic capsules cannot be used AND meets at least 1 of the following criteria: Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient has significant vascular compromise  Limitations: Coverage of Onychomycosis agents will NOT be approved solely for cosmetic purposes.  Voriconazole/Vfend: Patient has a diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis. OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE of the preferred medications AND itraconazole. AND For approval of Vfend® tablets, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic voriconazole. AND For approval of voriconazole suspenion, the patient must additionally have a documented intolerance
		to generic voriconazole suspension.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Noxafil: patient has a diagnosis of HIV/immunocompromised status (neutropenia secondary to chemotherapy, hematopoietic stem cell transplant recipients) AND Noxafil is being used for the prevention of invasive Aspergillosis/Candida infections. OR patient is completing a course of therapy with the requested medication that was initiated in the hospital. OR Oral Suspension ONLY patient has a documented side-effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE of the preferred medications AND itraconazole AND the patient is being treated for oropharyngeal candidiasis.  Diflucan (brand): For approval of Diflucan brand name product, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic fluconazole. Oravig: The indication for use is treatment of oropharyngeal candidasis. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure/inadequate response to both nystatin suspension and clotrimazole troche. OR patient is unable to be compliant with the nystatin suspension and/or clotrimazole troche dosing schedules.
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTIMALAR	IALS: QUININE
	Quinine sulfate† (compare to  Qualaquin <sup>®</sup> )  Qualaquin <sup>®</sup> (quinine sulfate)	Criteria for Approval: diagnosis or indication is for the treatment of malaria. (Use for leg cramps not permitted.) AND If the request is for brand Qualaquin, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANTI-INFECTIVES ANTI-	VIRALS
HERPES (ORAL)		
ACYCLOVIR† (compare to Zovirax <sup>®</sup> )  VALACYCLOVIR† (compare to Valtrex <sup>®</sup> )	famciclovir † (compare to Famvir <sup>®</sup> )§ Famvir <sup>®</sup> (famciclovir) Sitavig <sup>®</sup> (acyclovir) Buccal Tablet <i>QL</i> = 2 tablets/30 days  Valtrex <sup>®</sup> * (valacyclovir) Zovirax <sup>®</sup> *(acyclovir) §	<ul> <li>Famciclovir, Zovirax: patient has a documented side effect or allergy, or treatment failure (at least one course of ten or more days) with acyclovir AND valacyclovir.</li> <li>Famvir: patient has a documented side effect or allergy, or treatment failure (at least one course of ten or more days) with acyclovir AND valacyclovir. AND patient has a documented intolerance to generic famciclovir.</li> <li>Sitavig: patient has a diagnosis of recurrent herpes labialis (cold sores). AND patient is immunocompetent AND patient has a documented side effect or treatment failure with acyclovir AND valacyclovir.</li> <li>Valtrex: patient has a documented intolerance to generic valacyclovir</li> </ul>
INFLUENZA MEDICATIONS		
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met RELENZA® (zanamivir) QL= 20 blisters / 30 days TAMIFLU® (oseltamivir) QL=10 capsules/30 days(45 mg & 75 mg caps) 20 capsules / 30 days (30 mg caps) 180 ml (6 mg/ml) / 30 days (suspension)		<ul> <li>Tamiflu, Relenza: Tamiflu and Relenza will NOT require prior-authorization at this time when prescribed within the following quantity limits:</li> <li>Relenza: 20 blisters per 30 days</li> <li>Tamiflu: 75mg or 45mg: 10 caps per 30 day</li> <li>Tamiflu: 30mg: 20 caps per 30 days</li> <li>Tamiflu: Suspension (6mg/ml): 180ml (3 bottles) per 30 days</li> <li>Limitations: Amantadine, Flumadine and rimantadine are not CDC recommended for use in influenza treatment or chemoprophylaxis at this time and are not covered for this indication. For information regarding amantadine see "Parkinsons Medications". Flumadine/rimantadine is not covered for any</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		indication.
		mulcanon.
INFLUENZA VACCINES		
SEASONAL Influenza Vaccine INJECTION  Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3),  Standard Dose (egg based)  AFLURIA Injection		<b>Flumist:</b> Flumist is being requested for influenza prophylaxis during flu season AND The patient is between the ages of 19 and 49 years old, AND Prescriber provides documentation of a contraindication to an intramuscular injection (e.g., currently on warfarin; history of thrombocytopenia) or other compelling information to support the use of this dosage form.
FLUARIX <sup>®</sup> Injection FLULAVAL <sup>®</sup> Injection FLUVIRIN <sup>®</sup> Injection FLUZONE <sup>®</sup> Injection FLUZONE INTRADERMAL <sup>®</sup> Injection	Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (ccIIV3), Standard Dose (cell culture based) (NOT egg free) Flucelvax® Injection  Recombinant Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (RIV3) (egg FREE) Flublok® Injection	EXCLUDED FROM APPROVAL: Hypersensitivity (severe allergy) to any FluMist component including eggs and egg products.  Children and adolescents aged 2 – 17 years receiving aspirin therapy (increased risk of Reye's Syndrome).  History of Guillain-Barre Syndrome.  People with a medical condition that places them at high risk for complications from influenza, including those with chronic heart or lung disease, such as asthma or reactive airways disease; people with medical conditions such as
Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Trivalent (IIV3), High Dose (egg based)  FLUZONE HIGH-DOSE® Injection  Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, Quadrivalent (IIV4),		diabetes or kidney failure; or people with illnesses that weaken the immune system, or who take medications that can weaken the immune system.  Children <5 years old with a history of recurrent wheezing Pregnant women  Flueclvax: Flucelvax is being requested for influenza prophylaxis during flu season  AND patient is > 18 years old. AND Prescriber provides clinical rationale why one of the preferred influenza vaccines cannot be used.
Standard Dose (egg based) FLUARIX® QUADRIVALENT Injection FLULAVAL® QUADRIVALENT Injection	SEASONAL Influenza Vaccine NASAL  Live Attenuated Influenza Vaccine, Quadrivalent	<b>Flublok:</b> Flublok is being requested for influenza prophylaxis during flu season AND patient is between the ages of >18 and < 50 years old. AND patient has an egg allergy.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
FLUZONE <sup>®</sup> QUADRIVALENT Injection	(LAIV4) (egg based)	
	FluMist® Quadrivalent Intranasal	
VACCINES - OTHER		
Preferred after Age Limit is met		
Gardasil		<b>Gardasil</b> : Covered for 19 years old to 26 years old (those under 19 should
Zostavax		be referred to their pediatrician or PCP for state-supplied vaccine)
		<b>Zostavax:</b> Covered if $\geq$ 60 years of age
		Vaccines on the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) list
		of recommended vaccines for children $\leq 18$ years of age are supplied through
		the Vaccines for Children program administered by the Vermont
		Department of Health, and are not available through DVHA's pharmacy
		programs
		• Vaccines on the ACIP list of recommended vaccines for adults ≥ 19 years of
		age are available at many primary care provider offices and through the
		pharmacy programs. Vaccines are subject to the same limitations as the
		ACIP guideline recommendations. Providers who participate in the
		Blueprint for Health initiative must enroll in the Vaccines for Adults
		program administered by the Vermont Department of Health. The ACIP
		guidelines and information about enrollment in these programs can be found
		at <a href="http://healthvermont.gov/hc/imm/provider.aspx">http://healthvermont.gov/hc/imm/provider.aspx</a> •Vaccines not on the
		recommended list may require Prior Authorization.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANTI-MIGRAINE TRIP	ΓANS
Single Agent ORAL SUMATRIPTAN† (compare to Imitrex®) Quantity Limit = 18 tablets/month (25 mg), 9 tablets/month (50 mg, 100 mg)  After Sumatriptan Trial  Relpax® (eletriptan) 20 mg, 40 mg Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month rizatriptan† (compare to Maxalt®) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month RIZATRIPTAN ODT† (compare to Maxalt-MLT®) § Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month	Amerge <sup>®</sup> (naratriptan) 1 mg, 2.5 mg Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month Axert <sup>®</sup> (almotriptan) Quantity Limit = 6 tablets/month Frova <sup>®</sup> (frovatriptan) 2.5 mg Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month Imitrex <sup>®*</sup> (sumatriptan) Quantity Limit = 18 tablets/month (25 mg), 9 tablets/month (50 mg, 100 mg),  Maxalt <sup>®</sup> (rizatriptan) 5 mg, 10 mg tablet Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month Maxalt-MLT <sup>®</sup> (rizatriptan ODT) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month NARATRIPTAN† (compare to Amerge <sup>®</sup> ) § (Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month) Zomig <sup>®</sup> (zolmitriptan) tablets Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg) Zomig <sup>®</sup> ZMT (zolmitriptan ODT) Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6 tablets/month (5 mg)	<ul> <li>Amerge, Axert, Frova, Imitrex, Maxalt, Maxalt MLT, Naratriptan, Zomig, Zomig ZMT, Zolmitriptan, Zolmitriptan ODT: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Sumatriptan, Relpax, and Rizatriptan or Rizatriptan ODT. If the request is for brand Maxalt, Zomig, or Zomig ZMT, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic product.</li> <li>Relpax, Rizatriptan, Rizatriptan ODT: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Sumatriptan.</li> <li>Treximet: patient had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with 2 preferred Triptans, AND patient is unable to take the individual components (sumatriptan and naproxen) separately.</li> <li>Zomig Nasal Spray: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure of Imitrex Nasal Spray</li> <li>Sumatriptan Nasal Spray: patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Imitrex.</li> <li>Alsuma, Sumatriptan, Sumavel Dose Pro Injections: patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Imitrex.</li> <li>To exceed quantity limits: patient is taking a medication for migraine prophylaxis.</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NASAL SPRAY  IMITREX® (sumatriptan)  Quantity Limit = 12 units/month (5 mg nasal spray), 6 units/month (20 mg nasal spray)	Zolmitriptan† (compare to Zomig®) tablets  Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6  tablets/month (5 mg)  Zolmitriptan† ODT (compare to Zomig® ZMT)  Quantity Limit = 12 tablets/month (2.5 mg), 6  tablets/month (5 mg)  Sumatriptan† (compare to Imitrex®)  Quantity Limit = 12 units/month (5 mg nasal spray), 6 units/month (20 mg nasal spray)  Zomig® (zolmitriptan)  Quantity Limit = 12 units/month (2.5 or 5 mg nasal	
INJECTABLE IMITREX® (sumatriptan) Quantity Limit =4 injections/month (4 or 6 mg injection)	spray)  Alsuma (sumatriptan) 6 mg/0.5ml Quantity Limit = 4 injections/month sumatriptan (compare to Imitrex) Quantity Limit = 4 injections/month (4 or 6 mg injection)  Sumavel DosePro (sumatriptan) 6 mg/0.5ml, 4 mg/0.5 ml	
Combination Product (Oral)	Quantity Limit =4 injections/month  Treximet <sup>®</sup> (sumatriptan/naproxen)  Quantity Limit = 9 tablets/month	



**EFFECTIVE** Version

Updated: 02/09/16

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA

#### **ANTI-OBESITY**

Effective 10/12/2011, anti-obesity agents (weight loss agents) are no longer a covered benefit for all Vermont Pharmacy Programs. This change is resultant from Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board concerns regarding safety and efficacy of these agents.

#### **ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (CHILDREN < 18 YEARS OLD)**

#### Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met TABLETS/CAPSULES

OLANZAPINE† (compare to Zyprexa<sup>®</sup>) FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs)

RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day

QUETIAPINE† (compare to Seroquel®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day

ZIPRASIDONE† (compare to Geodon<sup>®</sup>) FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day Aripiprazole (compare to Abilify<sup>®</sup>) FDA maximum recommended dose=30mgday, QL = 1.5 tabs/day (5mg, 10mg, & 15mg)

Abilify<sup>®</sup> (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg, 10 mg & 15 mg

Clozapine† (compare to Clozaril®) FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day

Clozaril<sup>®</sup> (clozapine)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day

Geodon<sup>®</sup> (ziprasidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day

Invega<sup>®</sup> (paliperidone)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 12 mg/day Quantity limit = 1 tab/day (3mg, 9mg), 2 tabs/day(6mg)

Criteria for approval: (Children < 18 years old) Note: all requests for patients < 5 years old will be reviewed by the DVHA Medical Director.

Target symptoms or Diagnosis that will be accepted for approval: Target Symptoms - Grandiosity/euphoria/mania; Obsessions/compulsions; Psychotic symptoms; Tics (motor or vocal). Diagnosis- Autism with Aggression and/or irritability; Bipolar Disorder; Intellectual Disability with Aggression and/or Irritability; Obsessive Compulsive Disorder; Schizophrenia/Schizoaffective Disorder; Tourette's Syndrome.

#### Preferred after clinical criteria are met: Tablets & Capsules:

Olanzapine, Risperidone, Ziprasidone: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above.

Quetiapine: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met  ORAL SOLUTIONS  RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®) oral solution	Risperdal <sup>®</sup> (risperidone)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day  Seroquel <sup>®</sup> (quetiapine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day  Saphris <sup>®</sup> (asenapine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20mg/day QL  = 2 tabs/ day	diagnoses listed above. Note: Quetiapine will not be approved for indication of insomnia, for sleep or as a hypnotic.  Risperdone Oral Sol: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above.  Non-Preferred:
FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day	Seroquel XR <sup>®</sup> (quetiapine XR)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day (150 mg & 200 mg tablet strengths), 2 tabs/day (50 mg strength)  Zyprexa <sup>®</sup> (olanzapine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs)	Invega/Saphris: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization). OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above AND patient had had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least two preferred products after clinical criteria are met with products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) one of which is risperidone.  Cloazaril, Geodon, Risperdal, Seroquel, Zyprezxa: patient meets clinical criteria for the generic equivalent AND patient has a documented intolerance to the
ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS	Abilify <sup>®</sup> (aripiprazole) oral solution  FDA maximum recommended dose = 25 mg/day  Risperdal <sup>®</sup> (risperidone) oral solution  FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day  Versacloz <sup>®</sup> (clozapine) Oral Suspension  FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day  Quantity limit = 18 ml/day	generic equivalent.  Clozapine: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication.  (Note samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three other antipsychotic medications (typical or atypical antipsychotics), two of which are preferred after clinical criteria are met products (see tables)  Seroquel XR: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication.  (Note samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Abilify® Discmelt (aripiprazole)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 2 tabs/day (10 mg & 15 mg tabs) clozapine orally disintegrating tablets† (Compare to FazaClo®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day  FazaClo® (clozapine orally disintegrating tablets)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day  Olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets† (compare to Zyprexa Zydis®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs)  Risperdal® M-Tab (risperidone orally disintegrating tablets)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day  Risperidone† ODT (compare to Risperdal® M-Tab)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day  Zyprexa Zydis® (olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg)	medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above AND patient has not been able to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of quetiapine immediate release resulting in a significant clinical impact.  Abilify: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR indication or use is treatment of autism with aggression and/or irritability, intellectual disability with aggression and/or irritability or Tourette's syndrome/tics (motor or vocal) AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone OR indication or use is treatment of autism with aggression and/or irritability, intellectual disability with aggression and/or irritability or Tourette's syndrome/tics (motor or vocal AND the prescriber feels that risperidone would not be an appropriate alternative for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes. OR medication is being requested for one of the other target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above. AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least two preferred after clinical criteria are met products (typical or atypical antipsychotic), one of which is risperdone. OR prescriber feels that neither risperidone nor quetiapine would be appropriate alternatives for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes.  Abilify Oral Solution: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization), OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone oral solution OR prescriber feels that



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		risperidone would not be an appropriate alternative for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes.  Risperdal: patient meets clinical criteria for the generic equivalent AND patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product risperidone.  Versacloz Oral Solution: patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three other antipsychotic medications (typical or atypical antipsychotics). AND patient is unable to use clozapine orally disintegrating tablets.  Olanzapine ODT, Risperdal M-Tabs, Risperidone ODT, Zyprexa Zydis: patient meets clinical criteria for non-orally disintegrating oral dosage forms of the same medication AND Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND if the request is for Risperdal M-tabs or Zyprexa Zydis, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  Clozapine ODT, FazaClo: patient has been started and stabilized on any form of the requested medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) AND Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three other antipsychotic medications (typical or atypical antipsychotics) AND Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided AND if the request is for a brand product with a generic equivalent, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic product.  Abilify Discmelt: patient has been started and stabilized on any form of the



Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization) AND Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided OR medication is being requested for one of the target symptoms or patient diagnoses listed above AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Risperdal M-tab OR prescriber feels that risperidone would not be an appropriate alternative for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes AND Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided.  Limitations: Approval for use in Children < 18 years old will not be granted for the following medications or dosage forms due to no FDA approval for use in children and little or no literature to support their use in this population.  Exceptions will be made for patients who have been started and stabilized on the requested medication or dosage form (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization): Fanapt, Latuda, Geodon Im, Abilify IM, Olanzapine IM, Zyprexa IM, Abilify Maintena, Invega Sustenna, Risperdal Consta, Zyprexa Relprevv, Symbyax, Olanzapine/fluoxetine.

#### **ANTI-PSYCHOTIC ATYPICAL & COMBINATIONS (CHILDREN ≥ 18 YEARS OLD)**

TABLETS/CAPSULES
CLOZAPINE† (compare to Clozaril®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day
OLANZAPINE† (compare to Zyprexa®)

Aripiprazole (compare to Abilify<sup>®</sup>)

FDA maximum recommended dose=30mgday, QL
= 1.5 tabs/day (5mg, 10mg, & 15mg)

Abilify<sup>®</sup> (aripiprazole)

FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day,
Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg, 10 mg & 15 mg
tabs)

Fanapt: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is the treatment of schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics).



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

(No PA required unless otherwise noted) (PA required) PA CRITERIA
Clozarii   ** (clozapine   FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day   FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day   FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day   FDA maximum recommended dose = 160 mg/day   FDA maximum recommended dose = 3mg (adjunct of MDD) or 5mg (schizophrenia)   FDA maximum recommended dose = 3mg (adjunct of MDD) or 5mg (schizophrenia)   FDA maximum recommended dose = 10 mg/day   Saphris** (asenapine) sublingual tablet   FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day   Seroquel** (quetapine)   FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day   FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ORAL SOLUTIONS  RISPERIDONE† (compare to Risperdal®) oral solution  FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day  SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS  GEODON® IM (ziprasidone intramuscular injection)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 40 mg/day	FDA maximum recommended dose = 800 mg/day Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day (150 mg & 200 mg tablet strengths), 2 tabs/day (50 mg strength)  ZYPREXA®* (olanzapine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg & 10 mg tabs)  Abilify® (aripiprazole) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 25 mg/day  Risperdal® (risperidone) oral solution FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day  Versacloz® (clozapine) Oral Suspension FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Quantity limit = 18 ml/day	alternatives for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes. OR The indication for use is Bipolar I depression. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic quetiapine. OR The indication for use is Bipolar I depression. AND The prescriber feels that quetiapine would not be an appropriate alternative for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes.  **Rexulti:** The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication.  (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR the indication for use is schizophrenia AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products, one being Abilify (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR the indication for use is adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from two different classes (SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150mg day would not be considered a trial for indication AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with one preferred atypical antipsychotic product and Abilify being used as adjunctive therapy.  **Quetiapine/Seroquel < or = 50mg/day:* The patient is being prescribed > 50 mg/day with combinations of tablet strengths. OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder,
	Abilify <sup>®</sup> IM (aripiprazole intramuscular injection)	PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder) and the patient has



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS  ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS	FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Olanzapine† intramuscular injection (compare to Zyprexa® IM) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Zyprexa® IM (olanzapine intramuscular injection) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day Abilify Maintena® (aripiprazole monohydrate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 400 mg/month Quantity limit = 1 vial/28 days Invega Sustenna® (paliperidone palmitate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 234 mg/month Invega Trinza® (paliperidone palmitate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 819mg/3months Risperdal® Consta (risperdone microspheres) FDA maximum recommended dose = 50 mg/14 days Zyprexa Relprevv® (olanzapine pamoate) FDA maximum recommended dose = 600 mg/month Quantity limit = 1 vial/28 days (405 mg) or 2 vials/month (210 or 300 mg) Abilify® Discmelt (aripiprazole) FDA maximum recommended dose = 30 mg/day, Quantity limit = 2 tabs/day (10 mg & 15 mg tabs) clozapine orally disintegrating tablets† (Compare to	had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories) or at least 2 antidepressants from the SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories and buspirone.  Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day and bupropion would not be considered trials for this indication. OR The indication for use is a mental health indication (other than the two above indications or a sleep disorder). AND If the request if for brand Seroquel, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic quetiapine.  Note: Quetiapine in doses of < 50 mg/day will not be approved for indications of insomnia, for sleep or as a hypnotic.  Seroquel XR: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder (bipolar mania, bipolar depression, and bipolar maintenance). OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. OR  The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories) or at least 2 antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories and buspirone. Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day and



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	FazaClo®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day FazaClo® (clozapine orally disintegrating tablets)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 900 mg/day Olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets† (compare to  Zyprexa Zydis®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs)  Risperdal® M-Tab (risperidone orally disintegrating tablets)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Risperidone† ODT (compare to Risperdal® M-Tab)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 16 mg/day Zyprexa Zydis® (olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 20 mg/day, Quantity limit = 1.5 tabs/day (5 mg & 10 mg tabs)  olanzapine/fluoxetine† (compare to Symbyax®)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 18 mg/75 mg (per day)  Symbyax® (olanzapine/fluoxetine)  FDA maximum recommended dose = 18 mg/75 mg (per day)	bupropion would not be considered trials for this indication. AND The patient has not been able to be adherent to a twice daily dosing schedule of quetiapine immediate release resulting in a significant clinical impact  Abilify: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least three preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with ziprasidone and the prescriber feels that neither risperidone nor quetiapine would be appropriate alternatives for the patient because of pre-existing medical conditions such as obesity or diabetes. OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at <150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive- compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Stress Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories) or at least 2 antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories and buspirone.  Trazodone dosed at <150 mg/day and bupropion would not be considered trials for this indication. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with one preferred atypical antipsychotic product being used as adjunctive therapy. OR The



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)  (PA required)  psychosis, or agitation secondary to Alzheimer's disease or other dementias AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failu with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics). (Note: Pleas consider FDA Black Box Warning) OR The indication or use is treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone. OR The indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has he documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or cloni and also risperidone.  Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the required medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSR) SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Ste	
AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failu with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics). (Note: Pleas consider FDA Black Box Warning) OR The indication or use is treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone. OR Th indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has he documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or cloni and also risperidone.  Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requ medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequa response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSR SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	
AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failu with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics). (Note: Pleas consider FDA Black Box Warning) OR The indication or use is treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone. OR Th indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has he documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or cloni and also risperidone.  Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requ medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequa response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSR SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	
with two preferred products (typical or atypical antipsychotics). (Note: Pleas consider FDA Black Box Warning) OR The indication or use is treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone. OR Th indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or cloni and also risperidone.  Ability Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requ medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequa response to at least 3 different antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	
consider FDA Black Box Warning) OR The indication or use is treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone. OR Th indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has he documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or cloni and also risperidone.  Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requ medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequa response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSR SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St	3
irritability associated with autistic disorder AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone. OR Th indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has he documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or cloni and also risperidone.  Ability Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requ medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequa response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St	
documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with risperidone. OR Th indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has he documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or clonic and also risperidone.  Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requestion medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. Of The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St	
indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has he documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or clonic and also risperidone.  Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. Of The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	
documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or clonic and also risperidone. <b>Abilify Oral Solutions:</b> The patient has been started and stabilized on the required medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. Of The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	
and also risperidone.  Ability Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. Of The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	d a
Abilify Oral Solutions: The patient has been started and stabilized on the required medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. Of The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	ine
medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. Of The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	
stabilization.) OR The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequa response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSR) SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St	sted
Depressive Disorder (MDD) and the patient has had a documented inadequa response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Str	
response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different classes (SSRI SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	
SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories). Trazodone dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St.	3
dosed at < 150 mg/day would not be considered a trial for this indication. O The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St	
The indication for use is Adjunct treatment of any anxiety disorder (panic, agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute Str	
agoraphobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, PTSD, Acute St	L
Disorder, Generalized Anxiety Disorder) and the patient has had a document	
inadequate response to at least 3 different antidepressants from 2 different cl	
(SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous Antidepressant categories) or a	
least 2 antidepressant from the SSRI, SNRI, tricyclic and/or Miscellaneous	
Antidepressant categories and buspirone. Trazodone dosed at <150 mg/day a	
bupropion would not be considered trials for this indication. AND The patient	t
has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with preferred	
risperidone oral solution being used as adjunctive therapy. OR The indication	for
use is schizophrenia/schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder. OR The	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(100 FA required unless otherwise noted)	(r A required)	TA CRITERIA
		indication for use is treatment of aggression, psychosis, or agitation secondary to Alzheimer's disease or other dementias. (Note: Please consider FDA Black Box Warning) OR The indication or use is treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder. OR The indication or use is treatment of Tourette's syndrome AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with guanfacine or clonidine. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with preferred risperidone oral solution.  Risperdal Oral Solution: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product risperidone.  Versacloz Oral Solution: The patient has a medical necessity for a non-solid oral dosage form and is unable to use clozapine orally disintegrating tablets.  NON-PREFERRED SHORT-ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Geodon IM. In addition, for approval of Zyprexa® IM, the patient must have had a documented intolerance to generic olanzapine IM.
		Risperdal Consta Inj: The patient has been started and stabilized on the medication OR Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided (non-compliance with oral medications) AND Tolerability has been established previously with oral risperidone.  Invega Sustenna Inj: The patient has been started and stabilized on the medication OR Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided (non-compliance with oral medications) AND Tolerability has been established
		previously with oral/injectable risperidone or oral paliperidone.  Invega Trinza: The patient has been started and stabilized on the medication OR medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided (noncompliance with oral medications) AND tolerability has been established previously with



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
COMBINATION PRODUCTS		oral/injectable risperidone or oral paliperidone AND Invega Sustenna for at least four months AND only when the dose has been stable over the prior two months.  Zyprexa Relprevv: The patient has been started and stabilized on the medication OR Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided (noncompliance with oral medications) AND Tolerability has been established previously with oral olanzapine.  Abilify Maintena: The patient has been started and stabilized on the medication OR Document clinically compelling information supporting the choice of a nonpreferred agent on a General Prior Authorization Request Form. Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided (non-compliance with oral medications) AND Tolerability has been established previously with oral aripiprazole for at least 2 weeks.  ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLETS: Medical necessity for a specialty dosage form has been provided. AND If the request is for FazaClo, Risperdal M-Tab or Zyprexa Zydis, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  COMBINATION PRODUCTS: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred products (ziprasidone, risperidone, and quetiapine). OR The prescriber provides a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. AND If the request is for brand product, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	ANTI-PSYCHOTIC: TYP	ICALS
ORAL TABLETS/CAPSULES CHLORPROMAZINE† (formerly Thorazine®) FLUPHENAZINE† (formerly Prolixin®) HALOPERIDOL† (compare to Haldol®)	Haldol <sup>®</sup> * (haloperidol) Loxitane <sup>®</sup> * (loxapine) Navane <sup>®</sup> * (thiothixene) 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	Criteria for Approval Oral: patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least two preferred products (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic)
LOXAPINE† (compare to Loxitane <sup>®</sup> )  NAVANE <sup>®</sup> (thiothixene) (20 mg ONLY)  PERPHENAZINE† (formerly Trilafon <sup>®</sup> )  THIORIDAZINE† (formerly Mellaril <sup>®</sup> )  THIOTHIXENE† (compare to Navane <sup>®</sup> )  TRIFLUOPERAZINE† (formerly Stelazine <sup>®</sup> )  LONG ACTING INJECTABLE PRODUCTS  FLUPHENAZINE DECANOATE† (formerly Prolixin <sup>®</sup> decanoate)  HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE† (compare to Haldol <sup>®</sup> decanoate)	Haldol <sup>®</sup> decanoate* (haloperidol decanoate)	Long Acting Injectable Products: for approval of haldol decanoate, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.



**EFFECTIVE** Version

**Updated: 02/09/16** 

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	BONE RESORPTION INHI	BITORS
ORAL BISPHOSPHONATES TABLETS/CAPSULES  ALENDRONATE† (compare to Fosamax®)  INJECTABLE BISPHOSPHONATES	Actonel <sup>®</sup> (risedronate) Atelvia (risedronate) Delayed Release Tablet (Quantity Limit = 4 tablets/28 days) Binosto® (alendronate) 70 mg effervescent tablet (Quantity Limit=4 tablets/28 days) Boniva® (ibandronate) (Quantity Limit = 150 mg tablet/1 tablet per 28 days) Didronel® (etidronate) Etidronate† (compare to Didronel®) Fosamax Plus D® (alendronate/vitamin D) Ibandronate† (compare to Boniva®) (Quantity Limit = 150 mg tablet/1 tablet per 28 days) Risedronate† (compare to Actonel®) Skelid® (tiludronate) Boniva® Injection (ibandronate) (QL = 3 mg/3 months (four doses)/year) ibandronate Injection† (compare to Boniva®) (QL=3 mg/3 months (four doses)/year)	Actonel, Risedronate: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure (at least a six-month trial) to generic alendronate OR patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis, osteoporosis in men or glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure (at least a 1 year trial) to generic alendronate. Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture after one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate AND if the request is for brand Actonel, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to generic risedronate  Atelvia, Boniva Oral, Ibandronate: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure (at least 1 year trial) to generic alendronate. Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture for one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate AND if the request if for brand Boniva oral, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to generic Ibandronate  Binosto: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis or osteoporosis in men. AND prescriber provides documentation of medical necessity for the specialty dosage form (i.e. inability to swallow tablets, dysphagia).  Calcitonin Nasal Spray (generic), Fortical, Miacalcin Nasal Spray: patient is started and stabilized on the requested medication. If the request is for generic
	Reclast $^{\mathbb{R}}$ Injection (zoledronic acid) (Quantity Limit = 3 mg (one dose)/year)	Calcitonin Nasal Spray, the patient has had a documented intolerance to brand



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Zoledronic Acid Injection† (compare to Reclast <sup>®</sup> ) (QL=5 mg (one dose)/year)	Miacalcin. Note: Calcitonin Nasal Spray (brand and generic) no longer recommended for osteoporosis.  Miacalcin Injection: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease
	Evista <sup>®</sup> (raloxifene) Tablet ( $QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$ )	Evista Tablets: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic raloxifene.  Fosamax Tablets: patient has had a documented intolerance to generic alendronate.  Fosamax Plus D: there is a clinical reason why the patient is unable to take generic
ESTROGEN AGONIST/ANTAGONIST	Prolia <sup>®</sup> Injection (denosumab) (QL=60 mg/6 months (two doses)/year)	alendronate and vitamin D separately.
RALOXIFENE† (compare to Evista <sup>®</sup> ) Tablet (QL=1 tablet/day)	Xgeva <sup>®</sup> (denosumab) ( <i>QL=120 mg/28 days</i> )	<b>Didronel, Etidronate, and Skelid:</b> patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's Disease AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure (at least a six-month trial) to generic alendronate. If a medication has an AB
INJECTABLE RANKL INHIBITOR	Calcitonin† Nasal Spray (compare to Miacalcin®)	rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation.  Forteo: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis in
CALCITONIN NASAL SPRAY	Fortical <sup>®</sup> † (calcitonin)	females, primary or hypogoandal osteoporosis in males or glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to an oral bisphosphonate. Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture after one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate. AND prescriber has verified that the
<u>CALCITONIN INJECTION</u>	Miacalcin <sup>®</sup> (calcitonin) Miacalcin <sup>®</sup> (calcitonin) Forteo <sup>®</sup> (teriparatide) ( <i>Quantity Limit = 1 pen (3 ml)/28 days</i> )	<ul> <li>patient has been counseled about osteosarcoma risk AND the quantity requested does not exceed 1 pen (3ml) per 28 days with a lifetime maximum duration of treatment of 2 years.</li> <li>Boniva Injection, Ibandronate Injection: patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect or</li> </ul>
PARATHYROID HORMONE INJECTION	(Lifetime max duration of treatment = 2 years)	treatment failure to a preferred bisphosphonate. Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture after one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate AND quantity requested does not exceed four (4) 3mg doses per year.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		Prolia Injection: diagnosis or indication is osteopenia in men at high risk for fracture receiving androgen deprivation therapy for nonmetastatic prostate cancer OR diagnosis or indication is osteopenia in women at high risk for fracture receiving adjuvant aromatase inhibitor therapy for breast cancer OR patient has a diagnosis/indication of postmenopausal osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a preferred bisphosphonate. Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture after one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate AND quantity requested does not exceed 1 syringe per 6 months.  Reclast Injection, Zoledronic Acid Injection: patient has a diagnosis/indication of Paget's disease of bone OR patient has a diagnosis of osteoporosis OR patient has a diagnosis of glucocorticoid induced osteoporosis AND patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure to a preferred bisphosphonate.  Treatment failure is defined as documented continued bone loss or fracture after one or more years despite treatment with an oral bisphosphonate AND quantity requested dose not exceed a single 5mg dose per year AND if the reclast, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic zoledronic acid injection.  Xgeva Injection: diagnosis or indication is bone metastases from solid tumors (e.g. prostate, breast, thyroid, non-small lung cancer)
	BOTULINUM TOXII	NS
	BOTOX® (onabotulinumtoxinA)	BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA): The indication for use is: o Strabismus and

95



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	M. H. @('. I. I'. I'. I'. I'. I'.	
	Myobloc® (rimabotulinumtoxinB)	blepharospasm associated with dystonia, including essential blepharospasm, VII cranial nerve disorders/hemifacial spasm or Focal dystonias, including cervical
	Available after a BOTOX® trial for select	dystonia, spasmodic dystonia, oromandibular dystonia o Limb spasticity (e.g.,
	indications:	due to cerebral palsy, multiple sclerosis, or other demyelinating CNS diseases) o
	Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA)	Focal spasticity (e.g., due to hemorrhagic stroke, anoxia, traumatic brain injury)
	Xeomin® (incobotulinumtoxinA)	o Axillary Hyperhidrosis (if member has failed an adequate trial of topical
		therapy) o Overactive bladder or detrusor overactivity (if member has failed an adequate trial of at least TWO urinary antispasmodics (either short- or long-
		acting formulations) o Chronic migraine (>15 days per month with headache
		lasting 4 hours a day or longer) and the member has failed or has a
		contraindication to an adequate trial of at least TWO medications for migraine
		prophylaxis from at least two different classes (tricyclic antidepressants, beta-
		blockers, calcium channel blockers or anticonvulsants). For re-approval after 3
		months, the patient must have had an improvement in symptoms. AND The patient is >12 years of age if for blepharospasm or strabismus, >16 years of age
		for cervical dystonia, and >18 years of age for hyperhidrosis, chronic migraine or
		overactive bladder/detrusor overactivity.
		<b>Dysport</b> (abobotulinumtoxinA): The patient has a diagnosis of cervical dystonia or
		spasmodic torticollis AND The patient is >18 years of age AND The patient
		has had a treatment failure with BOTOX.
		Myobloc (rimabotulinumtoxinB): The patient has a diagnosis of focal dystonia, including cervical dystonia, spasmodic dystonia, oromandibular dystonia AND
		The patient is >16 years of age
		<b>Xeomin (incobotulinumtoxinA):</b> The patient has a diagnosis of cervical dystonia or
		blepharospasm. AND The patient is >18 years of age AND The patient has had
		a documented intolerance or treatment failure with BOTOX.
		LIMITATIONS: Coverage of botulinum toxins will not be approved for cosmetic



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		use (e.g., glabellar lines, vertical glabellar eyebrow furrows, facial rhytides, horizontal neck rhytides, etc.). (BOTOX Cosmetic (onabotulinumtoxinA) is not covered)  IMPORTANT NOTE: Botulinum neurotoxins are used to treat various disorders of focal muscle spasm and excessive muscle contractions, such as focal dystonias. When injected intramuscularly, botulinum neurotoxins produce a presynaptic neuromuscular blockade by preventing the release of acetylcholine from the nerve endings. As a consequence of the chemistry and clinical pharmacology of each botulinum neurotoxin product, botulinum neurotoxins are not terchangeable, even among same sterotype products. Units of biological activity are unique to each preparation and cannot be compared or converted into units of another. It is important that providers recognize there is no safe dose conversion ratio—i.e., one unit of BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA, formerly type A) does not equal one unit of Myobloc (rimabotulinumtoxinA) does not equal one unit of Dysport (abobotulinumtoxinA) does not equal one unit of Xeomin (incobotulinumtoxinA). Failure to understand the unique characteristics of each formulation of botulinum neurotoxin can result in under or over dosage. It is expected that use of these products will be based on each product's individual dosing, efficacy and safety profiles.
	BPH AGENTS	S
ALPHA BLOCKERS  DOXAZOSIN† (compare to Cardura <sup>®</sup> )  TAMSULOSIN† (compare to Flomax <sup>®</sup> )	alfuzosin ER† (compare to Uroxatral <sup>®</sup> )  Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/dayCardura <sup>®</sup> * (doxazosin)  Cardura XL <sup>®</sup> (doxazosin)  Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day	Cardura, Cardura XL: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two alpha blockers, one of which must be generic doxazosin.

97



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day TERAZOSIN† (formerly Hytrin <sup>®</sup> )  ANDROGEN HORMONE INHIBITORS FINASTERIDE† (compare to Proscar <sup>®</sup> ) (QL = 1 tablet/day)  COMBINATION PRODUCT	Flomax <sup>®</sup> * (tamsulosin) Quantity Limit = 2 capsules/day Rapaflo <sup>®</sup> (silodosin) Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day Uroxatral <sup>®</sup> (alfuzosin) Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day  Avodart <sup>®</sup> (dutasteride) (QL = 1 capsule/day) finasteride† (compare to Proscar <sup>®</sup> ) females; males age < 45 (QL = 1 tablet/day) Proscar <sup>®</sup> *(finasteride) (QL = 1 tablet/day)  Jalyn <sup>®</sup> (dutasteride/tamsulosin) (QL = 1 capsule/day)	Flomax: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred alpha blockers, one of which must be generic tamsulosin.  alfuzosin ER, Rapaflo, Uroxatral: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two preferred alpha blockers. In addition, for approval of Uroxatral, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic alfuzosin ER.  Avodart: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to generic finasteride.  Proscar: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented intolerance to generic finasteride.  Finasteride for males age < 45: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy)  Jalyn: The patient has a diagnosis of BPH (benign prostatic hypertrophy) AND the patient has a documented treatment failure/inadequate response to combination therapy with generic tamsulosin and finasteride.  LIMITATIONS: Coverage of androgen hormone inhibitors will not be approved for cosmetic use in men or women (male-pattern baldness/alopecia or hirsutism). (This includes Propecia (finasteride) and its generic equivalent whose only FDA approved indication is for treatment of male pattern hair loss.) Current clinical guidelines recommend the use of Cialis (tadalafil) only in men with concomitant erectile dysfunction or pulmonary hypertension. Medicaid programs do not receive Federal funding for drugs used in the treatment of erectile dysfunction so Cialis will not be approved for use in BPH.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	CARDIAC GLYCOSID	ES
DIGOXIN† DIGOXIN† Oral Solution LANOXIN® (digoxin)		
	CHEMICAL DEPENDE	NCY
ALCOHOL DEPENDENCY		
ACAMPROSATE† (compare to Campral <sup>®</sup> ) DISULFIRAM† 250 mg, 500 mg tab (compare to Antabuse <sup>®</sup> )	Antabuse <sup>®</sup> * (disulfiram) Campral <sup>®</sup> * (acamprosate) Revia <sup>®</sup> * (naltrexone oral)	Revia, Antabuse, Campral: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product
NALTREXONE oral † (compare to Revia <sup>®</sup> )	Vivitrol <sup>®</sup> (naltexone for extended-release injectable suspension) $(QL = 1 \text{ injection } (380 \text{ mg}) \text{ per } 30 \text{ days})$	
OPIATE DEPENDENCY		
NALTREXONE oral † (compare to Revia <sup>®</sup> )  Preferred Agent after Clinical Criteria are Met  SUBOXONE <sup>®</sup> sublingual FILM (buprenorphine/nalaxone)  QL = 2 films per day (8 mg strength), 3 films per day	buprenorphine† sublingual TABLET(formerly Subutex®)  QL = 3 tablets per day (2 mg strength) or 2 tablets/day (8 mg strength) (Maximum Daily Dose = 16 mg/day) Revia®* (naltrexone oral)	Suboxone, Buprenorphine/Naloxone, Buprenorphine: Diagnosis of opiate dependence confirmed (will not be approved for alleviation of pain) AND Prescriber has a DATA 2000 waiver ID number ("X-DEA license") in order to prescribe AND A "Pharmacy Home" for all prescriptions has been selected (Pharmacy located or licensed in VT) AND Requests for

99



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(2 mg strength)or 1 film per day (4 mg and 12 mg strengths) (Maximum daily Dose = 16 mg/day)  *Maximum days supply for Suboxone is 14 days*  Note: Methadone for opiate dependency can only be prescribed through a Methadone Maintenance Clinic	buprenorphine/nalaxone† (formerly Suboxone®) sublingual TABLET  QL = 2 tablets per day (8 mg strength) or 3 tablets per day (2 mg strength)  (Maximum daily Dose = 16 mg/day)  Bunavail® (QL= 1film per day(2.1/0.3mg, 6.1/1mg), 2films per day (4.2/0.7mg)  Zubsolv® (QL=1 film per day of all strengths)  **Maximum days supply for buprenorphine/naloxone or buprenorphine is 14 days**  For Prevention of Relapse to Opioid Dependency  Vivitrol® (naltrexone for extended-release injectable suspension) (QL = 1 injection (380 mg) per 30	Buprenorphine/Naloxone SL tablet, Bunavail or Zubsolv after documented intolerance of Suboxone Film must include a completed MedWatch form that will be submitted by DVHA to the FDA. AND If buprenorphine (formerly Subutex) is being requested, Patient is either pregnant and history (copy of positive pregnancy test) has been submitted (duration of PA will be one 1 month post anticipated delivery date) OR Patient is breastfeeding a methadone or morphine dependent baby and history from the neonatologist or pediatrician has been submitted.  Vivitrol: There must be a documented trial of oral naltrexone AND Patient should be opiate free for > 7 -10 days prior to initiation of Vivitrol. If the diagnosis is alcohol dependence, there must be a clinically compelling reason for use (e.g. multiple hospital admissions for alcohol detoxification).
	days)	,
OVERDOSE TREATMENT		
Naloxone HCL Prefilled luer-lock needleless syringe plus intranasal mucosal atomizing device (Rescue kit)	Evzio <sup>®</sup> (naloxone hcl autoinjector)	Compelling clinical reason why a rescue kit comprised of naloxone plus atomizer cannot be used.
GASTROINTESTINAL AGENTS: CO	ONSTIPATION/DIARRHEA, IRRITABLE SYNDROME, OPIOID INDUCED	BOWEL SYNDROME-CONSTRIPATION, SHORT BOWEL CONSTIPATION
Preferred Agents (No PA Required)	Non-preferred Agents (PA Required)	<u>Criteria</u>
Constipation: Chronic, IBS_C, or Opioid-Induced (	Amitiza, Linzess, & Movantik length of approval: Initi	al PA of 3 months and & 12 months thereafter; Relistore: 3 months



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Bulk-Producing Laxatives PSYLLIUM†  Osmotic Laxatives LACTULOSE† POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 3350 (PEG)† ( Stimulant Laxative BISACODYL† SENNA† Stool Softener DOCUSATE†  Miscellaneous Dicyclomine	Amitiza <sup>®</sup> (lubiprostone) (Qty Limit = 2 capsules/day) Linzess <sup>®</sup> (linaclotide) (Qty limit = 1 capsule/day) Movantik (naloxegol) (Qty limit=1 tablet/day) Relistor <sup>®</sup> (methylnatrexone)	<ul> <li>Amitiza: The patient has a diagnosis of chronic idiopathic constipation (CIC) (24 mcg capsules) OR The patient is a woman and has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C) (8 mcg capsules) OR opioid-induced constipation AND The patient has had documented treatment failure to lifestyle and dietary modification (increased fiber and fluid intake and increased physical activity). AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial each of at least 2 preferred laxatives from the Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories (see below).</li> <li>Linzess: The patient is 18 years of age or older. AND The patient has a diagnosis of chronic idiopathic constipation (CIC) (145 mcg capsules) OR The patient has a diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C) (290 mcg capsules) AND The patient has had documented treatment failure to lifestyle and dietary modification (increased fiber and fluid intake and increased physical activity). AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial each of at least 2 preferred laxatives from the Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories (see below).</li> <li>Movantik: The patient must have documented opioid-induced constipation AND The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to a 1 week trial of at least 2 preferred laxatives from Bulk-Producing Laxative or Osmotic Laxative categories.</li> <li>Relistor: The patient must have documented opioid-induced constipation and be</li> </ul>
		receiving palliative care AND The patient must have had documented treatment failure to a 1 week trial of at least 2 preferred laxatives from 2 different laxative
		classes (see below) used in combination.
Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS) (length of approval: 6	Months)	

101



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Gattex <sup>®</sup> (teduglutide) Vials Maximum days' supply = 30 days	Gattex: Patient has a diagnosis of short bowel syndrome AND Patient is receiving specialized nutritional support administered intravenously (i.e. parenteral nutrition) AND Patient is 18 years of age or older AND Patient does not have an active gastrointestinal malignancy (gastrointestinal tract, hepatobiliary, pancreatic), colorectal cancer, or small bowel cancer. AND After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Re-approval requires evidence of decreased parenteral nutrition support from baseline.
Antidiarrheal: HIV/AIDs (length of approval: initial approval)	pproval 3 months, subsequent 1 year)	
DIPHENOXYLATE/ATROPINE† LOPERAMIDE†	Fulyzaq <sup>®</sup> (crofelemer) 125 mg DR Tablets QL = 2  tablets/day	Fulyzaq: Patient has HIV/AIDS and is receiving anti-retroviral therapy AND Patient is at least 18 years of age AND Patient requires symptomatic relief of noninfectious diarrhea AND Infectious diarrhea (e.g. cryptosporidiosis, c. difficile, etc.) has been ruled out AND Patient has tried and failed at least one anti-diarrheal medication (i.e. loperamide or atropine/diphenoxylate)
	CONTRACEPTIVES	S
SELECT PRODUCTS (length of approval: 1 year) MONOPHASIC AGENTS:		
Due to the extensive list of products, any monophasic BCP not listed as non-preferred is considered preferred.	BREVICON-28 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol) GILDESSE FE (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE) LO-ESTRIN (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol) LO-ESTRIN FE (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE) LOESTRIN (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol) LOMEDIA FE (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol/FE)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent

102



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

#### Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	LO/OVRAL 21	
	LO/OVRAL 28	
	MODICON (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
	NORDETTE-28	
	NORINYL 1/35 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
	OGESTREL (norgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	
	ORTHO-CEPT 28 (desogestrel/ethinyl estradiol)	
	ORTHO-CYCLEN-28 (norgestimate/ethinyl estradiol)	
	OVCON-35/28 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
	YAZ (drospirenone/ ethinyl estradiol)	
	YASMIN 28 (drospirenone/ ethinyl estradiol)	
	ZOVIA 1-50(ethynodiol D/ ethinyl estradiol)	
BIPHASIC AGENTS		
AZURETTE (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	MIRCETTE (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
Desogestrel ethinyl estradiol	NECON 10/11-28 (norethindrone/ ethinyl estradiol)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
KARIVA (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
MINASTRIN FE (norethindrone ethinyl estradiol)		
NORETHIDRONE/ETHINYL ESTRADIOL 0.5/1-35		
PIMTREA (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
VIORELE (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRPHASIC AGENTS		
ALYACEN (norethindrone ethinyl estradiol)	CYCLESSA (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
ARANELLE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	ESTROSTEP FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
CAZIANT (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	ORTH-NOVUM 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
CYCLAFEM (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	ORTHO TRI-CYCLEN (norgestimate/ ethinyl	
DASETTA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	estradiol)	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ENPRESSE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)	TRI-NORINYL (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)	
LEENA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
LEVONEST (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol))		
MYZILRA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
NATAZIA (dienogest/estradiol valerate)		
NECON 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
Norgestimate ethinyl estradiol		
NORTREL 7/7/7 (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
ORTHO TRI-CYCLEN LO (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
PIRMELLA (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol)		
TILIA FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)		
TRI-ESTARYLLA (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-LEGEST FE (norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol/FE)		
TRI-LINYAH (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRINESSA (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-PREVIFEM (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRI-SPRINTEC (norgestimate/ ethinyl estradiol)		
TRIVORA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
VELIVET (desogestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
EXTENDED CYCLE		
AMETHIA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
AMETHIA LO (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
AMETHYST (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
ASHLYNA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		

104



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CAMRESE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
CAMRESE LO (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
DAYSEE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
INTROVALE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
JOLESSA (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
Levonorgestrel ethinyl estradiol TBDSPK 3 month		
Levonorgestrel eth estrad ethinyl estradiol TBDSPK 3 month		
LO-SEASONIQUE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
QUASENSE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol 3MTH)		
QUAARTETTE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
SEASONIQUE (levonorgestrel/ ethinyl estradiol)		
PROGESTIN ONLY CONTRACEPTIVES		
CAMILA (norethindrone)	NOR-QD (norethindrone)	Non-preferred agents: Trial with at least three preferred contraceptive products
DEBLITANE (norethindrone)	ORTHO MICRONOR (norethindrone)	including the preferred formulation of the requested non-preferred agent
ERRIN (norethindrone)		
HEATHER (norethindrone)		
JENCYCLA (norethindrone)		
JOLIVETTE(norethindrone)		
LYZA (norethindrone)		
NORA-BE (norethindrone)		
NORETHINDRONE 0.35MG		
NORLYROC (norethindrone)		
SHAROBEL (norethindrone)		

105



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
INJECTABLE CONTRACEPTIVES MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE 150MG	DEPO-PROVERA (IM) (medroxyprogesterone acetate)	
(IM) VIAL/SYRINGE	150mg SUSP VIAL/SYRINGE	
DEPO-PROVERA 104 (SUB-Q) SYRINGE		
(medroxyprogesterone acetate)		
VAGINAL RING		
NUVARING <sup>®</sup> (etonogestrel/ethinyl estradiol vaginal		
ring)		
TOPICAL CONTRACEPTIVE		
ORTHO EVRA PATCH (norelgestromin/ethinyl estradiol)		
XULANE PATCH (norelgestromin/ ethinyl estradiol)		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTIVE		
AFTERA (levonorgestrel)	Plan B One-step (levonorgestrel)	
ECONTRA EZ (levonorgestrel)		
FALLBACK (levonorgestrel)		
Levonorgestrel		
MY WAY (levonorgestrel) NEXT CHOICE (levonorgestrel)		
TALAT CITOTCE (ICVOIIOI gestici)		

106



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
OPCICON ONE-STEP (levonorgestrel)		
TAKE ACTION (levonorgestrel)		
ELLA (ulipristal)		

#### CORONARY VASODILATORS/ANTIANGINALS/SINUS NODE INHIBITORS

#### **ORAL**

ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE† tablet(compare to Isordil®)
ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE† ER tablet
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE† tablet (compare to Ismo®,Monoket®)
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE† ER tablet

ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE† ER tablet
(compare to Imdur®)
NITROGLYCERIN† SL tablet
NITROGLYCERIN† ER capsule
NITROLINGUAL PUMP SPRAY®
NITROGLYCERIN SPRAY LINGUAL† (compare
to Nitroglycerin
Pump Spray®)
NITROMIST® Lingual Spray
NITROQUICK® (nitroglycerin SL tablet)
NITROSTAT® (nitroglycerin SL tablet)
NITRO-TIME® (nitroglycerin ER capsule)

Dilatrate-SR<sup>®</sup> (isosorbide dinitrate SR capsule)
Imdur<sup>®</sup>\* (isosorbide mononitrate ER tablet)
Ismo<sup>®</sup>\* (isosorbide mononitrate tablet)
Isosorbide dinitrate SL tablet
Isordil<sup>®</sup>\* (isosorbide dinitrate tablet)
Monoket<sup>®</sup>\* (isosorbide mononitrate tablet)

BiDil<sup>®</sup> (isosorbide dinitrate/hydralazine) Ranexa<sup>®</sup> (ranolazine) (*Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day* (500 mg), 2 tablets/day (1000 mg))) **Dilatrate-SR, Imdur:** The patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following medications: isosorbide dinitrate ER tablet, isosorbide mononitrate ER tablet, nitroglycerin ER capsule or Nitro-time. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.

**Ismo, Isordil, Monoket, Isosorbide dinitrate SL tablet:** The patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two of the following medications: isosorbide dinitrate tablet or isosorbide mononitrate tablet. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation

**Bidil:** The prescriber provides a clinically valid reason why the patient cannot use isosorbide dinitrate and hydralazine as separate agents.

Ranexa: The patient has had a diagnosis/indication of chronic angina. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least one medication from two of the following classes: beta-blockers, maintenance nitrates, or calcium channel blockers. AND The patient does not have any of the following conditions: Hepatic insufficiency, Concurrent use of medications which may interact with Ranexa: CYP450 3A4 inducers (rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentin, phenobarbital, phenytoin, carbamazepine, St.John's wort) CYP450 3A4 inhibitors (diltiazem, verapamil, ketoconazole, protease inhibitors,



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		grapefruit juice, macrolide antibiotics) Note: doses of digoxin or drugs metabolized by CYP450 2D6 (TCAs, some antipsychotics) may need to be adjusted if used with Ranexa. AND The dose requested does not exceed 3 tablets/day (500 mg) or 2 tablets/day (1000 mg).
TOPICAL		
NITREK <sup>®</sup> (nitroglycerin transdermal patch) NITRO-BID <sup>®</sup> (nitroglycerin ointment) NITROGLYCERIN TRANSDERMAL PATCHES† (compare to Nitro-Dur <sup>®</sup> )	Nitro-Dur <sup>®</sup> * (nitroglycerin transdermal patch)	Nitro-Dur: patient has had a side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Nitrek or generic nitroglycerin transdermal patches.
SINUS NODE INHIBITORS	Corlon or (in obradina) (OI -60 toba/20 daya)	Corlanor Clinical Criteria:
	Corlanor® (ivabradine) (QL=60 tabs/30 days)	<ul> <li>Diagnosis of stable, symptomatic heart failure AND</li> <li>Left ventricular ejection fraction of ≤ 35% AND</li> <li>Resting heart rate ≥ 70 bpm AND</li> <li>In sinus rhythm AND</li> <li>Persisting symptoms despite maximally tolerated doses of beta blockers or who have contraindication to beta blocker therapy</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
	CORTICOSTEROIDS: ORAL		
CORTISONE ACETATE tablets  DEXAMETHASONE† tablets, elixir, intensol, solution  DEXPAK® tabs (dexamethasone taper pack)  HYDROCORTISONE† tab (compare to Cortef®)  MEDROL® (methylprednisolone) 2mg tablets  METHYLPREDNISOLONE† (compare to Medrol®) tabs  METHYLPREDNISOLONE DOSE PACK† (compare to Medrol Dose  Pack®) tabs  ORAPRED® ODT (prednisolone sod phosphate) (age < 12 yrs)  PREDNISOLONE† 3 mg/ml oral solution, syrup (compare to Prelone®)  PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE† 3 mg/ml oral solution  (compare to Orapred®)  PREDNISOLONE SOD PHOSPHATE ORAL SOLUTION† 6.7mg/5ml	Celestone (betamethasone) oral solution Cortef (hydrocortisone) tablets Flo-Pred (prednisolone acetate) oral suspension $ \begin{array}{l} \text{Medrol}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(hydrocortisone) tablets} \\ \text{Flo-Pred}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(methylprednisolone) tablets} \\ \text{Medrol Dose Pak}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(methylprednisolone) tabs} \\ \text{Millipred}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(prednisolone) tablets} \\ \text{Millipred}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(prednisolone sodium phos) oral solution} \\ \text{Millipred DP}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(prednisolone) dose pack tablets} \\ \text{Orapred}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{ oral solution} * \text{(prednisolone sod phos)} \\ \text{Orapred}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{ ODT (prednisolone sod phos) (age } \geq 12 \text{ yrs)} \\ \text{Pediapred}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(prednisolone sod phosphate) oral solution} \\ \text{prednisolone sodium phosphate oral solution } 25 \\ \text{mg/5ml} \\ \text{Rayos}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{(prednisone) Delayed Release Tablet} \\ \text{($Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day)} \\ \text{Veripred}^{\textcircled{l}} * \text{ 20 oral solution (prednisolone sodium phosphate)} \\ \end{array}$	<ul> <li>Rayos: The patient has had a trial of generic immediate release prednisone and has documented side effects that are associated with the later onset of activity of immediate release prednisone taken in the morning.</li> <li>All Others: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication. OR The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two preferred medications. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic formulation.</li> </ul>	



(QL = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days 's upply = 56

days; 2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)

#### **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
(5mg/5ml base) (compare to Pediapred <sup>®</sup> ) PREDNISONE† intensol, solution, tablets			
	COUGH AND COLD PREPA	RATIONS	
All generics MUCINEX <sup>®</sup> (guaifenesin)	Hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine (compare to Tussionex (QL = 60 ml/RX)  Tussionex (hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine) (QL = 60 ml/RX)  TussiCaps (hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine) (QL = 12 capsules/RX)  All other brands	Tussionex, TussiCaps, Hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine suspension (generic):  The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two of the following generically available cough or cough/cold products: hydrocodone/homatropine (compare to Hycodan), promethazine/codeine (previously Phenergan with Codeine), guaifenesin/codeine (Cheratussin AC) or benzonatate. AND patient is 6 years old of age or greater. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 60 ml (Tussionex) or 12 capsules (TussiCaps). AND If the request is for Tussionex□, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic hydrocodone/chlorpheniramine suspension.  All Other Brands: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the generically available preparations would not be a suitable alternative.	
	CYSTIC FIBROSIS MEDICATIONS		
Preferred after clinical criteria are met:  Kitabis <sup>®</sup> (tobramycin sol)	Cayston® (aztreonam) inhalation solution	Kitabis, Pulmonzyme: diagnosis or indication is cystic fibrosis  Bethkis, TOBI, tobramycin inhalation solutions: Diagnosis or indication is cystic  Shessis and the resistat has a decomparted failure or intellegence to Vitabia	

110

fibrosis and the patient has a documented failure or intolerance to Kitabis.

documented failure, intolerance or inadequate response to inhaled tobramycin

Cayston: diagnosis or indication is cystic fibrosis and the patient has had a

This is not an all-inclusive list of available covered drugs and includes only managed categories. Unless otherwise stated, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug. NR indicates a new drug that has not yet been reviewed by the P&T Committee.

(Quantity Limit = 84 vials/56 days; maximum days

(3 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)

supply = 56 days)



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
TOBI <sup>®</sup> (tobramycin PODHaler capsules for inhalation) ( $QL = 224$ capsules/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days) (4 capsules twice daily for 28 days, then 28 days off)	Bethkis® (tobramycin) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days) (2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off) Kalydeco® (ivacaftor) tablets (Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day, maximum days' supply = 30 days) Orkambi® (lumacaftor/ivacaftor) (Quantity Limit=	therapy alone  .  Kalydeco: The patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis. AND □ Patient has one of the following mutations on at least one allele in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R (documentation provided). AND The patient is > 6 years old. Note: Renewal of Prior Authorization will require documentation of member response.  TOBI PODHALER: allowed after a trial of another form of inhaled tobramycin
	120/30 days; max days supply=30 days)	Orkambi: The patient has a diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis AND
	Pulmozyme® (dornase alfa) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit =60/30 days; maximum days supply=30 days)	<ul> <li>Initial Criteria</li> <li>≥ 12 years of age</li> <li>Patient must be determined to be homozygous for the <i>F508del</i> mutation in the CFTR gene as confirmed by an FDA-approved CF mutation test AND</li> <li>Patient has a baseline forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) of 40 percent of the predicted normal value AND</li> <li>If the patient is between the ages of 12-18, they must have undergone a</li> </ul>
	TOBI® (tobramycin) inhalation solution (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days supply = 56 days)	<ul> <li>baseline ophthalmic examination to monitor for lens opacities/cataracts</li> <li>Prescriber is a CF specialist or pulmonologist</li> <li>Ongoing Approval Criteria</li> <li>Patient has stable or improved FEV1</li> </ul>
	(2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)	<ul> <li>Patient has LFTs/bilirubin monitored every 3 months for the first year of therapy and annually after the first year</li> </ul>
	Tobramycin inhalation solution† (compare to Tobi®) (Quantity Limit = 56 vials/56 days; maximum days' supply = 56 days)(2 vials/day for 28 days, then 28 days off)	<ul> <li>ALT or AST ≤ 5 X the upper limit of normal or ALT/AST ≤ 3 X the upper limits of normal and bilirubin is ≤ 2 X the upper limit of normal</li> <li>Between the ages of 12 and 18, have follow up ophthalmic exam at least annually</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	DERMATOLOGICAL AG	ENTS
ACTINIC KERATOSIS THERAPY		
ALDARA® (imiquimod) 5 % Cream  Efudex®* (fluorouracil) 5% cream, solution  FLUOROURACIL (compare to CARAC®) 0.5% cream  CARAC® (fluorouracil) 0.5% cream  C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Diclofenac Sodium 3 % Gel (compare to Solaraze <sup>®</sup> )  Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days  FLUOROURACIL† (compare to Efudex <sup>®</sup> ) 5% cream, 5%, 2% solution  Imiquimod <sup>†</sup> (compare to Aldara <sup>®</sup> ) 5 % cream  Picato <sup>®</sup> (ingenol mebutate) 0.015 % Gel Qty Limit = 3 tubes  Picato <sup>®</sup> (ingenol mebutate) 0.05 % Gel Qty Limit = 2 tubes  Solaraze <sup>®</sup> (diclofenac sodium) 3 % Gel Qty Limit = 1 tube/30 days  Zyclara (imiquimod) 3.75 % Cream Qty Limit = 56 packets/6 weeks  Zyclara (imiquimod) 2.5%, 3.75 % Cream Pump Qty Limit = 2 pumps/8 weeks	<ul> <li>Imiquimod (generic) cream: The patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Aldara</li> <li>Picato: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with a generic topical fluorouracil product. OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with preferred brand Aldara</li> <li>Solaraze Gel, Diclofenac Gel: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with generic topical fluorouracil product.</li> <li>Zyclara Cream: The diagnosis or indication is actinic keratosis on the face or scalp AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 5-fluorouracil and Aldara or generic imiquimod 5% cream. OR The treatment area is greater than 25 cm2 on the face or scalp. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with 5-fluorouracil.</li> </ul>
ANTIOBIOTICS TOPICAL		
Single Agent BACITRACIN† MUPIROCIN OINTMENT† (compare to Bactroban®)	Altabax <sup>®</sup> (retapamulin) $QL = 1$ tube Bactroban <sup>®</sup> (mupirocin) Cream Bactroban <sup>®</sup> * (mupirocin) Ointment Centany <sup>®</sup> Ointment (mupirocin)	Altabax: The patient is being treated for impetigo. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with mupirocin ointment AND MRSA (methicillin resistant staph aureus) has been ruled out by culture Bactroban Cream or Ointment, mupirocin cream, Centany Ointment: The patient has had a documented intolerance with generic mupirocin ointment AND



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Combination Products  BACITRACIN-POLYMYXIN†  NEOMYCIN-BACITRACIN-POLYMYXIN†  Note: Bactroban <sup>®</sup> Nasal Ointment is not included in this managed category  C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Gentamicin Cream or Ointment  Mupirocin cream† (compare to Bactroban®) Cortisporin® Cream (neomycin-polymyxin-hydrocortisone) Cortisporin® Ointment(bacitracin-neomycin-polymyxin-hydrocortisone) Neosporin®* (neomycin-bacitracin-polymyxin) Polysporin®* (bacitracin-polymixin)  All other branded products	If the request is for brand Bactroban Cream, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  Cortisporin Cream or Ointment, Gentamicin Cream or Ointment: The patient has had a documented side-effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred generic topical antibiotic  Neosporin/ Polysporin: The patient has had a documented intolerance with a generic equivalent of the requested medication
ANTIFUNGALS: ONYCHOMYCOSIS		
Cicloprirox † 8 % solution (compare to Penlac® Nail Lacquer) QL =6.6 ml/90 days	Penlac® Nail Lacquer (ciclopirox 8 % solution) QL = 6.6 ml/90 Kerydin® Jublia® QL=48 weeks treatment	<ul> <li>Jublia, Kerydin, Penlac Sol: The patient meets at least 1 of the following criteria:         Pain to affected area that limits normal activity, Diabetes Mellitus, Patient is immunocompromised, Patient has diagnosis of systemic dermatosis, Patient has significant vascular compromise AND Documented intolerance to generic ciclopirox 8% solution.     </li> <li>LIMITATIONS: Coverage of Onychomycosis agents will NOT be approved solely for cosmetic purposes. Kits with multiple drug products or non-drug items not covered.</li> </ul>
ANTIFUNGALS: TOPICAL		
Single Agent	Ertaczo <sup>®</sup> (sertaconazole) 2% C Exelderm <sup>®</sup> (sulconazole) 1% C, S	All Brands (except Vusion): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy,

113



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CICLOPIROX † (compare to Loprox®) 0.77% C, Sus, G; 1%Sh  CLOTRIMAZOLE†(formerly Lotrimin®) 1% C, S  ECONAZOLE † (formerly Spectazole®) 1% C  KETOCONAZOLE † (compare to Kuric®, Nizoral®) 2% C, 2% Sh  MICONAZOLE † all generic/OTC products  NYSTATIN † O, C, P (compare to Mycostatin®, Nystop®, Pedi-Dri®, Nyamyc®)  TOLNAFTATE † (compare to Tinactin®) 1% C, P, Sp, S	Extina <sup>®</sup> (ketoconazole) 2% F Ketoconazole† (compare to Extina <sup>®</sup> ) 2 % Foam Lamisil RX/OTC <sup>®</sup> (terbinafine) 1% C, S, Sp, G Luzu <sup>®</sup> (luliconazole) 1% Cream Mentax <sup>®</sup> ) 1% C Naftin <sup>®</sup> (naftifine) 1% & 2% C, 1%, 2% G Nizoral <sup>®</sup> * (ketoconazole) 2% Sh Nystop <sup>®</sup> , Pedi-Dri <sup>®</sup> , Nyamyc <sup>®</sup> * (nystatin) P Oxistat <sup>®</sup> (oxiconazole) 1% C, L Lotrisone <sup>®</sup> * (clotrimazole w/betamethasone) C, L Vusion <sup>®</sup> (miconazole w/zinc oxide) O (QL=50 g/30 days) All other branded products  Note: Please refer to "Dermatological: Antifungals: Onychomycosis" for ciclopirox solution and Penlac <sup>®</sup> Nail Lacquer	or treatment failure to at least TWO different preferred generic topical antifungal agents. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic equivalent of the requested product.) OR The patient has a contraindication that supports the need for a specific product or dosage form of a brand topical antifungal.  Ketoconazole Foam: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO different preferred generic topical antifungal agents.  Vusion: The patient has a diagnosis of diaper dermatitis complicated by documented candidiasis AND The patient is at least 4 weeks of age. AND The patient has had two trials (with two different preferred antifungal agents) used in combination with a zinc oxide diaper rash product resulting in documented side effects, allergy, or treatment failures.  Limitations: Foam products (e.g. Ecoza (econazole nitrate)) not covered. Other topical dosage preparations preferred.
Combination Products CLOTRIMAZOLE W/BETAMETHASONE † (compare to Lotrisone <sup>®</sup> ) C, L NYSTATIN W/TRIAMCINOLONE † (formerly Mycolog II <sup>®</sup> ) C, O C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, P=powder, S=solution, Sh=shampoo, Sp=spray, Sus=suspension ANTIVIRALS: TOPICAL		



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Acyclovir (compare to Zovirax <sup>®</sup> ) 5 % O Denavir <sup>®</sup> (penciclovir) 1% C Zovirax <sup>®</sup> (acyclovir) 5% C, O Xerese® (acyclovir 5%/hydrocortisone 1%) C	<ul> <li>Denavir: The patient has a diagnosis of oral herpes simplex infection and a failure of both oral antiviral and Abreva OTC.</li> <li>Acyclovir, Zovirax: If prescribed for the treatment of oral herpes simplex infection, the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure (at least one course of four or more days) with Denavir.</li> <li>** Topical antiviral therapy offers minimal clinical benefit in the treatment of genital herpes and its use is discouraged by the CDC so topical antiviral therapy will not be approved for this indication. **</li> </ul>
Aclovate <sup>®</sup> * (alclometasone) 0.05% C, O Capex <sup>®</sup> (fluocinolone) 0.01% shampoo Derma-Smoothe <sup>®</sup> * (fluocinolone 0.01%) oil Desonate <sup>®</sup> (desonide) 0.05% G DesOwen <sup>®</sup> * (desonide) 0.05% C, L, O Nucort 2% lotion (hydrocortisone acetate) Synalar <sup>®</sup> * (fluocinolone) 0.01% S Verdeso <sup>®</sup> (desonide) 0.05% F All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)  LIMITATIONS: Corticosteroid spray formulations (eg. Topicort Spray) not covered – use alternate dosage forms.
	Acyclovir (compare to Zovirax®) 5 % O Denavir® (penciclovir) 1% C Zovirax® (acyclovir) 5% C, O Xerese® (acyclovir 5%/hydrocortisone 1%) C  Aclovate®* (alclometasone) 0.05% C, O Capex® (fluocinolone) 0.01% shampoo Derma-Smoothe®* (fluocinolone 0.01%) oil Desonate® (desonide) 0.05% G DesOwen®* (desonide) 0.05% C, L, O Nucort 2% lotion (hydrocortisone acetate) Synalar®* (fluocinolone) 0.01% S Verdeso® (desonide) 0.05% F



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

#### Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE† 0.05% L (formerly Diprosome®) BETAMETHASONE VALERATE† 0.1% C, L (formerly Beta-Val®) FLUOCINOLONE† 0.025% C, O (compare to Synalar®) FLUTICASONE † 0.05% C; 0.005% O (compare to Cutivate®) HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE† 0.1% C, O, S (compare to Locoid®) HYDROCORTISONE VALERATE† 0.2% C, O (compare to Westcort®) MOMETASONE FUROATE† 0.1% C, L, O (compare to Elocon®) TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE† 0.025%, 0.1% C, L, O (formerly Aristocort® or Kenalog®)	Cloderm® (clocortolone) 0.1% C Cordran® (all products) Cutivate®*(fluticasone) 0.05% C; 0.005% O Cutivate® (fluticasone) 0.05% L Dermatop® (prednicarbate) 0.1% C, O desoximetasone 0.05% C, O (compare to Topicort®) Elocon®* (all products) fluticasone† (compare to Cutivate®) 0.05%, L Locoid® (hydrocortisone butyrate) 0.1% C, O, S Locoid® (hydrocortisone butyrate) 0.1% L Luxiq® (betamethasone valerate) F prednicarbate† (compare to Dermatop®) 0.1% C, O Synalar®* (fluocinolone) 0.025% C, O Topicort®* (desoximetasone) 0.05% C, O Trianex®* (triamcinolone) 0.05% O Westcort®* (hydrocortisone valerate) all products All other brands	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)  LIMITATIONS: Corticosteroid spray formulations (eg. Topicort®Spray) not covered – use alternate dosage forms.
CORTICOSTEROIDS: HIGH POTENCY		
AUGMENTED BETAMETHASONE† 0.05% C (compare to Diprolene® AF) BETAMETHASONE VALERATE† 0.1% O (formerly Beta-Val®)	Amcinonide† (formerly Cyclocort®)  Apexicon E® (diflorasone) 0.05% C  Diflorasone diacetate† 0.05% C (compare to Apexicon E®)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.)
DESOXIMETASONE† 0.05% G; 0.25% C, O (compare to Topicort®)	Diprolene® AF* (augmented betamethasone) 0.05% C	<b>LIMITATIONS:</b> Corticosteroid spray formulations (eg. Topicort Spray) not covered – use alternate dosage forms.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
FLUOCINONIDE† 0.05% C, G, O, S (formerly Lidex <sup>®</sup> )  TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE† 0.5% C, O (formerly Aristocort <sup>®</sup> )  C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution  CORTICOSTEROIDS: VERY HIGH POTENCY  ALPHATREX (augmented betamethasone) 0.05% G APEXICON (diflorasone) 0.05% O AUGMENTED BETAMETHASONE† 0.05% L, O	Halog <sup>®</sup> (halcinonide) all products Topicort <sup>®</sup> * (desoximetasone) 0.05% G; 0.25% C, O  All other brands  Clobetasol propionate† (compare to Clobex <sup>®</sup> ) 0.05% L, Sh clobetasol propionate emulsion† (compare to Olux E <sup>®</sup> )	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (NON-PREFERRED AGENTS): The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two different preferred agents of similar potency. (If a product has an AB rated generic, one
(compare to Diprolene <sup>®</sup> ) 0.05% G CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE† (compare to Temovate <sup>®</sup> /Cormax <sup>®</sup> ) CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE† 0.05% F (compare to Olux <sup>®</sup> ) CORMAX (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% C, O, S DIFLORASONE DIACETATE† 0.05% O (compare to Apexicon <sup>®</sup> , formerly Psorcon E <sup>®</sup> ) HALOBETASOL PROPRIONATE† (compare to Ultravate <sup>®</sup> ) C=cream, F=foam, G=gel, L=lotion, O=ointment, S=solution	Clobetasol propionate emulsion (compare to Olux E ) 0.05% F  Clobex® (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% L, shampoo, spray  Diprolene®* (augmented betamethasone) 0.05% L, O fluocinonide † (compare to Vanos®)0.1% C Olux® */Olux E® (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% F Temovate®* (clobetasol propionate) 0.05% C, G, O, S Vanos® (fluocinonide) 0.1% C Ultravate®* (halobetasol propionate) 0.05% C, O All other brands	trial must be the generic.)  LIMITATIONS: Corticosteroid spray formulations (eg. Topicort Spray) not covered – use alternate dosage forms.
GENITAL WART THERAPY		
	Imiquimod <sup>†</sup> 5 % (compare to Aldara <sup>®</sup> ) cream	Condylox gel, Veregan: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ALDARA® (imiqumod 5%)	Condylox <sup>®</sup> Gel (podofilox gel)	treatment failure with Aldara  Condylox Solution: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic podofilox solution.
PODOFILOX SOLUTION† (compare to Condylox <sup>®</sup> )	Condylox®* solution (podofilox solution) Veregan® (sinecatechins ointment) (Quantity limit = 15 grams (1 tube)/per 30 days)	Imiquimod (generic) cream: The patient has had a documented intolerance to
	Zyclara® (imiquimod 3.75%) Cream	brand Aldara
	(Quantity limit = 56 packets)/per 8 weeks)  Zyclara® (imiquimod 3.75%) Cream Pump (Quantity limit = 2 pumps/per 8 weeks)	
	acrolimus for children < 2 years. Quantity Limit = 30 groncentration limited to 0.03% for age < 16 years old.	m / fill, 90 gm / 6 mos. Step Therapy required (previous trial of topical steroid for
ELIDEL (pimecrolimus) \$ PROTOPTIC (tacrolimus) \$	Elidel <sup>®</sup> (pimecrolimus) (age < 2 yrs)  Protopic <sup>®</sup> (tacrolimus) (age < 2 yrs)  Tacrolimis Ointment† (compare to Protopic <sup>®</sup> ) All  Patient	Criteria for Approval Age < 2 years (requests will be approved for up to 6 months): The patient has a diagnosis of atopic dermatitis (eczema). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with at least one moderate to high potency topical corticosteroid within the last 6 months. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 30 grams/fill and 90 grams/6 months. AND If the request is for generic tacrolimus ointment, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Protopic.
		Criteria for Approval Age > 2 years (requests will be approved for up to 1 year):  The patient has a diagnosis of atopic dermatitis (eczema). AND The patient has



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(No 1 A required unless otherwise noted)	(174 required)	TACKITEMA
		moderate to high potency topical corticosteroid within the last 6 months. AND The quantity requested does not exceed 30 grams/fill and 90 grams/6 months. AND If the request is for generic tacrolimus ointment, the patient has a documented intolerance to brand Protopic.
SCABICIDES AND PEDICULOCIDES		
SCABICIDES  PERMETHRIN† 5 % (compare to Elimite®) C	Eurax $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ (crotamiton 10 %) $C$ , $L$ Lindane $^{\dagger}L$	<b>NON-PREFERRED SCABICIDES:</b> The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to permethrin cream or treatment failure with two treatments of permethrin cream.
	Lindane† Sh	
PEDICULICIDES (lice treatment)		
PERMETHRIN† 1 % $CR$ , $L$ PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE AND PYRETHRINS† $G$ , $S$ , $Sh$	Malathion † $L$ (compare to Ovide <sup>®</sup> ) Ovide <sup>®</sup> (malathion) $L$ Sklice <sup>®</sup> (Ivermectin 0.5 %) $L$	Natroba: The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to OTC permethrin and piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins or treatment failure with one treatment of OTC permethrin or piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins.  Non-Preferred Pediculicides: The patient has had a documented side effect or
Preferred after clinical criteria are met (1 OTC step via electronic PA)  NATROBA® (spinosad 0.9 %) Ss§	Spinosad† (compare to Natroba) <i>Ss</i> Ulesfia <sup>®</sup> (benzyl alcohol 5%) <i>L</i> All other brand and generic Scabicides and	allergy to OTC permethrin and piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins and Natroba or treatment failure with two treatments of OTC permethrin and/or piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins and one treatment of Natroba. For approval of Ovide®
C=cream, CR=crème rinse, G=gel, L=lotion, S=solution, Sh=shampoo, Sp=spray, Ss=suspension	Pediculicides	Lotion, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent product.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
	DESMOPRESSIN: INTRANASAL/ORAL		
Intranasal  Oral  DESMOPRESSIN†	DDAVP <sup>®</sup> (desmopressin) Nasal Solution or Spray 0.01%  Desmopressin † Nasal Solution or Spray 0.01 % (compare to DDAVP <sup>®</sup> )  Minirin † (desmopressin) Nasal Spray 0.01%  Stimate <sup>®</sup> (desmopressin) Nasal Solution 1.5 mg/ml  DDAVP <sup>®*</sup> (desmopressin) tablets	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: Intranasal: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is (1) Diabetes Insipidus, (2) hemophilia type A, or (3) Von Willebrand disease AND If the request is for brand DDAVP, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic desmopressin spray or solution.  CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: non-preferred oral: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is (1) Diabetes Insipidus and/or (2) primary nocturnal enuresis AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic desmopressin tablets  LIMITATIONS: Desmopressin intranasal formulations will not be approved for the treatment of primary nocturnal enuresis (PNE) due to safety risks of hyponatremia. Oral tablets may be prescribed for this indication.	
	DIABETIC TESTING SUI	PPLIES	
MONITORS/METERS			
Please refer to the DVHA website for covered Diabetic testing supplies.		CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber demonstrates that the patient has a medical necessity for clinically significant features that are not available on any of the preferred meters/test strips.  LIMITATIONS: Talking monitors are not covered under the pharmacy benefit.	

120



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
TEST STRIPS/LANCETS		
DIABETIC TEST STRIPS  Please refer to the DVHA website for covered Diabetic testing supplies.		CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber demonstrates that the patient has a medical necessity for clinically significant features that are not available on any of the preferred meters/test strips.  LIMITATIONS: Talking monitors are not covered under the pharmacy benefit.
LANCETS  All brands and store brands		
	EPINEPHRINE: AUTO-IN	ECTOR
EPIPEN <sup>®</sup> 2-PAK INJ 0.3 MG (epinephrine 0.3 mg/0.3 ml (1:1000))  EPIPEN-JR <sup>®</sup> 2-PAK INJ 0.15 MG (epinephrine 0.15 mg/0.3 ml (1:2000))	All other branded and generic products.	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a documented intolerance to the preferred product.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA	
	ESTROGENS: VAGINAL		
Estradiol ESTRACE VAGINAL® Cream ESTRING® Vaginal Ring VAGIFEM® Vaginal Tablets  Conjugated Estrogens PREMARIN VAGINAL® Cream  Estradiol Acetate FEMRING® Vaginal Ring			
	FIBROMYALGIA AGEI	NTS	
	Savella® (milnacipran) tablet, titration pack  Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day  Cymbalta® (duloxetine)  Duloxetine† (compare to Cymbalta®)  Lyrica® (pregabalin)	Savella: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of fibromyalgia AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Lyrica.  Cymbalta/Duloxetine: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine, Lyrica® or Savella® (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) AND if the request is for duloxetine, the patient has had a documented intolerance with brand Cymbalta.  Lyrica: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to TWO drugs from the following: gabapentin, tricyclic antidepressant, SSRI antidepressant, SNRI antidepressant, miscellaneous antidepressant, cyclobenzaprine or Savella®, if medication is being used for fibromyalgia (this indication not processed via automated step therapy) AND If the request is for the oral solution, the patient is unable to use Lyrica capsules (eg. swallowing disorder).
	GASTROINTESTINA	AL
INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE INJECTA	BLES	
HUMIRA <sup>®</sup> (adalimumab)  Quantity limit = 6 syringes/28 days for the first month (Crohn's starter kit);2 syringes/28 days subsequently  REMICADE <sup>®</sup> (infliximab)	Cimzia <sup>®</sup> (certolizumab pegol)  Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days (starter X 1, then regular)  Entyvio <sup>®</sup> (vedolizumab)  Quantity limit = 300mgX 3/42 days, 300mg X 1 every 56 days thereafter  Simponi <sup>®</sup> (golimumab) SC  3 of 100mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector X 1, then 100mg/28days  Tysabri <sup>®</sup> (natalizumab)	NOTE: Crohn's Disease Self-Injectables (Humira and Cimzia) must be obtained and billed through our specialty pharmacy vendor, Briova. Please see the Humira and Cimzia Prior Authorization/Patient Enrollment Form for instructions. Briova may supply Remicade upon request or you may continue to obtain through your usual supplier. Briova will not be supplying Tysabri at this time – please continue to obtain through your usual supplier.  Clinical Criteria (Crohn's Disease)  Humira, Remicade, Cimzia, Tysabri, Entyvio:  Patient has a diagnosis of Crohn's disease and has already been stabilized on the medication. OR

123



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		<ul> <li>Diagnosis is moderate to severe Crohn's disease and at least 2 of the following drug classes resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure (i.e. resistant or intolerant to steroids or immunosuppressants): aminosalicylates, antibiotics, corticosteroids, and immunomodulators such as azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate. Note: Humira and Cimzia have been shown to be effective in patients who have been treated with infliximab but have lost response to therapy.</li> <li>Cimzia additional criteria:         <ul> <li>Patient age &gt; 18 years AND</li> <li>The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why Humira cannot be used.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tysabri additional criteria:         <ul> <li>The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to BOTH, Remicade and Humira.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Entyvio additional criteria:         <ul> <li>Patient age &gt; 18 years AND</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <li>The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure (including corticosteroid dependence despite therapy), or contraindication to BOTH Remicade and Humira</li> <li>Clinical Criteria (Ulcerative Colitis)</li> <li>Humira, Remicade:         <ul> <li>Patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has already been stabilized on the medication. OR</li> </ul> </li>
		The patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least 2 of the



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		following 3 agents: aminosalicylates (e.g. sulfasalazine, mesalamine, etc), corticosteroids, or immunomodulators (e.g. azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, cyclosporine, etc.).  Entyvio:  Patient has a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis and has already been stabilized on the drug OR  Age > 18 years AND a diagnosis of ulcerative colitis AND  has demonstrated corticosteroid dependence or has had an inadequate response to or failed to tolerate oral aminosalicylates, oral corticosteroids, azathioprine, or 6-mercaptopurine AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why Humira and Remicade cannot be used.  Simponi:  Patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has already been stabilized on Simponi OR  Patient age > 18 years AND Patient has a diagnosis of Ulcerative Colitis and has demonstrated corticosteroid dependence or has had an inadequate response to or failed to tolerate oral aminosalicylates, oral corticosteroids, azathioprine, or 6-mercaptopurine. AND the prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why Humira cannot be used.
H.PYLORI COMBINATION THERAPY	Helidac <sup>®</sup> (bismuth subsalicylate, metronidazole, tetracycline) ( <i>Quantity limit=224 caps &amp; tabs/14 days</i> )	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a documented treatment failure with combinations of individual proton pump inhibitors or H2 antagonists given together with two appropriate antibiotics OR The patient has been unable to be compliant with individual agents prescribed separately. AND For approval of

125



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin (compare to Prevpac®) (Quantity limit = 112 caps & tabs/14 days)	brand Prevpac®, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent combination product.
	Omeclamox-Pak® (omeprazole, clarithromycin, amoxicillin) (Quantity limit = 80 caps & tabs/10 days)	
	Prevpac® (lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin) (Quantity limit = 112 caps & tabs/14 days)  Pylera® (bismuth subcitrate, metronidazole, tetracycline) capsules (Quantity limit=120 capsules/10 days)	
H-2 BLOCKERS		
FAMOTIDINE† (compare to Pepcid <sup>®</sup> ) tablet RANITIDINE† (compare to Zantac <sup>®</sup> ) tablet	CIMETIDINE† (compare to Tagamet®) tablet Pepcid®* (famotidine) tablet \$ ranitidine† capsule \$ Tagamet®* (cimetidine) tablet \$ Zantac®* (ranitidine) tablet \$	Nizatidine capsule, Pepcid tablet, ranitidine capsule, Tagamet tablet, Zantac tablets: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least one preferred medication. If a medication has an AB rated generic, the trial must be the generic formulation. For approval of ranitidine capsules, the patient must have had a trial of ranitidine tablets.
SYRUPS AND SPECIAL DOSAGE FORMS CIMETIDINE † ORAL SOLUTION RANITIDNE† syrup (compare to Zantac®)	famotidine† (compare to Pepcid <sup>®</sup> ) oral suspension § Nizatidine †Oral Solution (compare to Axid <sup>®</sup> ) Pepcid <sup>®</sup> (famotidine) Oral Suspension §	Famotidine Oral Suspension, Nizatidine Oral Solution, Pepcid Oral Suspension: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ranitidine syrup or cimetidine oral solution. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(	(cross-quarta)	
		Cimetidine tablet current users as of 05/29/2015 would be grandfathered
INFLAMMATORY BOWEL AGENTS (ORAL &	RECTAL PRODUCTS)	
MESALAMINE PRODUCTS  Oral  APRISO® (mesalamine capsule extended-release)  ASACOL® (mesalamine tablet delayed-release)  DELZICOL® (mesalamine capsule delayed-release) $(QL = 6 \ capsules/day)$	Asacol HD <sup>®</sup> (mesalamine tablet delayed release)	<ul> <li>Azulfidine, Colazal: patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent of the requested medication.</li> <li>Asacol HD: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two (2) preferred oral mesalamine products.</li> <li>Entocort EC/Uceris ER tab: The patient had a documented intolerance to the generic budesonide 24 hr capsules.</li> </ul>
LIALDA <sup>®</sup> (mesalamine tablet extended-release) PENTASA ER 250mg <sup>®</sup> (mesalamine cap CR)	PENTASA ER 500mg <sup>®</sup> (mesalamine cap CR) Sfrowasa <sup>®</sup> (mesalamine enema sulfite free)	Giazo: The diagnosis is ulcerative colitis AND The patient is male and > 18 years old. AND The patient has a documented intolerance to generic balsalazide.  Pentasa 500mg current users as of 8/7/2015 will be grandfathered
Rectal  CANASA® (mesalamine suppository)  MESALAMINE ENEMA† (compare to Rowasa®)	Entocort EC <sup>®</sup> * (budesonide 24 hr cap) $QL = 3 \ capsules/day$ UCERIS <sup>®</sup> (budesonide ) ER Tablet $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$	Sfrowasa: The patient has had a documented intolerance to mesalamine enema.  LIMITATIONS: Kits with non-drug products are not covered.
CORTICOSTEROIDS ORAL  BUDESONIDE 24HR (compare to Entocort $EC^{\mathbb{R}}$ ) $QL = 3$ capsules/day RECTAL Uceris Rectal Foam (budesonide) OTHER	Azulfidine <sup>®</sup> * (sulfasalazine) Colazal <sup>®</sup> * (balsalazide) Giazo <sup>®</sup> (balsalazide disodium) tablet $QL = 6 \ tablets/day$	

127



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
BALSALAZIDE† (compare to Colazal <sup>®</sup> ) DIPENTUM <sup>®</sup> (olsalazine) SULFAZINE SULFAZINE EC SULFASALAZINE† (compare to Azulfidine <sup>®</sup> ) SULFASALAZINE DR		
PROKINETIC AGENTS		
<b>Tablets</b> METOCLOPRAMIDE† tabs (compare to Reglan <sup>®</sup> )	Reglan <sup>®</sup> * (metoclopramide)	<b>Reglan:</b> The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic metoclopramide tablets.
<b>Oral Solution</b> METOCLOPRAMIDE† (formerly Reglan <sup>®</sup> ) oral sol	(a)	
Orally Disintegrating Tablets	Metozolv ODT <sup>®</sup> (metoclopramide) ( <i>QL</i> = 4 tabs/day)	<b>Metozolv ODT:</b> The patient has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder, inability to take oral medications) AND Generic metoclopramide oral solution cannot be used
PROTON PUMP INHIBITORS		
ORAL CAPULES/TABLETS	Aciphex <sup>®</sup> (rabeprazole) tablets ( <i>Quantity limit=1 tab/day</i> )	Nexium powder for suspension, Prevacid Solutabs (for patients > 12 years old),

128



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
OMEPRAZOLE† RX capsules (compare to Prilosec®) (Quantity limit = 1 capsule/day)  PANTOPRAZOLE† tablets (compare to Protonix®) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)  LANSOPRAZOLE† generic RX capsules (compare to Prevacid®) § (Quantity limit = 1 cap/day)	Dexilant (dexlansoprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)  Esomeprazole Strontium capsules (Quantity limit = 1 cap/day)  Nexium (esomeprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day), omeprazole generic OTC tablets (Quantity limit=1 tab/day) omeprazole magnesium generic OTC 20 mg capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day) omeprazole/sodium bicarb capsules RX (compare to Zegerid) (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)  Prevacid RX (lansoprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)  Prevacid 24 hr OTC (lansoprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)  Prilosec OTC 20mg (omeprazole magnesium) tablets (Quantity limit=1 tablet/day)  Prilosec RX (brand) (omeprazole) capsules (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)  Protonix (pantoprazole) tablets (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)  rabeprazole (compare to Aciphex) tablets (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)  Zegerid RX (omeprazole/sodium bicarb) caps, oral, suspension (Quantity limit=1 cap/day)  Aciphex Sprinkle (rabeprazole) DR Capsule	Prilosec packet, and Protonix packet: The patient has a requirement for a nonsolid oral dosage form (e.g. an oral liquid, dissolving tablet or sprinkle).  Aciphex Sprinkle: The patient has a requirement for a non-solid oral dosage form AND The member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to omeprazole capsule opened and sprinkled omeprazole or lansoprazole suspension or Prevacid solutab.  Other non-preferred medications: The member has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Omeprazole RX generic capsules, Lansoprazole RX generic capsules, and Pantoprazole generic tablets. If the request is for Prevacid 24 hr OTC or Prevacid RX, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to lansoprazole generic RX capsules. If the request is for brand Zegerid RX capsules, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL (twice daily dosing):  Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD) – If member has had an adequate trial (e.g. 8 weeks) of standard once daily dosing for GERD, twice daily dosing may be approved.  Zollinger-Ellison (ZE) syndrome – Up to triple dose PPI may be approved.  Hypersecretory conditions (endocrine adenomas or systemic mastocytosis) – Double dose PPI may be approved.  Erosive Esophagitis, Esophageal stricture, Barrett's esophagitis (complicated GERD) – Double dose PPI may be approved.  Treatment of ulcers caused by H. Pylori – Double dose PPI may be approved.  Limitations: First-Lansoprazole® and First-Omeprazole Suspension Kits



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	(Quantity limit=1 cap/day) Nexium <sup>®</sup> (esomeprazole) powder for suspension § (Quantity limit=1 packet/day) Prevacid Solutabs <sup>®</sup> (lansoprazole) (Quantity limit=1 tab/day)	not covered as Federal Rebate no longer offered. Nexium 24HR OTC (esomeprazole) capsules OTC Plan Exclusion - these products are not covered
	Prilosec <sup>®</sup> (omeprazole magnesium) packet ( <i>Quantity limit=2 packets/day</i> ) Protonix <sup>®</sup> (pantoprazole) packet ( <i>Quantity limit=1 packet/day</i> )	
SUSPENSION & SPECIAL DOSAGE FORMS		
	GAUCHER'S DISEASE MEDI	CATIONS
	Cerdelga (Quantity limit=2 caps/day) Cerezyme® (imiglucerase for injection) Elelyso® (taliglucerase alfa for injection) Vpriv® (velaglucerase alfa for injection) Zavesca® (miglustat) (QL = max 3 caps/daily)  **Maximum days supply per fill for all drugs is 14 days**	<ul> <li>CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The diagnosis or indication is Gaucher disease (GD) type I. AND The diagnosis has been confirmed by molecular or enzymatic testing.</li> <li>Age Limits</li> <li>Elelyso, Vpriv: for patients ≥ 4 years old</li> <li>Cerezyme: for patients ≥ 2 years old</li> <li>Cerdelga, Zavesca: for patients ≥ 18 years old</li> </ul>
		Cerdelga/Vpriv additional criteria: Failure, intolerance or other contraindication



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		<ul> <li>Cerdelga additional criteria:         <ul> <li>For whom enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g. due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)</li> <li>Testing to verify if CYP2D6 extensive metabolizer (EM), intermediate metabolizer (IM), poor metabolizer (PM), ultra-rapid metabolizer (URM), or if CYP2D6 genotype cannot be determined</li></ul></li></ul>
	GOUT AGENTS	
SINGLE INGREDIENT COLCHICINE  SINGLE INGREDIENT URICOSURIC AGENTS PROBENECID†  XANTHINE OXIDASE INHIBITORS ALLOPURINOL† (compare to Zyloprim®)	Colcrys <sup>®</sup> (colchicine) tablet $QL = 3$ tablets/day (gout) or 4 tablets/day (FMF) Colchicine tablets (compare to Colcrys <sup>®</sup> ) Colchicine capsules	Colcrys, colchicine tablets The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) OR The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is gout AND The patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least one drug from the NSAID class. OR The patient is not a candidate for therapy with at least one drug from the NSAID class due to one of the following: The patient is 60 years of age or older, Patient has a history



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization

(includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
COMBINATION PRODUCTS COLCHICINE/PROBENECID†  PEG-URICASE AGENTS	Uloric <sup>®</sup> (febuxostat) QL (40 mg tablets) = 1 tablet/day Zyloprim <sup>®</sup> * (allopurinol)	of GI bleed, Patient is currently taking an anticoagulant (warfarin or heparin), Patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, Patient is currently taking methotrexate  Colchicine capsules: the diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is prophylaxis of gout flares in adults AND the patient has had a documented side effect or treatment failure with at least one drug from the NSAID class OR the patient is not a candidate for therapy with at least one drug from the NSAID clas due to one of the following: the patient is 60 years of age or older, patient has a history of GI bleed, patient is currently taking an anticoagulant (warfarin or heparin), patient is currently taking an oral corticosteroid, patient is currently taking methotrexate  Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval.  Uloric: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of gout AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to allopurinol. NOTE: Treatment failure is defined as inability to reduce serum unic acid levels to < 6 mg/dl with allopurinol doses of 600 mg/day taken consistently. Additionally, renal impairment is not considered a contraindication to allopurino use.  Zyloprim: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic allopurinol
	GROWTH STIMULAT	ING AGENTS
***Must be obtained through Specialty Pharma	cy Provider, Briova*** (Please see Growth Stimulat	ting Agents Prior Authorization/Enrollment Form for instructions.)
NORDITROPIN <sup>®</sup>	Genotropin <sup>®</sup>	Criteria for Approval Pediatric: 1) The patient must have one of the following

132



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Humatrope <sup>®</sup> Nutropin <sup>®</sup> AQ Omnitrope	indications for growth hormone: □ Turner syndrome confirmed by genetic testing. □ Prader-Willi Syndrome confirmed by genetic testing. □ Growth
	Saizen® Tev-Tropin®  Specialized Indications – See Specific Criteria Increlex® (mecasermin) Serostim® Zorbtive®	deficiency due to chronic renal failure.   Patient who is Small for Gestational Age (SGA) due to Intrauterine Growth Retardation (IUGR) and catch up growth not achieved by age 2 (Birth weight less than 2500g at gestational age of <37 weeks or a birth weight or length below the 3rd percentile for gestational age).   OR Pediatric Growth Hormone Deficiency confirmed by results of two provocative growth hormone stimulation tests (insulin, arginine, levodopa, propranolol, clonidine, or glucagon) showing results (peak level) <10ng/ml. 2) The requested medication must be prescribed by a pediatric endocrinologist (or pediatric nephrologist if prescribed for growth deficiency due to chronic renal failure). 3) Confirmation of non-closure of epiphyseal plates (x-ray determining bone age) must be provided for females > age 12 and males > age 14. 4) Initial requests can be approved for 6 months. Subsequent requests can be approved for up to 1 year with documentation of positive response to treatment with growth hormone.  Criteria for Approval Adult: The patient must have one of the following indications for growth hormone: Panhypopituitarism due to surgical or radiological eradication of the pituitary. OR Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency confirmed by one growth hormone stimulation test (insulin, arginine, levodopa, propranolol, clonidine, or glucagon) showing results (peak level) <5ng/ml. Growth hormone deficient children must be retested after completion of growth.   LIMITATIONS: Coverage of Growth Hormone products will not be approved for patients who have Idiopathic Short Stature.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(1.6 111 required unless outer wise noted)	(Firequired)	
		GENOTROPIN, HUMATROPE, NUTROPIN, NUTROPIN AQ, OMNITROPE, SAIZEN, TEV-TROPIN: The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Norditropin
		<ul> <li>Increlex: Member has growth hormone gene deletion AND neutralizing antibodies to growth hormone, OR primary insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) deficiency (IGFD), defined by the following: o Height standard deviation score &lt; -3 AND Basal IGF-1 standard deviation score &lt; -3 AND Normal or elevated growth hormone level Member is ≥ 2 years old (safety and efficacy has not been established in patients younger than 2), AND Member has open epiphysis, AND Member is under the care of an endocrinologist or other specialist trained to diagnose and treat growth disorders.</li> <li>Serostim: A diagnosis of AIDS associated wasting/anorexia</li> <li>Zorbtive: A diagnosis of short bowel syndrome. Concomitant use of specialized nutritional support (specialty TPN) Prescription by gastroenterologist (specialist)</li> </ul>
	HEMOPHILIA	FACTORS
***Must be obtained through Specialty Pharma	cy Provider, Briova***	
All Factors	None	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA

#### **HEPATITIS C AGENTS**

#### \*\*\*Must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy Provider, Briova\*\*\* Initial PA: 3 months; subsequent maximum 3 months

RIBASPHERE† 200 mg tabs Ribavirin† 200 mg tablets

#### Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met

HARVONI® (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir)

OLYSIO® (simeprevir) 150 mg Capsules

(QL = 1capsule/day)(Maximum 12 weeks/lifetime)

 $TECHNIVIE \hbox{\o (ombitas vir, parita previr, ritonavir)}\\$ 

#### PEG-INTRON/PEG-INTRON REDIPEN

(peginterferon alfa-2b) (*QL*= *I kit*(4 pens per) 28 (ays)

PEG-INTRON REDIPEN PAK 4 (peginterferon alfa-2b) (QL= I kit(4 pens per) 28 days)

SOVALDI® (sofosbuvir) 400 mg Tablet

(QL = 1 tablet/day)(Maximum 24 weeks/lifetime unless hepatocellular carcinoma (48 weeks)) (sofosbuvir) Non-Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met

COPEGUS® (ribavirin 200 mg tabs)

#### DAKLINZA® (daclatasvir)

INFERGEN (interferon alfacon-1)

MODERIBA® 200 mg/400 mg Dose Pak (ribavirin) PEGASYS® (peginterferon alfa-2a)(*QL*=4 *vials/28 days*)

PEGASYS CONVENIENCE PAK®(peg-interferon alfa-2a)(QL=1 kit/28 days)

PEGASYS PROCLICK (peginterferon alfa-2a) REBETOL® (ribavirin 200mg capsule)

REBETOL ORAL SOLUTION® (ribavirin 40 mg/ml)

RIBAPAK DOSEPACK® (ribavirin)

ribavirin † 200 mg capsules

RIBASPHER†E 400 and 600 mg tabs(ribavirin)

VIEKIRA PAK® (ombitasvir, paritaprevir, ritonavir tablet with dasabuvir tablet)

Direct Acting Agents: Daklinza, Harvoni, Olysio, Sovaldi, Technivie and Viekira pak:

- Hep C PA form must be completed and clinical documentation supplied. All
  requests will be reviewed on a case by case basis by the DVHA Medical
  Director. Combination therapy will be either approved or denied in its entirety.
- Member must have Metavir fibrosis score of 3 or 4
- Prescriber must be a hepatologist, gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist
- See PA form for detailed requirements and for documentation required

**Pegasys:** Diagnosis is hepatitis C AND the patient has a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Peg-Intron

Non-preferred Ribavirin Brands/strengths: The patient is unable to use generic ribavirin 200 mg tablets

#### **Quantity Limits**

Peg-Intron Redipen-4 pens per 28 days



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA M	IEDICATIONS
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met Kalbitor <sup>®</sup> (ecallantide) ( $QL = 6$ vials (2 packs) per fill	Berinert <sup>®</sup> (human C1 inhibitor)  Cinryze <sup>®</sup> (human C1 inhibitor)  (QL = 16 vials/28 days for prophylaxis; 4 vials per fill for acute attacks)  Firazyr <sup>®</sup> (icatibant) Prefilled Subcutaneous Syringe  (QL = 3 syringes (9 ml)/fill)	<ul> <li>Berinert: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack. (Approval may be granted so that 2 doses may be kept on hand).</li> <li>Cinryze: The diagnosis or indication is prophylaxis of Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attacks. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to androgen therapy (i.e. danazol). OR The medication is to be used for the treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack.</li> <li>Firazyr: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack.</li> <li>Kalbitor: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of an acute Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attack. (Approval may be granted so that 2 doses may be kept on hand).</li> </ul>
IDIOPATHIC PULMONARY FIBROSIS (IPF)		
	Esbriet <sup>®</sup> (pirfenidone) ( $QL = 270 \ tabs/month$ ) Ofev <sup>®</sup> (nintedanib) ( $QL = 60 \ tabs/month$ )	Clinical Criteria: Esbriet, Ofev  o Age ≥ 18 o Diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF-ICD-9 Code 516.31 or



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		ICD-10 code J84.112) as well as exclusion of other known causes of Interstitial Lung Disease.  o May not be used in combination with Ofev® or Esbriet® respectively.  o The prescriber is a pulmonologist.  o Clinical documentation that the member is a non-smoker or has not smoked in 6 weeks.  o FVC≥ 50% of predicted  o AND one of the following  o High-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) revealing IPF or probable IPF.  o Surgical lung biopsy consistent with IPF or probable IPF.  Reauthorization Criteria:  o Documentation the patient is receiving clinical benefit to Esbrit® or Ofev® therapy as evidenced by < 10% decline in percent predicted FVC of < 200mL decrease in FVC AND  o There is clinical documentation that the member has remained tobaccofree.
	INTERLEUKIN (IL)-1 RECEPTO	R BLOCKERS
Preferred Agents after Clinical Criteria are Met Ilaris (canakinumab) $(QL = 1 \text{ vial/56 days})(CAPS \text{ diagnosis})$ $(QL = 2 \text{ vials/28 days})(\text{sJIA diagnosis})$	Arcalyst <sup>®</sup> (rilonacept) ( $QL = 2$ vials for loading dose, then 1 vial per week)	Ilaris: The diagnosis is Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS) OR The diagnosis is Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) OR The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) AND The patient is > 4 years old OR The diagnosis is systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA) with active systemic features and varying degrees of synovitis with continued disease activity after initial therapy (Initial

137



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		therapy defined as 1 month of anakinra (Kineret), 2 weeks of glucocorticoid monotherapy (oral or IV) or one month of NSAIDs). AND patient is > 2 years of age.  Arcalyst: The diagnosis is Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome (CAPS) OR The diagnosis is Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) OR The diagnosis is Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) AND The patient is > 12 years old AND The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to Ilaris (canakinumab)  Note: Medical Records to support the above diagnosis must accompany the Prior Authorization request. Authorization for continued use shall be reviewed at least every 12 months to confirm patient has experienced disease stability or improvement while on therapy.
	LIPOTROPICS:	
BILE ACID SEQUESTRANTS		
CHOLESTYRAMINE† powder (compare to Questran®)	Questran et al. (cholestyramine)  Questran Light powder (cholestyramine light)	Questran: The patient has had a documented intolerance to cholestyramine powder Questran Light: The patient has had a documented intolerance to cholestyramine light powder
CHOLESTYRAMINE LIGHT† powder (compare to Questran Light®) PREVALITE† powder (cholestyramine light)	Colestid <sup>®*</sup> tablets, granules (colestipol) Welchol <sup>®</sup> (colesevelam)	Colestid: The patient has had a documented intolerance to colestipol tablets or granules  Welchol: If being prescribed for lipid reduction, the patient has had a documented
COLESTIPOL† tablets, granules (compare to		side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to cholestyramine and colestipol. OR If

138



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

#### Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Colestid <sup>®</sup> )		being prescribed for lipid reduction, the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to cholestyramine and colestipol.
FIBRIC ACID DERIVATIVES		SJV J
GEMFIBROZIL† (compare to Lopid <sup>®</sup> ) 600 mg	Antara <sup>®</sup> (fenofibrate micronized) 43 mg, 30 mg, 90 mg, 130 mg	<b>Lopid:</b> The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic gemfibrozil. <b>Tricor, Trilipix:</b> The patient has been started and stabilized on either Tricor or
On statin concurrently or after gemfibrozil trial	fenofibrate tablets†(compare to Lofibra® tablets) § 54	TriLipix (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient is taking a statin concurrently. OR The patient has
TRICOR <sup>®</sup> (fenofibrate nanocrystallized) § 48 mg, 145 mg  Quantity Limit = 1 tablet/day  TRILIPIX (fenofibric acid) §45 mg, 135 mg delayed release capsule  Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day	mg, 160 mg  fenofibrate capsule† (compare to (Lipofen®) § 50 mg, 150 mg  fenofibrate micronized capsule†(compare to Lofibra® capsules) 67 mg, 134 mg, 200 mg  fenofibrate micronized† (compare to Antara®) § 43 mg, 130 mg  fenofibrate nanocrystallized† (compare to Tricor®) 48 mg, 145 mg  fenofibric acid § 35 mg, 105 mg  Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day  fenofibric acid (compare to Trilipix®) 45 mg, 135 mg	had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to gemfibrozil.  Antara, fenofibrate, fenofribrate micronized, fenofibric acid, Fenoglide,  Fibricor, Lipofen, Lofibra and Triglide: The patient is taking a statin concurrently and has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Tricor or TriLipix. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial with the generic formulation.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to gemfibrozil and Tricor or TriLipix. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial with the generic formulation.)  Fenofibrate nanocrystallized (generic for Tricor), fenofibric acid (generic for Trilipix): The patient is taking a statin concurrently, OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to gemfibrozil. AND The patient has had a documented intolerance with the brand equivalent.
	delayed release capsule Quantity Limit = $I$ capsule/day  Fenoglide (fenofibrate MeltDose) 40 mg, 120 mg  Fibricor (fenofibric acid) § 35 mg, 105 mg  Quantity Limit = $I$ capsule/day	<b>Note regarding fibrates:</b> For patients receiving statin therapy, fenofibrate appears less likely to increase statin levels and thus may represent a safer choice than gemfibrozil for co-administration in this group of patients - Am J Med 2004;116:408-



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Lipofen <sup>®</sup> (fenofibrate) 50 mg, 150 mg Lofibra <sup>®</sup> (fenofibrate micronized) Capsules 67mg, 134 mg, 200 mg  Lofibra <sup>®</sup> (fenofibrate) Tablets 54 mg, 160 mg Lopid <sup>®</sup> * (gemfibrozil) 600 mg  Triglide <sup>®</sup> (fenofibrate ) 50 mg, 160 mg	
HOMOZYGOUS FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLESTE	ROLEMA (HoFH) AGENTS	
All products require a PA	Juxtapid <sup>®</sup> (lomitapide) Capsule QL = 5 and 10 mg caps (1 per day), 20 mg cap (3 per day)  Kynamro® (mipomersen) Syringe for Subcutaneous Injection QL = 4 syringes(4 ml)/28 days  Maximum days' supply per fill for all drugs is 28 days	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: Patient has a diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) AND Medication will be used as adjunct to a low-fat diet and other lipid-lowering treatments AND Patient does not have any of the following contraindications to therapy: ■ Pregnancy (Juxtapid) ■ Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors (Juxtapid) ■ Moderate or severe hepatic impairment or active liver disease including unexplained persistent abnormal liver function tests (Juxtapid, Kynamro) AND Patient has tried and had an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to BOTH atorvastatin and Crestor AND □ After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Re-approval requires confirmation that the patient has responded to therapy (i.e. decreased LDL levels) AND the patient does not have any contraindications to therapy.
NICOTINIC ACID DERIVATIVES		



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
IMMEDIATE RELEASE PRODUCTS  NIACIN†  NIACOR®† (niacin)  EXTENDED RELEASE PRODUCTS  NIASPAN® (niacin extended release)	Niacin extended release† (compare to Niaspan <sup>®</sup> )	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a documented intolerance to the branded product.
HIGH INTENSITY STATINS		
ATORVASTATIN† 40 or 80 mg (compare to Lipitor ) ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ ) CRESTOR $^{\textcircled{@}}$ 20 or 40 mg (rosuvastatin calcium) ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )	Lipitor <sup>®*</sup> (atorvastatin) 40 or 80 mg $(QL = 1 tablet/day)$	Lipitor 40 or 80 mg: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic atorvastatin.
MODERATE INTENSITY STATINS		
atorvastatin† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Lipitor $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ )  CRESTOR $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ CRESTOR $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	Altoprev <sup>®</sup> 40 or 60 mg (lovastatin SR) ( $QL = I$ tablet/day)	/Lipitor 10 or 20 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to generic simvastatin OR The patient has had an
LOVASTATIN† 40 mg (compare to Mevacor <sup>®</sup> ) ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )  PRAVASTATIN† 40 or 80 mg (compare to Pravachol <sup>®</sup> )) ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$	fluvastatin† 40 mg (compare to Lescol®) (QL = 2 tabs/day)  Lescol® 40 mg (fluvastatin) (QL = 2 tabs/day)  Lescol® XL 80 mg (fluvastatin XL) (QL = 1 tablet/day)  Lipitor® (atorvastatin) 10 or 20 mg (QL = 1 tablet/day)  Livalo® 2 or 4 mg (pitavastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day)	inadequate response to a six week trial of simvastatin 40 mg/day AND If the request is for Lipitor, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic atorvastatin.  Altoprev 40 or 60 mg, fluvastatin 40 mg BID, Lescol 40 mg BID, Lescol XL, Livalo 2 or 4 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to all 3 of generic lovastatin, pravastatin and simvastatin. OR



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SIMVASTATIN† 20 or 40 mg (compare to Zocor®)  (QL = 1 tablet/day	Mevacor $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ * 40 mg (lovastatin) ) ( $QL = 1 \ tab/day$ ) Pravachol $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ * 40 or 80 mg (pravastatin)( $QL = 1 \ tab/day$ ) Zocor $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ * (simvastatin) 20 or 40 mg ( $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ )	The patient has had inadequate responses to six week trial of each of lovastatin 40 mg/day, pravastatin 80mg/day, simvastatin 40 mg/day and Crestor 10 mg/day. AND If the request is for Lescol, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fluvastatin.  Mevacor 40 mg, Pravachol 40 or 80 mg, Zocor 20 or 40 mg: The patient has had documented intolerance to the generic equivalent  LIMITATIONS: Simvastatin 80 mg: initiation of simvastatin 80 mg or titration to 80 mg is not recommended by the FDA due to the increased risk of myopathy, including rhabdomyolysis. Patients may only continue on this dose when new to Medicaid if the patient has been taking this dose for 12 or more months without evidence of muscle toxicity. If the request is for Zocor 80 mg, the patient must have met the prior treatment length requirement and have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
LOW INTENSITY STATINS		
LOVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Mevacor <sup>®</sup> )  (QL = 1 tablet/day)  PRAVASTATIN† 10 or 20 mg (compare to Pravachol <sup>®</sup> ) ) (QL = 1 tablet/day  SIMVASTATIN† 5 or 10 mg (compare to Zocor <sup>®</sup> ) (QL = 1 tablet/day)	Altoprev <sup>®</sup> 20 mg (lovastatin SR) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ fluvastatin† 20 or 40 mg (compare to Lescol <sup>®</sup> ) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day)$ (20mg) or 2 $tabs/day$ (40 mg)) Lescol <sup>®</sup> 20 or 40 mg(fluvastatin) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day)$ (20mg) or 2 $tabs/day$ (40 mg)) Livalo <sup>®</sup> 1 mg (pitavastatin) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ Mevacor <sup>®</sup> * 10 or 20 mg (lovastatin)) $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$ Pravachol <sup>®</sup> * 20 mg (pravastatin) $(QL = 1 \ tab/day)$ Zocor <sup>®</sup> * (simvastatin) 5 or 10 mg $(QL = 1 \ tablet/day)$	Altoprev 20 mg, fluvastatin 20 or 40 mg, Lescol 20 or 40 mg, Livalo 1 mg: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or contraindication to all 3 of generic lovastatin, pravastatin and simvastatin. OR The patient has had inadequate responses to six week trial of each of lovastatin 20 mg/day, pravastatin 20 mg/day and simvastatin 10 mg/day. AND If the request is for Lescol, the patient has had a documented intolerance to generic fluvastatin.  Mevacor 10 or 20 mg, Pravachol 20 mg, Zocor 5 or 10 mg: The patient has had documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
MISCELLANEOUS/COMBOS	'	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SIMCOR <sup>®</sup> (simvastatin/extended release niacin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Zetia® (ezetimibe) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	Miscellaneous Lovaza® (omega-3-acid ethyl esters) Omega-3-acid ethyl esters† (compare to Lovaza®) Vascepa® (icosapent ethyl) (QL = 4 capsules/day) Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors/Combinations Liptruzet® (ezetimibe/atorvastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day)  Vytorin® (ezetimibe/simvastatin) (QL = 1 tablet/day) Other Statin Combinations Advicor® (lovastatin/extended release niacin) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Amlodipine/atorvastatin† (compare to Caduet®) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day) Caduet® (atorvastatin/amlodipine) (Qty Limit = 1 tablet/day)	<ul> <li>Lovaza, Vascepa, Omega-3-acid ethyl esters: The patient has been started and stabilized on this medication (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has triglyceride levels &gt; 500 mg/dL AND The patient has a documented contraindication, side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a fibric acid derivative and niacin. AND If the request is for brand Lovaza, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.</li> <li>Amlodipine/atorvastatin, Caduet: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication. For approval of Caduet, the patient must have also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent. For combinations containing 40mg or 80 mg atorvastatin, the individual generic components are available without PA and should be prescribed.</li> <li>Advicor: The patient is unable to take the individual drug components separately.</li> <li>Liptruzet, Vytorin: The patient has had an inadequate response to atorvastatin or Crestor. AND If the request is for Vytorin 10/80, the patient has been taking this dose for 12 or more months without evidence of muscle toxicity.</li> </ul>
	MISCELLANEOU	S .
Pyridostigmine bromide (Compare to Mestinon)	Mestinon®	Benylsta: The diagnosis or indication is active systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)
PREFRRED AFTER CLINICAL CRITERIA ARE	Benlysta® (belimumab) Vials	AND The patient is positive for autoantibodies (anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA). AND The patient has had a

143



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
MET	(Maximum days supply per fill = $28 \text{ days}$ )	documented inadequate response or intolerance to at least TWO of the following
(A)	Elaprase <sup>®</sup> (idursulfase) ( $QL = calculated dose/week$ )	agents: NSAIDs, hydroxychloroquine, prednisone, azathioprine, methotrexate,
Carbaglu <sup>®</sup> dispersible tablets (carglumic acid)	Cuvposa <sup>®</sup> oral solution (glycopyrrolate)*	mycophenolate.  Note: The efficacy of Benlysta® has not been evaluated in patients with severe
(Maximum days supply per fill = 14 days)	Maximum days supply per fill is 30 days	active lupus nephritis or severe active central nervous system lupus. Benlysta has
		not been studied in combination with other biologics or intravenous
GLYCOPYRROLATE 1 mg, 2 mg tablets (compare to	Glycate <sup>®</sup> 1.5 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate)	cyclophosphamide. Use of Benlysta is not recommended in these situations.
Robinul <sup>®</sup> , Robinul Forte <sup>®</sup> )	Quantity $limit = 5 tablets/day$	Carbaglu: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is
	Robinul <sup>®</sup> 1 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate)	hyperammonemia due to N-acetylglutamate synthetase (NAGS) deficiency AND The prescriber is a specialist in metabolic disorders (e.g., medical geneticist) or
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Robinul <sup>®</sup> Forte 2 mg tablet (glycopyrrolate)	prescriber is in consultation with a specialist. Note: after preliminary review by
	Hetlioz® (tasimelteon) 20 mg oral capsule	the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical
MAKENA <sup>®</sup> (hydroxyprogesterone caproate) injection	Quantity limit = $1$ capsule/day * Maximum days supply	Director for final approval.
250 mg/ml 5 ml vials	per fill is 30 days*	Elaprase (Hunter's Syndrome Injectable): The diagnosis or indication for the
Maximum fill = 5 ml/fill (35 day supply)	Korlym® tablets (mifepristone)	requested medication is Hunter's Syndrome <b>Cuvposa:</b> The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Sialorrhea or a
	Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day Otrexup® or Rasuvo® Single-dose auto-injector for	neurologic condition associated with excessive drooling (e.g. cerebral palsy,
	subcutaneous use	mental retardation, Parkinson's disease). AND The dose cannot be obtained from
	(methotrexate)	the tablet formulation. AND (For patients >18 years of age) The patient has had a
	(Quantity Limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Myalept® (metreleptin) vial for subcutaneous injection	documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or a contraindication to
	$QL = one \ vial/day \ (Maximum \ days' \ supply \ per \ fill = 30$	scopolamine patches. <b>Glycate:</b> The indication for use is adjunctive therapy in the treatment of peptic
	days)	ulcer. AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic
	Nuedexta® capsules (dextromethorphan/quinidine)	glycopyrrolate.
	Quantity limit = 2 capsules/day	
	Samsca <sup>®</sup> tablets (tolvaptan) <i>Quantity limit = 15 mg</i> tablets (1 tablet/day), 30 mg tablets (2 tablets/day)	Robinul, Robinul Forte: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic
	idoleis (1 idolei day), 30 mg idoleis (2 idoleis/day)	glycopyrrolate.

144



**EFFECTIVE** Version **Updated: 02/09/16** 

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Signifor® (pasireotide) Ampules QL (all strengths) = 2 ml (2 amps)/day Maximum days' supply = 30 days  Solesta® submucosal injection gel 50 mg/15 ml (Quantity Limit = 4 syringes/28 days)  Soliris® (eculizumab) (Quantity Limit = 12 vials(360 ml) /28 days) Maximum days' supply per fill = 28 days  Somatuline® Depot Injection (lanreotide) (Quantity Limit = 0.2 ml/28 days (60 mg syringe), 0.3 ml/28 days (90 mg syringe) and 0.5 ml/28 days (120 mg syringe))  Lysteda® tablets (tranexamic acid) Quantity limit = 30 tablets/28 days tranexamic acid† (compare to Lysteda®) Quantity limit = 30 tablets/28 days  Xenazine® tablets (tetrabenazine) (Maximum 1 month supply per fill Quantity limit = 50 mg/day at initial approval (12.5 mg tablets ONLY), up to100 mg/day at subsequent approvals (12.5 mg or 25 mg tablets)	<ul> <li>Hetlioz: Patient has documentation of Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24) AND Patient has documentation of total blindness AND Patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with Rozerem and at least one OTC melatonin product.</li> <li>Korlym: Patient is ≥18 years of age AND Patient has a diagnosis of endogenous Cushing's syndrome AND Patient is diagnosed with type 2 diabetes mellitus or glucose intolerance AND Patient has hyperglycemia secondary to hypercortisolism AND Patient has failed or is not a candidate for surgery AND Patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to at least 2 adrenolytic medications (eg. ketoconazole, etomidate) AND Patient does not have any of the following contraindications to Korlym: Pregnancy (pregnancy must be excluded before the initiation of therapy or if treatment is interrupted for &gt;14 days in females of reproductive potential. Nonhormonal contraceptives should be used during and one month after stopping treatment in all women of reproductive potential) OR Patient requires concomitant treatment with systemic corticosteroids for serious medical conditions/illnesses (immunosuppression for organ transplant) OR Patient has a history of unexplained vaginal bleeding OR Patient has endometrial hyperplasia with atypia or endometrial carcinoma OR Patient is concomitantly taking simvastatin, lovastatin, or a CYP3A substrate with a narrow therapeutic index (e.g., cyclosporine, dihydroergotamine, ergotamine, fentanyl, pimozide, quinidine, sirolimus, or tacrolimus). Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval.</li> <li>Makena: Patient is 16 years of age or older AND Patient has a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth AND Patient is having a singleton (single offspring) pregnancy AND Therapy will be started between 16 weeks, 0 days and 27</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		weeks, 0 days of gestation AND Therapy will be continued until week 37 (through 36 weeks, 6 days) of gestation or delivery, whichever occurs first.  Otrexup, Rasuvo: The patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) or psoriasis. AND The patient has been intolerant to oral methotrexate AND The patient has been unable to be compliant with a non-auto-injector form of injectable methotrexate (includes difficulty with manual dexterity).  Myalept: Patient has a diagnosis of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy AND Patient has one or more of the following metabolic abnormalities AND is refractory to current standards of care for lipid and diabetic management: Insulin resistance (defined as requiring > 200 units per day), Hypertriglyceridemia, Diabetes AND Prescription is written by or in consultation with an endocrinologist AND The prescriber is registered in the MYALEPT REMS program. Note: after preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval.  Reauthorization for continued use criteria: Patient has experienced an objective response to therapy • Sustained reduction in hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) level from baseline OR • Sustained reduction in triglyceride (TG) levels from baseline Nuedexta: The patient must have a diagnosis of pseudobulbar affect (PBA) secondary to a neurological condition AND the patient has had a trial and therapy failure at a therapeutic dose with a tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) or an SSRI AND the patient has documentation of a current EKG (within the past 3 months) without QT prolongation AND initial authorizations will be approved for 6 months with a baseline Center for Neurologic Studies Lability Scale (CNS-LS) questionnaire AND subsequent prior authorizations will be considered at 6 month intervals with documented efficacy as seen in an improvement in the



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		CNS-LS questionnaire  Samsca: The agent is being used for the treatment of euvolemic or hypervolemic hyponatremia AND Despite optimal fluid restriction, the patient's serum sodium < 120 mEq/L or the patient is symptomatic with a serum sodium < 125 mEq/L. AND The treatment will be initiated or is being reinitiated in a hospital setting where serum sodium can be monitored  Signifor: Patient has a diagnosis of (pituitary) Cushing's disease AND Patient is 18 years of age or older AND Pituitary surgery is not an option or has not been curative AND After preliminary review by the Clinical Call Center, the request will be forwarded to the DVHA Medical Director for final approval. Note: Reapproval requires confirmation that the patient has experienced an objective response to therapy (i.e., clinically meaningful reduction in 24-hour urinary free cortisol levels and/or improvement in signs or symptoms of the disease).  Solesta: The diagnosis or indication is treatment of fecal incontinence. AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient has had an inadequate response with conservative therapy, including diet, fiber supplementation, and anti-diarrheal medication
		Soliris: The patient has a diagnosis of paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) documented by flow cytometry. AND The patient has received the meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation. OR The patient has a diagnosis of atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS). AND The patient has received the meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to therapy initiation. Authorization for continued use shall be reviewed to confirm that the patient has experienced an objective response to the therapy.  Somatuline: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Acromegaly.  Lysteda, Tranexamic acid: The diagnosis or indication is clinically significant



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		heavy menstrual bleeding AND The patient has been started and stabilized on oral tranexamic acid within the previous 360 days. OR The patient does not have a contraindication to therapy with oral tranexamic acid (i.e., active thrombotic disease, history of thrombosis/thromboembolism, or an intrinsic risk of thrombosis/thromboembolism), and if oral tranexamic acid is to be used concomitantly with an estrogen containing hormonal contraceptive product, the risks of combination therapy have been discussed with the patient. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or an inadequate response with at least one oral contraceptive or progestin containing product despite an adequate trial of at least 90 days, or a rationale for why these products cannot be used (e.g. actively attempting to conceive). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication, or an inadequate response with at least one regularly scheduled (not PRN) NSAID or a rationale for why these products cannot be used (e.g. actively attempting to conceive). AND If the request is for brand Lysteda, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product.  Xenazine: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is Huntington's disease with chorea. AND Age > 18 years.
	MOOD STAE	BILIZERS
LITHIUM CARBONATE† (formerly Eskalith <sup>®</sup> )  LITHIUM CARBONATE SR† (compare to Lithobid <sup>®</sup> , formerly	Equetro <sup>®</sup> (carbamazepine SR)  Lithobid <sup>®</sup> * (lithium carbonate SR)	Lithobid: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with the generic equivalent of the requested medication.  Equetro: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)  Eskalith CR®) LITHIUM CITRATE SYRUP†	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA  with a carbamazepine product from the anticonvulsant therapeutic drug category
	MUCOSAL COATING AG	ENTS
ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE†(formerly Amphojel®)  EPISIL® (wound barrier)  GELCLAIR® (povidone sodium hyaluronate glycyrrhetinic acid gel)  MYLANTA/DIPHENYDRAMINE/LIDOCAINE VISCOUS (aka "Magic Mouthwash")  Or other similar single or combination products	MuGard (mucoadhesive oral wound rinse) $(QL = 4 \text{ bottles/month})$	<ul> <li>MuGard: Patient is receiving radiation and/or chemotherapy. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one oral mucosal coating agent</li> <li>(e.g. aluminum hydroxide suspension, Mylanta) or a topical anesthetic (e.g. viscous lidocaine or diphenhydramine solutions) or combinations of similar agents.</li> <li>Additional criteria for viscous lidocaine:</li> <li>• Due to a FDA safety alert, viscous lidocaine will require prior authorization for children ≤3 years of age.</li> </ul>
	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS MED	ICATIONS
Self-injectables (Avonex®, Betaseron®, Copaxor Pharmacy Provider, Briova	ne <sup>®</sup> ,Extavia <sup>®</sup> Glatopa <sup>®</sup> , Plegridy <sup>®</sup> , &Rebif <sup>®</sup> ) & Au	bagio <sup>®</sup> , Gilenya <sup>®</sup> & Tecfidera <sup>®</sup> must be obtained through Specialty
INJECTABLES Interferons	Extavia <sup>®</sup> (interferon beta-1b)	<ul> <li>Ampyra: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND Patient age &gt; 18 years.</li> <li>Aubagio: Patient is at least 18 years of age or older AND Patient has a diagnosis of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis and progressive-relapsing multiple sclerosis) AND Patient does not have any of the</li> </ul>

149



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
AVONEX <sup>®</sup> (interferon <i>B</i> -1a)  BETASERON <sup>®</sup> (interferon <i>B</i> -1b)  REBIF <sup>®</sup> (interferon <i>B</i> -1a)  Other  COPAXONE <sup>®</sup> 20 mg (glatiramer acetate) (QL = 1 kit/30 days)  ORAL  TECFIDERA <sup>®</sup> (dimethyl fumarate) (QL = 2 capsules/day, maximum 30 day supply per fill)  Gilenya <sup>®</sup> (fingolimod) capsule (QL = 1 capsule/day, maximum 30 day supply per fill)  Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met  AMPYRA <sup>®</sup> (dalfampridine) tablet (QL = 2 tablets/day, maximum 30 day supply per fill)	Copaxone <sup>®</sup> 40 mg (glatiramer)( <i>QL</i> = 12 syringes(12 ml)/28 days)  Plegridy <sup>®</sup> (peginterferon beta-1a)  Tysabri <sup>®</sup> (natalizumab)  Aubagio <sup>®</sup> (teriflunamide) tablet ( <i>QL</i> = 1 tablet/day, maximum 28 day supply per fill) Glatopa® 20mg (glatiramer acetate) (QL=1 carton (30 syringes/30 days))	following contraindications to teriflunomide: □ Severe hepatic impairment Current treatment with leflunomide (Arava) □ Patients who are pregnant or women of childbearing potential not using reliable contraception  Copaxone 40 mg Syringe: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to at least one preferred drug (not Copaxone 20 mg). AND The patient is unable to tolerate or be compliant with Copaxone 20 mg daily dosing.  Extavia: Patient has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis. AND The provider provides a clinical reason why Betaseron cannot be prescribed.  Glatopa 20mg: Patient is ≥ 18 years AND diagnosis of relapsing forms of Multiple Sclerosis AND the provider provides a clinical reason why Copaxone 20mg cannot be prescribed.  Plegridy: Patient is ≥ 18 years. Diagnosis of relapsing form of Multiple Sclerosis. Documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or contraindication to at least three preferred drugs including at least one preferred form of interferon.  Tysabri: Patient has a diagnosis of relapsing multiple sclerosis and has already been stabilized on Tysabri OR Diagnosis is relapsing multiple sclerosis and the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to at least two preferred drugs. OR Diagnosis of relapsing multiple sclerosis and the patient has a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication to one preferred drug and has tested negative for anti-JCV antibodies.



Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
MUSCLE RELAXANTS, SKELETAL		

#### **Musculoskeletal Agents**

#### Single Agent

CHLORZOXAZONE† 500 mg tablets

(compare to Parafon Forte DSC®)

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$ 

CYCLOBENZAPRINE†5 mg, 10 mg tablets (compare to Flexeril®)

(Quantity limit = 6 tablets/day (5 mg), 3 tablets/day (10 mg))

METHOCARBAMOL† 500mg, 750 mg tablets

(compare to Robaxin<sup>®</sup>)

 $(Quantity\ limit = 8\ tablets/day)$ 

ORPHENADRINE CITRATE ER† (previously

Norflex<sup>®</sup>) 100 mg tablet (*Ouantity limit* = 2 tablets/day)

Amrix<sup>®</sup>(cyclobenzaprine sustained-release) 15 mg, 30 mg capsule

 $(Quantity\ limit = 1\ capsule/day)$ 

carisoprodol 250 mg tablets

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$ 

carisoprodol†350 mg (compare to Soma®) tablets

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$ 

cyclobenzaprine 7.5 mg† tab (compare to Fexmid<sup>®</sup>)

 $(Quantity\ limit = 3\ tablets/day)$ 

Fexmid<sup>®</sup> (cyclobenzaprine) 7.5 mg tablet

(Quantity limit = 3 tablets/day)

Lorzone® (chlorzoxazone) 375 mg, 750 mg tablets

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$ 

metaxalone† (compare to Skelaxin<sup>®</sup>) 800 mg tablets (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)

Parafon Forte DSC®\* (chlorzoxazone) 500 mg tablets

(Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)

Robaxin<sup>®</sup>\* (methocarbamol) 500mg, 750 mg tablets (*Quantity limit* = 8 tablets/day)

Skelaxin<sup>(R)</sup> (metaxalone) 800 mg tablets

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$ 

 $Soma^{\mathbb{R}}$  (carisoprodol) 250 mg, 350 mg tablets

 $(Quantity\ limit = 4\ tablets/day)$ 

carisoprodol, ASA† (previously Soma Compound®)

Amrix, cyclobenzaprine 7.5 mg, Fexmid: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why a preferred generic cyclobenzaprine cannot be used. For approval of Fexmid, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.

Brand skeletal muscle relaxants with generics available (Flexeril, Parafon Forte DSC, Robaxin): The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents (One trial must be the AB rated generic).

carisoprodol, carisoprodol/ASA, carisoprodol/ASA/codeine, Soma, metaxolone, Skelaxin: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents. Additionally, if a brand name product is requested where an AB rated generic exists, the patient must also have had a documented intolerance to the generic product.

**Lorzone:** The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with two different preferred musculoskeletal agents.

**Dantrium, Zanaflex tablets:** The patient must have a documented intolerance with the AB rated generic product.

**Tizanadine capsules, Zanaflex capsules:** The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why generic tizanidine tablets cannot be used. AND If the request is for Zanaflex capsules, the patient must have a documented intolerance to generic tizanadin

e capsules



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)	
Dontrium®* (dontrolone)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Zanaflex <sup>®</sup> * (tizanidine) tablets	
NEUROGENIC ORTHOSTATIC H	YPOTENSION
Northera®	O continue I to the
Trotuctaes	Quantity Limits:  • Initial 2 weeks approval
	Continued therapy approvals based on documentation of continued benefit
	clinically and as evidenced by positional blood pressure readings
	Clinical Criteria:
	diagnosis of neurogenic orthostatic hypotension caused by primary
	autonomic failure (Parkinson's disease, multiple system atrophy, or pure
	(PA required)  (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day) carisoprodol, ASA, codeine† (previously Soma Compound with Codeine®) (Quantity limit = 4 tablets/day)  Dantrium®* (dantrolene) tizanidine† (compare to Zanaflex®) capsules Zanaflex® (tizanidine) capsules Zanaflex® (tizanidine) tablets

152



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(1017) required diffess otherwise noted)	(17) required)	<ul> <li>autonomic failure), dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency, or non-diabetic autonomic neuropathy, AND</li> <li>the presentation of symptoms including dizziness, lightheadedness, and the feeling of "blacking out" AND</li> <li>Failure of multiple non-pharmacologic measures as appropriate(e.g. removal of offending medications, compression stockings, increased fluid</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>and salt intake) AND</li> <li>Failure, intolerance or contra-indication to fludrocortisone AND midodrine</li> </ul>
	NUTRITIONALS, LIQUID ORAL S	SUPPLEMENTS
	ALL Note: Nutritional supplements administered via tube feeds may be provided through the Medical Benefit	<ul> <li>EleCare, EleCare Jr: The patient is an infant or child who needs an amino acid-based medical food or who cannot tolerate intact or hydrolyzed protein. AND The product is being requested for the dietary management of protein maldigestion, malabsorption, severe food allergies, short-bowel syndrome, eosinophilic GI disorders, GI-tract impairment, or other conditions for which an amino acid-based diet is required.</li> <li>All Others: Requested nutritional supplement will be administered via tube feeding. OR Patient has one of the following conditions where feeding is difficult or malabsorption or maldigestion occurs: AIDS, Cancer, Celiac Disease, Cerebral Palsy, Chronic Diarrhea, Cognitive Impairment, Cystic Fibrosis, Dementia (includes Alzheimer's), Developmental Delays, Difficulty with chewing/swallowing food, Inflammatory Bowel Disease, Parkinson's, Short Gut. OR Patient has experienced unplanned weight loss or is extremely low weight (see further definitions below) OR Patient has demonstrated nutritional</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		deficiency identified by low serum protein levels (albumin or pre-albumin levels to be provided) (albumin <3.5 g/dL /pre-albumin <15 mg/dL)  Unplanned Weight Loss/Low Weight Table:  Adult: □ Involuntary loss of > 10 % of body weight within 6 months □  Involuntary loss of > 5% of body weight within 1 month □ Loss of > 2% of body weight within one week □ BMI of < 18.5 kg/m2  Elderly: (>65): □ Involuntary loss of > 10 % of body weight within 6 months □  Involuntary loss of > 5 % of body weight within 3 months □ Loss of > 2 % of body weight within one month □ BMI of < 18.5 kg/m2  Children: □ < 80 % of expected weight-for-height □ < 90 % of expected height-for-age □ Mid-upper arm circumference/head circumference ratio < 0.25  Limitations: Infant formulas are not covered under the pharmacy benefit. Please contact WIC.
	ONCOLOGY: ORAL (se	lect)
ALL – see Oncology: Oral order form for details of medication that must be obtained through Briova, DVHA's specialty pharmacy provider		



**EFFECTIVE** Version

**Updated: 02/09/16** 

#### **Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	OPHTHALMICS	
ANTIBIOTICS	GI Brasil G. C.	
Besivance (besifloxacin) suspension CIPROFLOXACIN HCL† (compare to Ciloxan) solution OFLOXACIN† (compare to Ocuflox) solution MACROLIDES ERYTHROMYCIN† ointment ILOTYCIN† (erythromycin) ointment  AMINOGLYCOSIDES Single Agent  AK-TOB† (tobramycin) solution GARAMYCIN† (gentamicin) ointment GENTAK† (gentamicin) ointment, solution GENTAMICIN† ointment, solution TOBRAMYCIN† solution (compare to Tobrex)  Combination  Tobradex®* (tobramycin/dexamethasone) suspension Tobradex® (tobramycin/dexamethasone) ointment	Ciloxan®*(ciprofloxacin) ointment, solution gatifloxacin 0.5% solution (compare to Zymaxid®)  Iquix® (levofloxacin 1.5 %) (preservative free) solution levofloxacin 0.5 % (compare to Quixin®) solution Moxeza® (moxifloxacin 0.5%) (preservative free) solution  Ocuflox®*(ofloxacin) solution  Quixin® (levofloxacin) solution  Vigamox® (moxifloxacin 0.5 %) solution  Vigamox® (gatifloxacin 0.3%) solution  Zymar® (gatifloxacin 0.3%) solution  Zymaxid® (gatifloxacin 0.5%) solution  Azasite®(azithromycin) solution  All other brands  Garamycin® (gentamicin) solution  Tobrex® solution* (tobramycin)	<ul> <li>Aminoglycosides: Single Agent: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least ONE preferred ophthalmic aminoglycoside. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation) Combination Product: The patient has had a documented intolerance with brand Tobradex</li> <li>Macrolides: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic erythromycin. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation)</li> <li>Miscellaneous Antibiotics: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least TWO preferred ophthalmic miscellaneous antibiotics. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation)</li> <li>Quinolones: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with ciprofloxacin, ofloxacin, or Besivance. AND If the request is for Quixin or Zymaxid, the patient also has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent OR The request is for Vigamox or Zymar as part of a regimen to prevent postoperative infection in patients receiving any ophthalmologic surgery.</li> </ul>

155



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Tobrex <sup>®</sup> ointment (tobramycin)	
<u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>	TOBRAMYCIN W/DEXAMETHASONE† (compare	
Single Agent	to Tobradex <sup>®</sup> ) suspension	
BACITRACIN ointment	TobraDex ST <sup>®</sup> (tobramycin/dexamethasone) suspension	
SULFACETAMIDE SODIUM <sup>†</sup> (compare to Bleph-	Zylet (tobramycin/loteprednol) suspension	
10 <sup>®</sup> ) solution	Pred-G <sup>®</sup> (gentamicin/prednisolone) suspension	
Combination	Pred-G <sup>®</sup> S.O.P. (gentamicin/prednisolone) ointment	
AK-POLY-BAC <sup>†</sup> (bacitracin/polymyxin) ointment BACITRACIN ZINC W/POLYMYXIN B <sup>†</sup> (formerly Polysporin <sup>®</sup> ) ointment	Bleph-10 <sup>®</sup> * (sulfacetamide) solution	
NEOMYCIN/BACITRACIN/POLYMYXIN	N. I ® ( If , ,   , ,   )	
(formerly Neosporin <sup>®</sup> )	Blephamide® (sulfacetamide/prednisolone acetate) suspension	
ointment NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN,	suspension Blephamide® S.O.P. (sulfacetamide/prednisolone	
W/DEXAMETHASONE <sup>†</sup> (compare to Maxitrol <sup>®</sup> ) ointment, suspension	acetate) oint Maxitrol®* (neomycin/polymyxin/dexamethasone)	
Maxitrol <sup>®</sup> ) ointment, suspension NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN W/GRAMICIDIN	suspension, ointment	
solution (compare to	Neosporin®* (neomycin/polymyxin/gramicidin) soln	
Neosporin <sup>®</sup> )	NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN W/HYDROCORTISONE	
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN	oint	
W/HYDROCORTISONE suspension NFOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN/BACITRACIN/	Poly-pred® (neomycin/polymyxin B/prednisolone	
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN/BACITRACIN/ HYDROCORTISONE <sup>†</sup> ointment	acetate) suspension Polytrim <sup>®</sup> * (polymyxin B/trimethoprim) soln	
POLYMYXIN B W/TRIMETHOPRIM <sup>†</sup> (compare to	Polyullii " (polymyxin B/trimetnoprim) soin	
Polytrim <sup>®</sup> ) solution	All other brands	
SULFACETAMIDE W/PREDNISOLONE SOD		

156



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
PHOSPHATE solution		
ANTIHISTAMINES		
KETOTIFEN† 0.025 % (eg. Alaway <sup>®</sup> , Zaditor <sup>®</sup> OTC, others) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month) After trial of ketotifen 0.025 %  PATADAY <sup>®</sup> § (olopatadine 0.2%)/PATANOL <sup>®</sup> § (olopatadine 0.1%) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month)	Azelastine † (compare to Optivar®) (QL = 1 bottle/month)  Bepreve® (bepotastine besilate) (QL = 1 bottle/month)  Elestat® (epinastine) (Quantity Limit = 1 bottle/month)  Epinastine† (compare to Elestat®) (QL = 1 bottle/month)  Emadine® (emedastine) (Quantity Limit = 2 bottles/month)  Lastacaft® (alcaftadine) (QL = 1 bottle/month)  Optivar® (azelastine) (QL = 1 bottle/month)  Pazeo® (olopatadine 0.7%) (QL = 1 bottle/month)	<ul> <li>Pataday/Patanol: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ketotifen.</li> <li>Azelastine, Bepreve, Elestat, Epinastine, Optivar, Pazeo: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Pataday or Patanol. If the product has a generic equivalent, the patient must also have had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.</li> <li>Lastacaft, Emadine: The patient is pregnant and the diagnosis is allergic conjunctivitis OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ketotifen. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Patanol/Pataday</li> </ul>
CORTICOSTEROIDS: TOPICAL		
DEXAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE  0.1% Sol†  FLUOROMETHOLONE 0.1% S†  Lotemax ® (loteprednol) 0.5% O (pres. free)  Lotemax ® (loteprednol) 0.5% G,S  PREDNISOLONE ACETATE 1% S†	Alrex <sup>®</sup> (loteprednol) 0.2% S Durezol <sup>®</sup> (difluprednate) 0.05% E FML <sup>®</sup> (fluorometholone) 0.1% O FML Forte <sup>®</sup> (fluorometholone) 0.25% S FML Liquifilm <sup>®</sup> /Flarex <sup>®</sup> (fluorometholone) 0.1% S Pred Forte <sup>®</sup> /Omnipred <sup>®</sup> (prednisolone acetate) 1% S	All Others: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with one preferred generic ophthalmic corticosteroid. (If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have been a trial of the generic formulation)

157



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
E=emulsion, G=gel,O=ointment, S=suspension, Sol=solution	Pred Mild <sup>®</sup> (prednisolone acetate) 0.12% S Vexol <sup>®</sup> (rimexolone) 1% S All other brands	
CYSTARAN		
	Cystaran® (cysteamine) 0.44% ophthalmic solution (QL=4 bottles (60 ml)/ 28 days)  Maximum days' supply/RX = 28 days	<b>Cystaran:</b> The indication for use is corneal cystine accumulation in patients with cystinosis.
DRY EYE SYNDROME		
Generic OTC Ocular Lubricants  ARTIFICIAL TEARS† Ointment ARTIFICIAL TEARS† Solution REFRESH TEARS† Solution TEARS NATURALE† Solution LUBRIFRESH P.M.† Ointment  And all other generics	Restasis <sup>®</sup> (cyclosporine ophthalmic emulsion) 0.05% ( <i>QL</i> =60 vials per 30 days).	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The patient has a diagnosis of moderate to severe keratoconjunctivitis sicca (dry eye syndrome) or Sjogren syndrome with suppressed tear production due to ocular inflammation AND The member does not have any of the following contraindications or exclusions to therapy: A) An active ocular infection B) Concurrent topical anti-inflammatory drugs C) Concurrent punctal plug use AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to two ocular lubricants (e.g., artificial tears, lubricant gels, etc.).  Limitations: OTC branded ocular lubricants are not covered (as part of DVHA's comprehensive OTC policy). There is no PA opportunity for branded OTC ocular lubricants.
GLAUCOMA AGENTS/MIOTICS		
ALPHA-2 ADRENERGIC Single Agent	apraclonidine† (compare to Iopidine®)	ALPHA 2 ADRENERGIC AGENTS: Single Agent: The patient has had a

158



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
ALPHAGAN P <sup>®</sup> 0.1 %, 0.15 % (brimonidine tartrate)	brimonidine tartrate 0.15 % † (compare to Alphagan P <sup>®</sup> )	documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with at least one preferred
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE† 0.2 % ( formerly	Iopidine <sup>®</sup> (apraclonidine)	ophthalmic alpha 2 adrenergic agent. If the request is for brimonidine tartrate
Alphagan <sup>®</sup> )	ropidine (apracionidine)	0.15%, the patient must have a documented intolerance of brand name Alphagan P 0.15%.
Combination		1 0.1370.
COMBIGAN® (brimonidine tartrate/timolol maleate)		BETA BLOCKERS: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or
Simbrinza®  Simbrinza®		treatment failure with at least one preferred ophthalmic beta blocker.
(brinzolamide 1% and brimonidine 0.2%) Susp	Betagan®* (levobunolol)	PROSTAGLANDIN INHIBITORS
	Betagan <sup>®</sup> * (levobunolol) Betimol <sup>®</sup> (timolol) Betoptic S <sup>®</sup> (betaxolol suspension)	Lumigan, Rescula: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested
	Istalol®* (timolol)	medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for
BETA BLOCKER	istaioi - (timoioi)	stabilization.) OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic latanoprost and Travatan Z.
BETAXOLOL HCL† (formerly Betoptic®)	Metipranolol (formerly Optipranolol®)	treatment faiture with generic fatanopiost and Travatan Z.
CARTEOLOL HCL† (formerly Ocupress®)	Metipranolol (formerly Optipranolol <sup>®</sup> ) Timoptic <sup>®</sup> * (timolol maleate) Timoptic XE <sup>®</sup> * (timolol maleate gel)	<b>Travoprost:</b> The patient has had a documented intolerance to Travatan Z.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Timoptic XE <sup>®*</sup> (timolol maleate gel)	<b>Zioptan:</b> The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested medication.
LEVOBUNOLOL HCL† (compare to Betagan®)		(Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR
TIMOLOL MALEATE† (compare to Istalol®,		The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with
Timoptic <sup>®</sup> )	R o ot o to og ot di	generic latanoprost and Travatan Z. OR The patient has a sensitivity to preservatives used in ophthalmic preparations
TIMOLOL MALEATE †gel (compare to Timotic	Lumigan <sup>®</sup> 0.01 %/0.03 % (bimatoprost) Rescula <sup>®</sup> (unoprostone)	Xalatan: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. AND
XE <sup>®</sup> )	Travoprost (travoprost) Xalatan (latanoprost)	The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product. AND  The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with
PROSTAGLANDIN INHIBITORS	Xalatan (latanoprost)	Travatan Z.
LATANOPROST† (compare to Xalatan <sup>®</sup> )	Zioptan <sup>®</sup> (tafluprost)	CARBONIC ANHYDRASE INHIBITORS
TRAVATAN $Z^{\otimes}$ (travoprost) (BAK free)		Single Agent: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment
TRAVATAN Z (IIavopiosi) (DAK IIee)		failure with a preferred carbonic anhydrase inhibitor.
	Azopt <sup>®</sup> (brinzolamide 1%)	Combination Product:
	Trusopt <sup>®*</sup> (dorzolamide 2 %)	<b>Cosopt:</b> The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent

159



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CARBONIC ANHYDRASE INHIBITOR Single Agent DORZOLAMIDE 2 % (compare to Trusopt®)  Combination DORZOLAMIDE w/TIMOLOL (compare to Cosopt®)	Cosopt <sup>®*</sup> (dorzolamide w/timolol) Cosopt PF <sup>®</sup> (dorzolamide w/timolol) (pres-free) Simbrinza <sup>®</sup> (brinzolamide 1% and brimonidine 0.2%) Susp  Miochol-E <sup>®</sup> (acetylcholine)	product.  Cosopt PF: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the preservatives in the generic combination product.
		<b>Miscellaneous:</b> The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with a preferred miscellaneous ophthalmic agent. If a product has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation)
MISCELLANEOUS		
DIPIVEFRIN HCL† (compare to Propine®)		
ISOPTO® CARBACHOL (carbachol)		
ISOPTO <sup>®</sup> CARPINE (pilocarpine)		
PILOCARPINE HCL† (formerly Pilocar®)		
PILOPINE® HS (pilocarpine) gel		
PHOSPHOLINE IODIDE <sup>®</sup> (echothiophate) PROPINE <sup>®</sup> (dipivefrin)		

160



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
MAST CELL STABILIZERS		
CROMOLYN SODIUM† (formerly Crolom <sup>®</sup> )	Alocril <sup>®</sup> (nedocromil sodium) Alomide <sup>®</sup> (lodoxamide)	Criteria for Approval: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with generic cromolyn sodium
NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DR	UGS (NSAIDs)	
ACULAR® (ketorolac 0.5% ophthalmic sol.)	ACULAR LS <sup>®</sup> (ketorolac 0.4% ophthalmic sol.) Acuvail (ketorolac 0.45 %) Ophthalmic Solution	<b>Acuvail:</b> The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Acular OR The patient has a documented hypersensitivity to the preservative
FLURBIPROFEN † 0.03% ophthalmic sol.	(Quantity Limit = 30 unit dose packets/15 days)	benzalkonium chloride.
	Bromday® ophthalmic sol (bromfenac 0.09%)	Acular LS, Bromday, Bromfenac, Diclofenac, Ilevro, Nevanac, Prolensa,
	Bromfenac† 0.09 % ophthalmic sol (compare to	<b>Voltaren:</b> The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Acular. In addition, if a product has an AB rated generic, there must
	Bromday <sup>®</sup> ) (once daily) Bromfenac† 0.09 % ophthalmic sol (formerly	have also been a trial of the generic formulation.
	Xibrom <sup>®</sup> )	<b>Ketorolac 0.4 %/0.5 %:</b> The patient has had a documented intolerance to brand
	Diclofenac† 0.1% ophthalmic sol (compare to	Acular ophthalmic solution.
	Voltaren <sup>®</sup> )	•
	Ketorolac† 0.4 % ophthalmic sol (compare to Acular	
	LS <sup>®</sup> )	
	Ketorolac† 0.5 % ophthalmic sol (compare to Acular®)	<b>Ocufen:</b> The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic flurbiprofen ophthalmic solution.
	Ilevro® ophthalmic susp. (nepafenac 0.3%)	opiniumie solution.
	Nevanac® ophthalmic susp. (nepafenac 0.1%)	
	Ocufen®* ophthalmic sol. (flurbiprofen 0.03%)	



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Prolensa <sup>®</sup> ophthalmic sol. (bromfenac 0.07%)  Voltaren <sup>®</sup> (diclofenac 0.1% ophthalmic sol	
	OTIC ANTI-INFECTIV	/ES
Anti-infective Single Agent  Cipro-HC® (ciprofloxacin 0.2%/hydrocortisone 1%) otic suspension  Anti-infective/Corticosteroid Combination  CIPRODEX® (ciprofloxacin 0.3%/dexamethasone 0.1%) otic suspension	Ciprofloxacin† 0.2% (compare to Cetraxal <sup>®</sup> ) otic solution ( <i>Qty limit</i> = 14 unit dose packages/ 7 days)  OFLOXACIN† 0.3% Otic Soln (formerly Floxin <sup>®</sup> )  Coly-Mycin S <sup>®</sup> /Cortisporin TC <sup>®</sup> (neomycin/colistin/thonzium/hydrocortisone)	Ciprofloxacin 0.2%: The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to both of the following: any generic neomycin/polymyxin B/hydrocortisone product, AND Ciprodex otic suspension.  Coly-Mycin S, Cortisporin TC: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to neomycin/polymyxin B sulfate/hydrocortisone and one other preferred product.  Acetasol HC, Acetic Acid/Hydrocortisone: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO preferred otic anti-infectives.
NEOMYCIN/POLYMYXIN B SULFATE/HYDROCORTISONE† (compare to Cortisporpin otic )  Miscellaneous Agents ACETIC ACID† Otic soln ACETIC ACID-ALUMINUM ACETATE† Otic soln	Acetasol HC† (acetic acid 2%/hydrocortisone 1% otic soln) Acetic Acid/Hydrocortisone† Otic Soln	



**EFFECTIVE** Version

**Updated: 02/09/16** 

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	OVER THE COUNTER (OTC) M	EDICATIONS
Please refer to the DVHA website for covered OTC process for non-covered OTCs.	C categories not already managed on the PDL. Many ca	ntegories limited to generics ONLY and other categories not covered. No PA
	PANCREATIC ENZYME PR	ODUCTS
CREON <sup>®</sup> DR Capsule ZENPEP <sup>®</sup> DR Capsule	Pancreaze <sup>®</sup> DR Capsule Pancrelipase† 5,000 (compare to Zenpep <sup>®</sup> 5,000) Pertzye <sup>®</sup> DR Capsule Ultresa <sup>®</sup> DR Capsule Viokace <sup>®</sup> DR Capsule	<ul> <li>Pancrelipase 5,000 (generic): The patient has a documented intolerance to brand Zenpep 5,000</li> <li>All others: The patient has been started and stabilized on the requested product. OR The patient has had treatment failure or documented intolerance with both Creon and Zenpep.</li> </ul>
	PARATHYROID AGE	NTS
	Natpara® (parathyroid hormone) (max dosage = 2 cartridges per 28 days)	Natpara clinical criteria (length of authorization 1 year)  ■ Natpara: diagnosis of hypocalcemia secondary to hypoparathyroidism (but NOT acute post-surgical hypoparathyroidism within 6 months of surgery) AND  ■ Natpara PA form must be completed and clinical and lab documentation supplied AND  ■ Must be prescribed by an endocrinologist AND  ■ Must be documented by ALL of the following:  ○ History of hypoparathyroidism >18 months AND  ○ Biochemical evidence of hypocalcemia AND  ○ Concomitant serum intact parathyroid hormone (PTH)



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		concentrations below the lower limit of the normal laboratory reference range on 2 test dates at least 21 days apart within the past 12 months AND  ■ No history of the following:     omutation in CaSR gene OR     opseudohypoparathyroidism OR     oa condition with an increased risk of osteosarcoma AND  ■ Hypocalcemia is not corrected by calcium supplements and preferred active forms of vitamin D alone AND  ■ Patients must be taking vitamin D metabolite/analog therapy with calcitriol ≥0.25 µg per day OR equivalent AND  ■ Must be taking supplemental oral calcium treatment ≥ 1000 mg per day over and above normal dietary calcium intake AND  ■ Serum calcium must be ≥ 7.5 mg/dl prior to starting Natpara AND  ■ Serum thyroid function tests and serum magnesium levels must be within normal limits AND  ■ Documentation of creatinine clearance > 30 mL/min on two separate measurements OR creatinine clearance > 60 mL/min AND serum creatinine < 1.5 mg/dL
	PARKINSON'S: NON ERGOT DOPAN	MINE RECEPTOR AGONIST
DOPAMINE PRECURSOR  CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† (compare to Sinemet <sup>®</sup> CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† ER (compare to Sinemet <sup>®</sup> CR)  CARBIDOPA/LEVODOPA† ODT (compare to	Parcopa <sup>®</sup> * (carbidopa/levodopa ODT) Rytary® (carbidopa/levodopa ER caps) Sinemet <sup>®</sup> * (carbidopa/levodopa) Sinemet CR <sup>®</sup> *(carbidopa/levodopa ER)	Sinemet, Sinemet CR, Mirapex, Parcopa, Parlodel, Requip, Eldepryl: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product.  Rytary: The patient has a diagnosis of Parkinson's disease, post-encephalitic parkinsonism, or parkinsonism following intoxication from carbon monoxide or manganese AND the prescriber is a neurologist AND the patient is having breakthrough symptoms despite a combination of concurrent IR and ER formulations of carbidopa/levodopa

164



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Parcopa <sup>®</sup> )  DOPAMINE AGONISTS (ORAL)  BROMOCRIPTINE† (compare to Parlodel <sup>®</sup> )  PRAMIPEXOLE † (compare to Mirapex <sup>®</sup> )  ROPINIROLE† (compare to Requip <sup>®</sup> )	Mirapex <sup>®*</sup> (pramipexole) Mirapex ER <sup>®</sup> (pramipexole ER) QL = 1 tab/day Requip <sup>®*</sup> (ropinirole) Requip XL <sup>®</sup> (ropinirole XL) QL = 1 tab/day (all strengths except 12 mg), QL = 2 tabs/day (12 mg) ropinirole XL† (compare to Requip XL <sup>®</sup> ) QL = 1 tab/day (all strengths except 12 mg), QL = 2 tabs/day (12 mg)	<ul> <li>Amantadine tablets: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic amantadine capsules.</li> <li>Azilect: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with selegiline. AND The dose requested does not exceed 1 mg/day</li> <li>carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone: The patient has had a documented intolerance to brand Stalevo.</li> <li>Mirapex ER, Requip XL, ropinirole: The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. Requests will not be approved for Restless Leg Syndrome (RLS) AND The patient has had an inadequate response (i.e. wearing off effect or "off" time) with the immediate release product. OR The patient has not been able to be adherent to a three times daily dosing schedule of the immediate release product resulting in a significant clinical impact. AND If the requested product has an AB rated generic, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic</li> </ul>
DOPAMINE AGONISTS (TRANSDERMAL)  Neupro® (rotigotine) transdermal patch (Quantity Limit = 1 patch/day)	Tasmar® (tolcapone)	product. <b>Tasmar:</b> The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Comtan. <b>Zelapar:</b> The diagnosis or indication is Parkinson's disease. AND The patient is on
(2mg, 4 mg, 6 mg and 8 mg patches)  COMT INHIBITORS  COMTAN® (entacapone)  ENTACAPONE† (compare to Comtan®)  MAO-B INHIBITORS  SELEGILINE† (compare to Eldepryl®)	Azilect <sup>®</sup> (rasagiline) (QL = 1 mg/day) Eldepryl <sup>®</sup> (selegiline) Zelapar <sup>®</sup> (selegiline ODT) ( $QL = 2.5 \text{ mg/day}$ ) Amantadine† tablets (formerly Symmetrel <sup>®</sup> ) (Quantity limit PA also required for $\leq 10$ day supply)	current therapy with levodopa/carbidopa. AND Medical necessity for disintegrating tablet administration is provided (i.e. inability to swallow tablets or drug interaction with oral selegiline). AND the dose requested does not exceed 2.5mg/day  Limitations: To prevent the use of amantadine in influenza treatment/prophylaxis, days supply < 10 days will require PA.

165



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
OTHER  AMANTADINE† capsules (formerly Symmetrel <sup>®</sup> ) (PA required for ≤ 10 day supply) STALEVO <sup>®</sup> (carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone)	carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone† (compare to Stalevo <sup>®</sup> )	
	PHOSPHODIESTERASE-4 (PDE-4	4) INHIBITORS
	Daliresp® tablet (roflumilast) Quantity limit = 1 tablet/day  Otezla® tablet (apremilast) (Starter pack – Quantity limit = 27 tablets/14 days) (30 mg tablets – Quantity limit = 2 tablets/day)  * Maximum days' supply per fill = 30)	Daliresp: The indication for the requested medication is treatment to reduce the risk of COPD exacerbations in patients with severe COPD associated with chronic bronchitis and a history of exacerbations. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or a contraindication to at least one inhaled long-acting anticholinergic AND at least one inhaled long-acting beta-agonist. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or a contraindication to at least one inhaled corticosteroid.  Otezla: The patient has a diagnosis of psoriatic arthritis AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient has had inadequate response to, intolerance to, or contraindication to methotrexate.



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-	5) INHIBITORS
resultant from changes set into effect January 1,	2006 and as detailed in Section 1903 (i)(21)(K) of the So	harmacy Programs for the treatment of erectile dysfunction. This change is ocial Security Act (the Act), precluding Medicaid Federal Funding for outpatient age via prior-authorization for the treatment of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension.
	Adcirca <sup>®</sup> (tadalafil) ( <i>Quantity Limit</i> = 2 tablets/day) Revatio® (sildenafil) ( <i>Quantity Limit</i> = 3 tablets/day) Revatio® (sildenafil citrate) vial ( <i>Quantity Limit</i> = 3 vials/day, maximum 14 days supply per fill) sildenafil citrate† (compare to Revatio®) tablet ( <i>Quantity Limit</i> = 3 tablets/day) Viagra® (sildenafil) ( <i>Quantity Limit</i> = 3 tablets/day)	<ul> <li>Adcirca (tadalafil) 20 mg, Revatio (sildenafil citrate) 20 mg, sildenafil citrate 20 mg: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND No concomitant use of organic nitrate-containing products AND For approval of Revatio, the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.</li> <li>Viagra (sildenafil citrate) 25 mg, 50 mg, and 100 mg: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND No concomitant use of organic nitrate-containing products AND Inadequate response to Revatio (sildenafil) 20 mg or currently maintained on a sildenafil dose of 25 mg TID or higher</li> <li>Revatio IV: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND No concomitant use of organic nitrate-containing products AND The patient has a requirement for an injectable dosage form. AND Arrangements have been made for IV bolus administration outside of an inpatient hospital setting.</li> </ul>

167



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	PLATELET INHIBI	TORS
AGGREGATION INHIBITORS  Brilinta <sup>®</sup> (ticagrelor) Tablet $QL = 2 \text{ tablets/day}$ CILOSTAZOL† (compare to Pletal <sup>®</sup> ) CLOPIDOGREL†75 mg (compare to Plavix <sup>®</sup> ) EFFIENT <sup>®</sup> (prasugrel) Tablet $QL = 1 \text{ tablet/day}$ TICLOPIDINE† (formerly Ticlid <sup>®</sup> )  OTHER AGGRENOX <sup>®</sup> (dipyridamole/Aspirin) ANAGRELIDE† (compare to Agrylin <sup>®</sup> ) ASPIRIN† DIPYRIDAMOLE† (compare to Persantine <sup>®</sup> )	Plavix <sup>®</sup> * 75 mg (clopidogrel bisulfate) Pletal <sup>®</sup> * (cilostazol) Zontivity <sup>®</sup> (vorapaxar) Tablet $QL = 1 \ tablet/day$ Agrylin <sup>®</sup> * (anagrelide) Persantine <sup>®</sup> * (dipyridamole)  DIPYRIDAMOLE/ASPIRIN (Aggrenox <sup>®</sup> )	<ul> <li>Agrylin, Persantine, Plavix, Pletal: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic formulation of the medication.</li> <li>Dipyridamole/Aspirin: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the brand formulation of the medication.</li> <li>Zontivity: The patient is started and stabilized on the medication. (Note: samples are not considered adequate justification for stabilization.) OR The patient has a history of myocardial infarction (MI) or peripheral arterial disease (PAD) AND The indication for use is reduction of thrombotic cardiovascular events. AND The medication is being prescribed in combination with aspirin and/or clopidogrel.</li> <li>Limitations: Plavix/clopidogrel 300mg is not an outpatient dose and is not covered in the pharmacy benefit.</li> </ul>
	POST-HERPETIC NEURAL	LGIA AGENTS
	Gralise® (gabapentin) tablet, starter pack  Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day  (Maximum 30 day supply per fill)	<b>Gralise:</b> The patient has a diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia (PHN) AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure with at least one drug from the tricyclic antidepressant class. AND The patient has had an inadequate response to the generic gabapentin immediate-

168



**EFFECTIVE** Version

Updated: 02/09/16

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		release.

#### **PSORIASIS**

#### **INJECTABLES**

NOTE: Psoriasis Self-Injectables (Enbrel, Humira and Cosentyx) must be obtained and billed through our specialty pharmacy vendor, Briova. Stelara may either be obtained and billed through our specialty pharmacy vendor, Briova or through the medical benefit. Please see the Enbrel, Humira or Stelara Prior Authorization/Patient Enrollment Form for instructions. Briova may supply Remicade upon request or you may continue to obtain through your usual supplier.

Preferred Agents After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Non-Pref. Agents After Clinical Criteria Are Met	Clinical Criteria: For all drugs:
COSENTYX® (secukinumab) (Quantity limit=8  pens or vials month one, then 4 pens or vials  monthly)  ENBREL® (etanercept) Quantity limit = 8 syringes/28 days for the first 3  months; then 4  syringes/28 days(50 mg) or 8 syringes/28 days (25 mg)  subsequently  HUMIRA® (adalimumab) Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days for one month; 2	Remicade <sup>®</sup> (infliximab) Stelara <sup>®</sup> (ustekinumab) (Quantity limit = 45 mg (0.5 ml) or 90 mg (1 ml) per dose) (90 mg dose only permitted if pt weight > 100 kg)	The prescription must be written by a dermatologist AND The patient has a documented diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis and has already been stabilized on the drug being requested OR The prescription must be written by a dermatologist AND The patient has a documented diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis affecting > 10% of the body surface area (BSA) and/or has involvement of the palms, soles, head and neck, or genitalia and has had a documented side effect, allergy, inadequate treatment response, or treatment failure to at least 2 different categories of therapy [i.e. at least 2 topical agents and at least 1 oral systemic agent, (unless otherwise contraindicated)] from the following categories: Topical agents: emollients, keratolytics, corticosteroids, calcipotriene, tazarotene, etc. Systemic agents: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.

169



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
syringes/28 days subsequently		Phototherapy: ultraviolet A and topical psoralens (topical PUVA), ultraviolet A and oral psoralens (systemic PUVA, narrow band ultraviolet B (NUVA), etc.
		<b>Additional Criteria for Cosentyx: The</b> prescriber must provide evidence of a trial and failure or contraindication to Humira®.
		<b>Additional Criteria for Remicade:</b> The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira® or Cosentyx®cannot be used.
		<b>Additional criteria for Stelara:</b> The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira® or Cosentyx®cannot be used.
NON-BIOLOGICS		
ORAL CYCLOSPORINE † (all brand and generic)	Acitretin† (compare to Soriatane <sup>®</sup> ) capsules Oxsoralen-Ultra <sup>®</sup> (methoxsalen)	<b>Acritretin Capsules:</b> The patient has a documented intolerance to brand Soriatane capsules.
METHOTREXATE † (all brand and generic) METHOXSALEN† (compare to Oxsoralen-Ultra®)		<b>Calcitrene Ointment:</b> The patient has a documented intolerance to Calcipotriene ointment.
SORIATANE <sup>®</sup> (acitretin) capsules		Calcipotriene Cream: The patient has a documented intolerance to the brand Dovonex cream.
TOPICAL	Calcipotriene† cream (compare to Dovonex®)	<b>Dovonex Solution:</b> The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic product.
CALCIPOTRIENE† Solution (compare to Dovonex®	Calcitrene® (calcipotriene) ointment calcitriol† (compare to Vectical®) Ointment	Oxsoralen-Ultra: The patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
CALCIPOTRIENE® Ointment (formerly Dovonex®)		Taclonex or calcipotriene/betamethasone diproprionate Ointment or Scalp

170



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
DOVONEX® (calcipotriene cream) PSORIATEC®, DRITHO-SCALP® (anthralin cream)  TAZORAC® (tazarotene cream, gel)	Taclonex®)  (QL for initial fill = 60 grams) Dovonex® solution (calcipotriene) Sorilux® (calcipotriene) foam Taclonex® (calcipotriene/betamethasone ointment/scalp suspension) (QL for initial fill = 60 grams) Vectical® Ointment (calcitriol) (Quantity Limit = 200 g (2 tubes)/week)	<ul> <li>Suspension: The patient has had an inadequate response to a 24 month trial of a betamethasone dipropionate product and Dovonex (or generic calcipotriene), simultaneously, with significant non-adherence issues. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with Tazorac 0.05% or 0.1% cream or gel. Note: If approved, initial fill of Taclonex® or calcipotriene/betamethasone diproprionate will be limited to 60 grams.</li> <li>Vectical Ointment, Calcitriol Ointment: The patient ≥ 18 years of age AND The patient has a diagnosis of mild-to-moderate plaque psoriasis AND The patient has demonstrated inadequate response, adverse reaction or contraindication to calcipotriene AND If the request is for brand Vectical, the patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product.</li> <li>Sorilux: The patient ≥ 18 years of age AND The patient has a diagnosis of plaque psoriasis AND The patient has demonstrated inadequate response or intolerance to other dosage forms of calcipotriene (brand or generic)</li> <li>Limitations: Kits with non-drug or combinations of 2 drug products are not covered.</li> </ul>
	PULMONARY AGI	ENTS
ANTICOLINERGICS: INHALED		
METERED DOSE INHALER (SINGLE AGENT) Short Acting  ATROVENT HFA® (ipratropium)		<ul> <li>Anoro Ellipta/Stiolto Respimat: patient has a diagnosis of COPD (not FDA approved for asthma). AND</li> <li>Mild-Moderate COPD- failure of individual and combination therapy of one</li> </ul>

171



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Quantity Limit = 2 inhalers/25 days		preferred Long Acting Beta Adrenergic (LABA) and a preferred Long Acting Anticholinergic OR
Long Acting		<ul> <li>Severe COPD- failure of one preferred Inhaled Corticosteroid/LABA</li> </ul>
SPIRIVA® HANDIHALER (tiotropium)		combination product and the preferred Long Acting Anticholinergic.
Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day	Incruse Ellipta® (umeclidinium bromide) (Quantity  Limit= 1 inhaler/30 days)	
NEBULIZER (SINGLE AGENT)	Tudorza <sup>®</sup> Pressair (aclidinium bromide)	
IPRATROPIUM SOLN FOR INHALATION	Quantity Limit = $1$ inhaler/30 days	Incruse Ellipta/Tudorza: The patient has had documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to Spiriva®
METERED DOSE INHALER (COMBO PRODUCT) Short Acting	g · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
COMBIVENT® (ipratropium/albuterol)	Spiriva <sup>®</sup> Respimat (tiotropium) $QL = 1 \text{ inhaler/30days}$	
Quantity Limit = $2$ inhalers/30 days	QL = 1 mater/30aays	Spiriva Respimat: patient has a diagnosis of COPD and a compelling clinical reason why they cannot use Spiriva Handihaler
COMBIVENT® RESPIMAT (ipratropium/albuterol)		
Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler (4 grams)/30 days	Anoro® Ellipta (umeclidinium/vilanterol)	
Long Acting	Quantity Limit = 1 inhaler (60 blisters)/30 days	
All require PA.	Stiolto Respimat® (tiotropium/olodaterol) ( $QL = 1$	
NEBULIZER (COMBINATION PRODUCT)	inhaler/30 days)	
IPRATROPIUM/ALBUTEROL†		
ANTIHISTAMINES: INTRANASAL		
	SINGLE AGENT	ASTELIN, ASTEPRO, AZELASTINE, DYMISTA, OLOPATADINE,
	Astelin® (azelastine) Nasal Spray Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 ml)/30 days	<b>PATANASE:</b> The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or
	Astepro® (azelastine 0.15 %) Nasal Spray	treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) OR cetirizine (OTC) AND a preferred

172



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 ml)/30 days	nasal corticosteroid used in combination. AND If the request is for Astepro, the
	azelastine (compare to Astelin®) Nasal Spray	patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle $(30 \text{ ml})/30 \text{ days}$	
	azelastine 0.15 % (compare to Astepro®) Nasal Spray  Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (30 ml)/30 days	
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (50 mt)/50 days	
	Olopatadine † 0.6% (compare to Patanase®) Nasal	
	Spray	
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle $(31 \text{ gm})/30 \text{ days}$	
	Patanase® (olopatadine 0.6%) Nasal Spray	
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (31 gm)/30 day	
	COMBO WITH CORTICOSTEROID	
	Dymista <sup>®</sup> (azelastine/fluticasone) Nasal Spray	
	Quantity Limit = 1 bottle (23 gm)/30 days	
ANTIHISTAMINES: 1 <sup>ST</sup> GENERATION		
ANTIHISTAMINES, I GENERATION		
	All brand antihistamines (example: Benadryl®)	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid
All generic antihistamines	The orang untilistationies (example: Bendary)	reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the
All generic antihistamine/decongestant combinations	All brand antihistamine/decongestant combinations	generically available products would not be a suitable alternative.
	(example: Deconamine SR <sup>®</sup> , Rynatan <sup>®</sup> , Ryna-12 <sup>®</sup> )	
AND CANADA		
ANTIHISTAMINES: 2 <sup>ND</sup> GENERATION		
		FEXOFENADINE 60MG/180 MG TABLETS: The diagnosis or indication for
		willow in indication for

173



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
SINGLE AGENT TABLET	Clarinex <sup>®</sup> (desloratadine) 5 mg tablet desloratadine† (compare to Clarinex <sup>®</sup> ) 5 mg tablet	the requested medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria. AND  The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to
LOBATADINE ÷ (OTC) (Allergy Police® Aleyert®)	Levocetirizine† (compare to Xyzal <sup>®</sup> ) 5 mg tablet	loratadine (OTC) AND cetirizine (OTC).
LORATADINE † (OTC) (Allergy Relief <sup>®</sup> , Alavert <sup>®</sup> ) CETIRIZINE† OTC (formerly Zyrtec <sup>®</sup> ) 5 mg, 10 mg	Xyzal <sup>®</sup> (levocetirizine) 5 mg tablet	CLARINEX TABLETS, DESLORATADINE TABLETS, LEVOCETIRIZINE
tablets	All other brands	TABLETS, XYZALTABLETS: The diagnosis or indication for the requested
After loratadine OTC and cetirizine OTC trials		medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC)
FEXOFENADINE † 60 mg, 180 mg (OTC) tablets (formerly Allegra®)		AND cetirizine (OTC) AND The patient has had a documented side effect,
(iormerry Allegra )	Cetirizine/Pseudoephedrine SR 12hr 5 mg/120 mg	allergy, or treatment failure to fexofenadine. AND If the request is for Clarinex
COMBINATION WITH PSEUDOEPHEDRINE	OTC†	or Xyzal, the patient must also have a documented intolerance to the generic
LORATADINE/PSEUDOEPHEDRINE SR 12hr 5	Clarinex-D <sup>®</sup> 12 hr (desloratadine/pseudoephedrine 2.5 mg/120 mg)	equivalent tablets. CERTIRIZINE CHEWABLE TABLETS, CLARINEX REDITABS,
mg/120 MG † (OTC) (Alavert Allergy/Sinus®)		<b>DESLORATADINE ODT:</b> The diagnosis or indication for the requested
LORATADINE/PSEUDOEPHEDRINE SR 24hr 10	Clarinex Syrup <sup>®</sup> (desloratadine)	medication is allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND The patient has
mg/240 MG †(OTC)	Levoceticizine (compare to Yyzal®) Solution	had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) rapidly disintegrating tablets or requires less than a 10 mg dose of loratadine.
	Levocetirizine (compare to Xyzal <sup>®</sup> ) Solution Xyzal <sup>®</sup> (levocetirizine) Solution	AND If the request is for Clarinex Reditabs, the patient must also have a
SINGLE AGENT ORAL LIQUID		documented intolerance to the generic equivalent tablets
LORATADINE † (OTC) syrup (Allergy Relief <sup>®</sup> )		CLARINEX SYRUP, LEVOCETIRIZINE SOLUTION, XYZAL SOLUTION
CETIRIZINE † (OTC, RX) syrup	Certirizine † OTC Chewable Tablets 5 mg, 10 mg	CERNIC DIRECT, EL VOCETIMENT, E SOLICITOT, ITTEME SOLICITOT.
	Certirizine † OTC Chewable Tablets 5 mg, 10 mg Clarinex Reditabs <sup>®</sup> § (desloratadine) 2.5 mg, 5 mg Desloratadine ODT (compare to Clarinex Reditabs <sup>®</sup> )	<b>ORAL LIQUID:</b> The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is
CHEWABLE/ORALLY DISINTEGRATING TABLET	2.5 mg, 5 mg	allergic rhinitis or chronic idiopathic urticaria AND the patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine syrup AND
LORATADINE † (OTC) (Allergy Relief <sup>®</sup> , Alavert <sup>®</sup> )	All other brands	cetirizine syrup. AND If the request is for Xyzal, the patient must also have a
rapidly		documented intolerance to levocetirizine solution.
disintegrating tablet (RDT) (compare to Claritin®) 10		<b>CETIRIZINE D, CLARINEX-D:</b> The diagnosis or indication for the requested

174



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
mg		medication is allergic rhinitis. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine-D (OTC).  LIMITATIONS: Many Allegra® and Zyrtec® brand products as well as Claritin capsules are not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered. Fexofenadine suspension not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered.  Fexofenadine/pseudoephedrine combination products) (brand and generic) are not covered – individual components may be prescribed separately.
BETA-ADRENERGIC AGENTS		
METERED-DOSE INHALERS (SHORT-ACTING)  PROAIR® HFA (albuterol)  PROVENTIL® HFA (albuterol)  MAXAIR® Autohaler (pirbuterol)  METERED-DOSE INHALERS (LONG-ACTING)	Ventolin <sup>®</sup> HFA (albuterol) Xopenex <sup>®</sup> HFA (levalbuterol) ProAir <sup>®</sup> Respiclick (albuterol)  Arcapta <sup>®</sup> Neohaler (indacaterol) (criteria for LABA must also be met) Quantity Limit = 1 capsule/day  Striverdi Respimat®	<ul> <li>Metered Dose Inhalers (Long-Acting): Effective 11/1/06, prior-authorization will be required for long-acting beta-adrenergic (LABA) MDIs for patients who have not been on a controller medication in the past 6 months or who do not have a diagnosis of COPD.</li> <li>ProAir<sup>®</sup> Respiclick: documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE preferred short acting metered dose inhaler.</li> <li>Foradil, Serevent: The patient has a diagnosis of COPD OR The patient has a diagnosis of asthma and is prescribed an inhaled corticosteroid as a controller medication.</li> </ul>
FORADIL <sup>®</sup> (formoterol) (after criteria for LABA are met) Quantity Limit = 60 capsules/month SEREVENT <sup>®</sup> DISKUS (salmeterol xinafoate) (after criteria for LABA are met)	Levalbuterol † neb solution (compare to Xopenex®) (all ages)	<ul> <li>Arcapta, Striverdi: The patient has a diagnosis of COPD (not FDA approved for asthma). AND The patient has a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to either Foradil or Serevent.</li> <li>Levalbuterol nebulizer solution (age &lt; 12 years): The patient must have had a</li> </ul>

175



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No DA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	PA CRITERIA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Quantity Limit = 60 blisters/30 days  NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS (SHORT-ACTING)  ALBUTEROL † 0.63 mg/3 ml and 1.25 mg/3 ml neb solution  ALBUTEROL † 2.5 mg/3 ml neb solution  ALBUTEROL † 5 mg/ml neb solution  XOPENEX <sup>®</sup> neb solution  (levalbuterol HCL) (age ≤ 12 yrs)	Brovana® (arformoterol) $QL = 2 \ vial/day$ Perforomist® (formoterol) $QL = 2 \ vial/day$ metaproterenol tablets/syrup † terbutaline tablets †	documented intolerance to the brand Xopenex nebulizer solution.  Levalbuterol nebulizer solution (age > 12 years): The patient must have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to albuterol nebulizer. AND The patient must have had a documented intolerance to the brand Xopenex nebulizer solution.  Xopenex nebulizer solution (age >12 years): The patient must have been started and stabilized on the requested medication. OR The patient must have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to albuterol nebulizer.  Brovana or Perforomist Nebulizer Solution: The patient must have a diagnosis of COPD. AND The patient must be unable to use a non-nebulized long-acting bronchodilator or anticholinergic (Foradil, Serevent or Spiriva) due to a physical limitation
NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS (LONG-ACTING)  TABLETS/SYRUP (SHORT-ACTING)  ALBUTEROL † tablets/syrup	Vospire ER <sup>®</sup> * (albuterol)	Metaproterenol tablets/syrup: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure with generic albuterol tablets/syrup.  Terbutaline tablets: The medication is not being prescribed for the prevention/treatment of preterm labor. AND If Brethine is requested, the patient must have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic terbutaline tablets.
TABLETS (LONG-ACTING)  ALBUTEROL ER † tablets		<ul> <li>Ventolin HFA, Xopenex HFA: The patient must have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to ONE preferred short acting metered dose inhaler.</li> <li>Vospire ER tablets: The patient must have had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic albuterol ER tablets.</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
CORTICOSTEROIDS/COMBINATIONS: INHA	(FD	
CONTICOSTERODO, COMBINATIONOS. INITIA		
METERED DOSE INHALERS (SINGLE AGENT)  AEROSPAN® (flunisolide HFA) (QL = 6 inhalers (53.4 gm)/90 days)  ASMANEX® 110 or 220 mcg/inh (mometasone furoate) (QL = 3 inhalers/90 days)  FLOVENT® DISKUS (fluticasone propionate) (QL = 3 inhalers/90 days)  FLOVENT® HFA (fluticasone propionate) (QL = 36 gm(3 inhalers)/90 days)  PULMICORT FLEXHALER® (budesonide) (QL = 6 inhalers/90 days)  QVAR® 40 mcg/inh (beclomethasone) (QL = 17.4 gm (2 inhalers)/90 days)  QVAR® 80 mcg/inh (beclomethasone) (QL = 58.4 gm (8 or 6 inhalers)/90 days)	Alvesco <sup>®</sup> (ciclesonide) (QL = 18.3 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days)) (80 mcg/inh) (QL = 36.6 gm (6 inhalers)/90 days)) (160 mcg/inh)  ARNUITY ELLIPTA 100 or 200mcg/inh (fluticasone furoate) (QL= 90 blisters/90 days)  ASMANEX HFA 100 or 200mcg (mometasone furoate) (QL=3 inhalers/90 days)	Metered-dose inhalers (single agent): The patient has been started and stabilized on the medication. OR The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least two preferred agents.
METERED DOSE INHALERS (COMBINATION PRODUCT)  ADVAIR <sup>®</sup> HFA (fluticasone/salmeterol)  ( $QL = 36 \text{ gm } (3 \text{ inhalers})/90 \text{ days})$ DULERA <sup>®</sup> (mometasone/formoterol)	ADVAIR <sup>®</sup> DISKUS (fluticasone/salmeterol) $(QL = 3 \text{ inhalers/90 days})$	ADVAIR <sup>®</sup> DISKUS: current users as of 01/01/2016 will be allowed a 90 day grace period to transition to preferred ADVAIR <sup>®</sup> HFA. Advair Diskus will be approved for patients with asthma or COPD who have difficulty using MDIs due to lack of hand-breath coordination AND/OR have a history or develop thrush with MDI

177



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(QL = 39 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days)  SYMBICORT® (budesonide/formoterol) (QL = 30.6 gm (3 inhalers)/90 days)  NEBULIZER SOLUTIONS  PULMICORT RESPULES® (budesonide) (age ≤ 12 yrs)	Breo Ellipta <sup>®</sup> (fluticasone furoate/vilanterol)  (QL = 180 blisters(3 inhalers)/90 days)  Budesonide Inh Suspension (compare to Pulmicort Respules <sup>®</sup> ) (all ages) Pulmicort Respules <sup>®</sup> (budesonide) (age > 12 years)	<ul> <li>formulations of inhaled corticosteroids AND/OR are 4-11 years old</li> <li>Breo Ellipta: The patient has a diagnosis of COPD or Asthma AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Advair or Symbicort.</li> <li>Budesonide Inh Suspension (all ages): The patient requires a nebulizer formulation. AND The patient has a documented intolerance to the brand product.</li> <li>Pulmicort Respules (age &gt; 12 years): The patient requires a nebulizer formulation.</li> </ul>
CORTICOSTEROIDS: INTRANASAL		
SINGLE AGENT  FLUTICASONE Propionate† (compare to Flonase®) $QL = 16 \text{ gm } (1 \text{ inhaler})/30 \text{ days}$ Omnaris® (ciclesonide) $QL = 12.5 \text{ gm } (1 \text{ inhaler})/30 \text{ days}$	Beconase AQ <sup>®</sup> (beclomethasone) $QL = 50 \ gm \ (2 \ inhalers)/30 \ days$ budesonide † (compare to Rhinocort Aqua <sup>®</sup> ) $QL = 8.6 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ Flonase <sup>®</sup> * (fluticasone propionate) $QL = 16 \ gm \ (1 \ inhaler)/30 \ days$ flunisolide † 25 mcg/spray (formerly Nasalide <sup>®</sup> )	Beconase AQ, Budesonide, Flonase, Flunisolide 25 mcg/spray, Flunisolide 29 mcg/spray, Nasonex, QNASL, Rhinocort Aqua, triamcinolone, Veramyst:  The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure of two preferred nasal glucocorticoids. If the request is for Rhinocort Aqua®, the patient has also had a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent.  Dymista: The diagnosis or indication is allergic rhinitis. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to loratadine (OTC) OR

178



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
(110 1 A required unless otherwise noted)	(i A required)	1 A CRITERIA
Zetonna <sup>®</sup> (ciclesonide)  QL = 6.1 gm (1 inhaler)/30 days	glunisolide† 29 mcg/spray (formerly Nasarel®) $QL = 50  ml  (2  inhalers)/30  days$ $QL = 16.5  gm  (1  inhaler)/30  days$ NASONEX® (mometasone) $QL = 17  gm  (1  inhaler)/30  days$ QNASL® (beclomethasone diproprionate) HFA $QL = 8.7  gm  (1  inhaler)/30  days$ Rhinocort Aqua® (budesonide) $QL = 8.6  gm  (1  inhaler)/30  days$ triamcinolone † (compare to Nasacort AQ®) $QL = 16.5  gm  (1  inhaler)/30  days$ Veramyst® (fluticasone furoate) $QL = 10  gm  (1  inhaler)/30  days$ COMBINATION WITH ANTIHISTAMINE  Dymista® (azelastine/fluticasone) $QL = 23  gm  (1  inhaler)/30  days$	cetirizine (OTC) AND a preferred nasal corticosteroid used in combination.  Limitations: Nasacort Allergy OTC not covered as no Federal Rebate is offered.  Nasacort AQ RX available after PA obtained.
LEUKOTRIENE MODIFIERS		
Preferred After Clinical Criteria Are Met  Montelukast sodium† (compare to Singulair®) tablets§  Montelukast sodium† (compare to Singulair®) chews§ 4mg for ages 2-5, 5mg for age 6-14	Accolate <sup>®</sup> (zafirlukast) \$ Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day Singulair <sup>®</sup> (montelukast sodium) \$ tablets, chew tabs, granules Quantity Limit = 1 tablet or packet per day	Montelukast:         • The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is asthma.         • The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is allergic rhinitis. The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to a second generation non-sedating antihistamine and

179



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	D. CDVIIIDA
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Montelukast sodium† (compare to Singulair®) granules§ ages 6months-23months	zafirlukast (compare to Accolate §) §  Zyflo (zileuton)  Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day  Zyflo CR® (zileuton SR)  Quantity Limit = 4 tablets/day	<ul> <li>a nasal corticosteroid.</li> <li>The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is urticaria. The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to at least TWO preferred 2nd generation antihistamines (i.e. loratadine (OTC), cetirizine (OTC), fexofenadine).</li> <li>If the request is for brand Singulair tablets, chew tablets or granules; the patient has a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent montelukast preparation.</li> <li>Zafirlukast, Accolate: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is asthma. AND If the request is for Accolate, the patient has a documented intolerance to generic zafirlukast.</li> <li>Zyflo/Zyflo CR: The diagnosis or indication for the requested medication is asthma. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to Accolate or Singulair/Montelukast.</li> <li>Montelukast chewable and granules: Will only be approved for appropriate FDA approved age and indications.</li> </ul>
SYNAGIS		
	SYNAGIS® (palivizumab)  Quantity Limit = 1 vial/month (50 mg) or 2  vials/month (100 mg)	<ul> <li>CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL:</li> <li>□ Infants born at 28 weeks of gestation or earlier (i.e., ≤ 28 weeks, 6 days) and under twelve months of age at the start of the RSV season (maximum 5 doses).</li> <li>□ Infants born at 29-32 weeks (i.e., between 29 weeks, 0 days and 31 weeks, 6 days) of gestation and under 1 year of age at the start of the RSV season who develop chronic lung disease of prematurity defined as a requirement for &gt;21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days after birth (maximum 5 doses).</li> <li>□ Children under 24 months of age with chronic lung disease of prematurity defined</li> </ul>

180



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		as born at 31 weeks, 6 days or less who required >21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days after birth and continue to require medical support (chronic corticosteroid therapy, diuretic therapy, or supplemental oxygen) during the 6-month period before the start of the second RSV season (maximum 5 doses).
		<ul> <li>□ Children under 12 months of age with hemodynamically significant congenital heart disease (CHD) (dosing continues in the RSV season through the end of the month the infant reaches 12 months old -maximum 5 doses): Acyanotic heart disease and receiving medication to control congestive heart failure and will require cardiac surgical procedures, Moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension , Cyanotic heart disease and recommended for Synagis therapy by Pediatric Cardiologist</li> <li>□ Infants under 12 months of age with either: (dosing continues in the RSV season through the end of the month the infant reaches 12 months old -maximum 5 doses) Congenital abnormalities of the airways that impairs the ability to clear secretions from the upper airway because of ineffective cough, Neuromuscular condition that impairs the ability to clear secretions from the upper airway because of ineffective cough</li> <li>□ Infants and children less than 24 months of age who will undergo a heart transplant during the RSV season</li> <li>□ Infants and children less than 24 months of age who are profoundly immunocompromised during the RSV season (e.g. undergoing organ or stem cell transplant or receiving chemotherapy).</li> <li>EXCLUDED FROM APPROVAL:</li> <li>□ Infants and children with hemodynamically insignificant heart disease.</li> <li>□ Infants with cardiac lesions adequately corrected by surgery, unless they continue to require medication for congestive heart failure.</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	D. COMPANY
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		☐ Infants with mild cardiomyopathy who are not receiving medical therapy. ☐ Breakthrough hospitalization for RSV disease (Synagis therapy should be discontinued for the season once hospitalization for RSV has occurred).
		<ul> <li>□ Infants and children with Down syndrome unless other indications above are present.</li> <li>□ Infants and children with cystic fibrosis unless other specific conditions are present</li> <li>This drug must be obtained and billed through our specialty pharmacy vendor for Synagis, Wilcox Home Infusion, and processed through the DVHA POS prescription processing system using NDC values. Under no circumstances will claims processed through the medical benefit be accepted.</li> </ul>
XOLAIR		
	Xolair® (omalizumab) 150 mg subcutaneous injection vial Quantity limit = 6 vials every 28 days	Criteria for Approval: Patient must have a diagnosis of moderate to severe persistent asthma. AND patient is 12 years of age or older AND Patient has tried and failed an inhaled oral corticosteroid (with or without chronic oral corticosteroid therapy) or has a contraindication to an inhaled corticosteroid. AND Patient has tried and failed a leukotriene receptor antagonist or has a contraindication to a leukotriene receptor antagonist. AND Patient has tried and failed a long acting beta-agonist or has a contraindication to a long acting beta-agonist. AND A pulmonologist/allergist/immunologist consult has been obtained within the past year. AND Patient has tested positive to at least one perennial aeroallergen by a skin or blood test (i.e.: RAST, CAP, intracutaneous test). AND Patient has an IgE level ≥ 30 and ≤ 700 IU/ml prior to beginning therapy with



PREFERRED AGENTS

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)

#### **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

**EFFECTIVE** Version Updated: 02/09/16

PA CRITERIA

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization** (includes clinical criteria)

NON-PREFERRED AGENTS

(PA required)

(110 111 required diffess other wise flower)	(TTT required)	TH CHILLIAN
		Xolair. This drug must be billed through the DVHA POS prescription processing system using NDC values. J codes will NOT be accepted.  Limitations: Xolair use will not be approved if requested for prevention of peanut related allergic reaction.
	PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENS	SION MEDICATIONS
ENDOTHELIAN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS  LETAIRIS® (ambrisentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = one tablet/day  TRACLEER® (bosentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = 2 tablets/day  PROSTANOIDS  Injection  EPOPROSTENOL † (compare to Flolan®)  REMODULIN® (treprostinil sodium injection)  VELETRI® (epoprostinil)  Inhalation  TYVASO® (treprostinil inhalation solution)  VENTAVIS® (iloprost inhalation solution)  Oral  ORENITRAM® (treprostinil) ER Tablet	Opsumit <sup>®</sup> (macitentan) Tablet Quantity Limit = one tablet/day  Flolan <sup>®*</sup> (epoprostenol)  Adempas <sup>®</sup> (riociguat) Tablets Quantity Limit = 3 tablets/day	Adempas: The patient has a diagnosis of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group I with New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class II or III. OR The patient has a diagnosis of chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH, WHO Group 4) AND the patient has persistent or recurrent disease after surgical treatment (e.g., pulmonary endarterectomy) or has CTEPH that is inoperable AND The patient is 18 years of age or older AND The patient will not use Adempas concomitantly with the following: Nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrate) in any form. Phosphodiesterase (PDE) inhibitors, including specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline) AND The patient is not pregnant AND Female patients are enrolled in the Adempas REMS Program  Flolan: Clinical diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic epoprostenol.  Opsumit: Patient has a diagnosis of PAH WHO Group 1 with NYHA Functional Class II or III AND Patient is not pregnant AND Female patients have been enrolled in the Opsumit REMS Program



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
**Maximum days supply for all drugs is 30 days**		
	RENAL DISEASE: PHOSPHAT	'E BINDERS
CALCIUM ACETATE † (compare to Phos Lo <sup>®</sup> ) capsule  CALCIUM ACETATE † (compare to Eliphos <sup>®</sup> ) tablet FOSRENOL <sup>®</sup> (lanthanum carbonate) RENAGEL <sup>®</sup> (sevelamer)  ORAL SOLUTIONS Phoslyra <sup>®</sup> (calcium acetate) oral solution	Auryxia <sup>®</sup> (ferric citrate) ( <i>QL</i> = 12/day) Eliphos <sup>®</sup> (calcium acetate) tablet  Phos Lo <sup>®</sup> * (calcium acetate) capsule Renvela <sup>®</sup> (sevelamer carbonate) Oral Suspension Packet ( <i>QL</i> = 2 packs/day (0.8 g strength only)) Renvela <sup>®</sup> (sevelamer carbonate) tablets  Sevelamer carbonate (compare to Renvela <sup>®</sup> ) 800 mg tablet  Velphoro <sup>®</sup> (sucroferric oxyhydroxide) Chew Tablet	<ul> <li>Eliphos, PhosLo: The patient must have a documented intolerance to the generic equivalent calcium acetate tablet or capsule.</li> <li>Renvela Oral Suspension Packet: The patient has a requirement for a liquid dosage form.</li> <li>Renvela tablet, Sevelamer 800 mg Tablet: The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to Renagel (sevelamer hydrochloride).</li> <li>Velphoro Chew Tablet/Auryxia Tablet: The patient must have a documented side effect, allergy, or inadequate response to one preferred phosphate binder.</li> </ul>
RESTLESS LEG SYNDROME MEDICATIONS		
DOPAMINE AGONISTS (ORAL)  PRAMIPEXOLE † (compare to Mirapex®)  ROPINIROLE† (compare to Requip®)  DOPAMINE AGONISTS (TRANSDERMAL)	Mirapex <sup>®*</sup> (pramipexole) Requip <sup>®</sup> * (ropinirole)	<ul> <li>Mirapex, Requip: The patient has had a documented intolerance to the generic product.</li> <li>Horizant: The patient has a diagnosis of restless legs syndrome (RLS). AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to two preferred dopamine agonists (pramipexole IR, ropinirole IR,</li> </ul>

184



Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
Neupro (rotigotine) transdermal patch (Quantity Limit = 1 patch/day) (1mg, 2 mg and 3 mg patches ONLY)	Horizant <sup>®</sup> (gabapentin enacarbil) ER Tablet (Quantity Limit = $1 \text{ tablet/day}$ )	Neupro) AND gabapentin IR. <b>Limitations:</b> Requests for Mirapex ER and Requip XL will not be approved for Restless Leg Syndrome (RLS).
GAMMA-AMINOBUTYRIC ACID ANALOG Gabapentin IR		

#### RHEUMATOID, JUVENILE & PSORATIC ARTHRITIS: IMMUNOMODULATORS

Self-injectables/Oral (Enbrel<sup>®</sup>, Humira<sup>®</sup>, Cimzia<sup>®</sup>, Kineret<sup>®</sup>, Orencia<sup>®</sup> Subcutaneous, Simponi<sup>®</sup>, Stelara<sup>®</sup> & Xeljanz<sup>®</sup>) must be obtained through Specialty Pharmacy Provider, Briova

#### Preferred after Clinical Criteria are Met <u>Injectable</u>

ENBREL® (etanercept)
(Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days(50 mg) and 8
syringes/28 days (25
mg))

HUMIRA<sup>®</sup> (adalimumab) (*Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days*)

#### Non-Preferred after Clinical Criteria are Met

Actemra<sup>®</sup> (tocilizumab) Intravenous Infusion
(Qty limit = 4 vials/28 days (80 mg vial), 3 vials/28
days (200 mg vial) or 2
vials/28 days (400 mg vial))
Actemra<sup>®</sup> (tocilizumab) Subcutaneous
(Qty limit = 4 prefilled syringes (3.6ml)/28 days)
Cimzia<sup>®</sup> (certolizumab pegol)
(Quantity limit = 1 kit/28 days (starter X 1, then regular))
Kineret<sup>®</sup> (anakinra)
(Quantity limit = 1 syringe/day)

Humira: Patient has a diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), juvenile idiopathic arthritis or psoriatic arthritis and has already been stabilized on Humira OR Diagnosis is RA, juvenile idiopathic arthritis or psoriatic arthritis, and methotrexate therapy resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to approving Humira. Note: Approval should be granted in cases where patients have been treated with infliximab, but have lost response to therapy.

**Enbrel:** Patient has a diagnosis of RA, juvenile RA (JRA), or psoriatic arthritis and has already been stabilized on Enbrel. OR Diagnosis is RA, JRA, or psoriatic

185



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Orencia (abatacept) Subcutaneous Injection (Quantity limit = 4 syringes/28 days) Orencia (abatacept) Intravenous Infusion Remicade (infliximab)	arthritis, and methotrexate therapy resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to approving Enbrel.
Oral	Simponi® (golimumab) Subcutaneous  Qty Limit = 1 of 50 mg prefilled syringe or autoinjector/28 days)  Simponi Aria® (golimumab) 50 mg/4 ml Vial for Intravenous Infusion Stelara® (ustekinumab)  (Quantity limit = 45 mg (0.5 ml) or 90 mg (1 ml) per dose)  (90 mg dose only permitted for pt weight > 100 kg)  Xeljanz® (tofacitinib) tablet  (Qty limit = 2 tablets/day)  Maximum 30 days supply	Actemra Intravenous Infusion: Patient has a diagnosis of RA or juvenile RA (JRA) and has already been stabilized on Actemra OR Patient age > 18 years (RA) or > 2 years (JRA). AND Diagnosis is RA or juvenile RA (JRA) and patient has documentation of an inadequate response, adverse reaction or allergic response to methotrexate, or if methotrexate is contraindicated, at least 1 other DMARD (other DMARDs include leflunomide, sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine) AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used. For RA, patient must have had an inadequate response to one or more TNF inhibitors.  Actemra Subcutaneous: Patient has a diagnosis of RA and has already been stabilized on Actemra (Subcutaneous or Intravenous) OR Patient age > 18 years (RA) AND Diagnosis is RA and patient has documentation of an inadequate response, adverse reaction or allergic response to methotrexate, or if methotrexate is contraindicated, at least 1 other DMARD (other DMARDs include leflunomide, sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine) AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used. The patient must have had an inadequate response to one or more TNF inhibitors.  Cimzia: Patient has a diagnosis of RA or psoriatic arthritis and has already been stabilized on Cimzia OR Patient age > 18 years AND Diagnosis is RA or



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		psoriatic arthritis and patient has documentation of an inadequate response,
		adverse reaction or allergic response to methotrexate, or if methotrexate is contraindicated, at least 1 DMARD (other DMARDs include leflunomide,
		sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine, azathioprine,
		sumusume, gota, antimatanis, manoejemie, 2 pemeraniane, azamopime,
		cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine) AND The prescriber must provide a
		clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.
		<b>Remicade:</b> Patient has a diagnosis of RA or psoriatic arthritis and has already been
		stabilized on Remicade OR Diagnosis is RA or psoriatic arthritis, and
		methotrexate therapy resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate
		response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to approving Remicade. AND The prescriber must
		provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.
		Simponi: Patient has a diagnosis of RA or psoriatic arthritis and has already been
		stabilized on Simponi OR Patient age > 18 years AND Diagnosis is RA or
		psoriatic arthritis, and patient has documentation of an inadequate response,
		adverse Reaction or allergic response to methotrexate, or if methotrexate is
		contraindicated, at least 1 DMARD (other DMARDs include leflunomide,
		sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine, azathioprine,
		cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine) AND The prescriber must provide a
		clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.
		<b>Simponi Aria:</b> Patient has a diagnosis of RA and has already been stabilized on Simponi Aria OR Patient age > 18 years AND Diagnosis is RA and patient has
		documentation of an inadequate response, adverse reaction or allergic response
		to methotrexate, or if methotrexate is contraindicated, at least 1 DMARD (other
		DMARDs include leflunomide, sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline,
		D-penicillamine, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine) AND The



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		patient has not responded adequately to Simponi subcutaneous. AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.
		Kineret: Patient has a diagnosis of RA and has already been stabilized on Kineret OR Diagnosis is RA or psoriatic arthritis, and methotrexate therapy resulted in an adverse effect, reaction, inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to approving Kineret. Note: Kineret may be used as monotherapy or concomitantly with DMARDs, other than TNF antagonists. Kineret should not be administered concomitantly with any TNF antagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade). AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.  Xeljanz: Patient has a diagnosis of RA and has already been stabilized on Xeljanz OR Patient age > 18 years AND Diagnosis is RA and patient has documentation of an inadequate response, adverse reaction or allergic response to methotrexate, or if methotrexate is contraindicated, at least 1 non-biologic DMARD (other DMARDs include leflunomide, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, azathioprine, and cyclosporine) AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.  Orencia Intravenous Infusion: Patient has a diagnosis of RA or juvenile RA (JRA) and has already been stabilized on Orencia OR Diagnosis is RA or juvenile RA (JRA) and methotrexate therapy resulted in an adverse effect, allergic reaction,
		inadequate response, or treatment failure. If methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to approving Orencia. Note: Orencia may be used as monotherapy or concomitantly with DMARDs, other than TNF



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		antagonists. Orencia® should not be administered concomitantly with
		TNFantagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade) and is not recommended for
		use with Kineret. AND The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason why
		either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used. AND If the diagnosis is RA, there is a
		clinically valid reason why Orencia Subcutaneous cannot be used.
		Orencia Subcutaneous: Patient has a diagnosis of RA and has already been
		stabilized on Orencia OR Diagnosis is RA and methotrexate therapy resulted in
		an adverse effect, allergic reaction, inadequate Response, or treatment failure. If
		methotrexate is contraindicated, another DMARD should be tried prior to
		approving Orencia. Note: Orencia may be used as monotherapy or concomitantly
		with DMARDs, other than TNF antagonists. Orencia should not be administered
		concomitantly with TNFantagonists (i.e. Enbrel, Humira, or Remicade) and is
		not recommended for use with Kineret. AND The prescriber must provide a
		clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.
		<b>Stelara:</b> Patient has a diagnosis of psoriatic arthritis and has already been stabilized on Stelara OR Diagnosis is psoriatic arthritis, and patient has documentation of
		an inadequate response, adverse reaction or allergic response to methotrexate, or
		if methotrexate is contraindicated, at least 1 DMARD (other DMARDs include
		leflunomide, sulfasalazine, gold, antimalarials, minocycline, D-penicillamine,
		azathioprine, cyclophosphamide and cyclosporine) AND The prescriber must
		provide a clinically valid reason why either Humira or Enbrel cannot be used.
		Patients with systemic juvenile arthritis (SJRA/SJIA) and fever are not required
		to have a trial of a DMARD, including methotrexate. Patients with systemic
		juvenile arthritis without fever should have a trial of methotrexate, but a trial of
		another DMARD in the case of a contraindication to methotrexate is not required
		before Enbrel, Humira, Actemra, or Orencia is approved. * Patients with



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
		psoriatic arthritis with a documented diagnosis of active axial involvement should have a trial of NSAID therapy, but a trial with DMARD is not required before a TNF-blocker is approved. If no active axial skeletal involvement, then an NSAID trial and a DMARD trial are required (unless otherwise contraindicated) prior to receiving Humira, Enbrel, Remicade, Cimzia, Stelara or Simponi
SILIVA STIMULANTS		
PILOCARPINE (compare to Salagen®) CEVIMELINE† (compare to Evoxac®) EVOXAC® (cevimeline)	Salagen <sup>®</sup> * (pilocarpine)	Salagen: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic pilocarpine
SEDATIVE/HYPNOTICS		
BENZODIAZEPINE		
ESTAZOLAM† (compare to Prosom®) TEMAZEPAM† 15 mg, 30 mg (compare to Restoril®)	Doral <sup>®</sup> (quazepam) flurazepam† (formerly Dalmane <sup>®</sup> ) Halcion <sup>®</sup> (triazolam) Prosom <sup>®</sup> * (estazolam) Restoril <sup>®</sup> * (temazepam)	<b>Criteria for Approval:</b> The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with two preferred benzodiazepine sedative/hypnotics. If a product has an AB rated generic, one trial must be the generic.

190



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
NON BENZODIAZEPINE, NON BARBITURATE  ZOLPIDEM † (compare to Ambien®)(Quantity Limit = 1 tab/day)  ZALEPLON † (compare to Sonata®) (Quantity Limit = 1 cap/day (5 mg) or 2 caps/day (10 mg))	temazepam† 7.5 mg, 22.5 mg (compare to Restoril <sup>®</sup> ) triazolam† (compare to Halcion <sup>®</sup> )	<ul> <li>Ambien: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic zolpidem.</li> <li>Ambien CR, Belsomra, Lunesta, eszopiclone, Zolpidem CR: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy or treatment failure to generic zolpidem. If the request is for brand Ambien CR, there has also been a documented intolerance to the generic. If the request is for generic eszopiclone, there has also been a documented intolerance to the brand Lunesta. Belsomra will be available to the few patients who are unable to tolerate or who have failed on preferred medications.</li> <li>Edluar: The patient has a medical necessity for a disintegrating tablet formulation (i.e. swallowing disorder). Intermezzo: The patient has insomnia characterized by middle-of-the night awakening followed by difficulty returning to sleep AND The patient has had a documented inadequate response to zolpidem IR AND zaleplon.</li> <li>Rozerem: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to generic zolpidem. OR There is a question of substance abuse with the patient or family of the patient. Note: If approved, initial fill of</li> </ul>
		Rozerem will be limited to a 14 day supply.  Silenor: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, contraindication or treatment failure to generic zolpidem AND The patient has had a documented intolerance with generic doxepin or there is another clinically valid reason why a generic doxepin (capsule or oral solution) cannot be used.  Sonata: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic zaleplon



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	SMOKING CESSATION TH	ERAPIES
	is 16 weeks (2 x 8 weeks)/365 days for non-preferred.  It is engaged in a smoking cessation counseling program	For approval of therapy beyond the established maximum duration, the m.
NICOTINE GUM† NICOTINE PATCH OTC† NICORETTE LOZENGE® ORAL THERAPY BUPROPION SR† (compare to Zyban®) CHANTIX® (varenicline) (Limited to 18 years and older, Quantity Limit = 2 tabs/day, max duration 24 weeks (2x12 weeks )/365 days)	Nicoderm CQ Patch Ricorette Gum nicotine lozenge† Nicotrol Inhaler Nicotrol Nasal Spray Nicotrol Nasal Spray Nicotrol Nasal Spray (maximum duration 24 weeks (2 x 12 weeks)/365 days)	<ul> <li>Nicoderm CQ patch: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nicotine patch.</li> <li>Nicorette gum: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic nicotine gum.</li> <li>nicotine lozenge: The patient has had a documented side effect or allergy to Nicorette lozenge</li> <li>Nicotrol Inhaler: The patient has had a documented treatment failure with BOTH generic nicotine patch and generic nicotine gum.</li> <li>Nicotrol Nasal Spray: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication.</li> <li>Zyban: The patient has had a documented intolerance to generic bupropion SR.</li> <li>*Smoking Cessation Counseling is encouraged with the use of smoking cessation therapies*</li> <li>*The combined prescribing of long acting (patch) and faster acting (gum or lozenge) nicotine replacement therapy is encouraged for greater likelihood of quit success.</li> <li>Vermont QUIT LINE (available free to all patients) 1-800-QUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669)</li> <li>GETQUIT™ Support Plan available free to all Chantix® patients 1-877-CHANTIX (242-6849)</li> <li>Limitations: Nicotine System Kit® not covered – prescribe multiple strengths separately</li> </ul>



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA		
TESTOSTERONE: TOPICAL				
Nasal				
	Natesto® (testosterone) nasal (QL = 1 pump/30 days)	<b>Natesto:</b> The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to AndroGel <sup>®</sup> Gel.		
Topical				
ANDROGEL® GEL (testosterone 1% gel packets)  Quantity limit = 1.25 gm packet (1 packet/day)  2.5 gm packet (1%) (1 packet/day)  5 gm packet (2 packets/day)	Androderm® Transdermal 2.5 mg, 5 mg (testosterone patch)  ANDROGEL® GEL (testosterone 1.62% gel packets)  Quantity limit = 1.25 gm packet (1.62%) (1 packet/day)  2.5 gm packet (1.62%) (2 packets/day)  ANDROGEL® PUMP (testosterone pump bottles)  Quantity limit = 1 % (4 bottles/30 days)  1.62% (2 bottles/30 days)  Quantity limit = 1 patch/day/strength	Andoderm, Axiron, Fortesta, Testim Testosterone Gel 1%, Testosterone Gel 2%: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to AndroGel® Gel  Limitations: Coverage of testosterone products is limited to males.		
	Axiron (testosterone 2% solution) 90 ml Pump Bottle  Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days  Fortesta® (testosterone 2 % Gel) 60 gm Pump Bottle  Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days  Testim® Gel 5 gm (testosterone 1% gel tube)			



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA
	Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day  Testosterone 1% gel tube (compare to Testim® Gel 5 gm, Vogelxo®,  Androgel®) Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day  Testosterone† 1% Gel Pump (compare to Androgel®, Vogelxo®) Quantity limit = 4 bottles/30 days  Testosterone 2% gel 60 gm pump bottle (compare to Fortesta®) Quantity limit = 2 bottles/30 days  Vogelxo® 1% (testosterone 1%) gel, pump Quantity limit = 2 tubes/day (5 gm gel tubes) Quantity limit = 4 bottles/30 days (gel pump bottle)  *Maximum day supply all products is 30 days*	
THROMBOPOIETIN RECEPTOR AGONISTS		
	Nplate® (romiplostim)	<b>FOR APPROVAL:</b> The patient is at least 18 years of age. AND The diagnosis or
	Promacta® (eltrombopag)	indication is chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP). AND The patient's platelet count is less than $30,000/\mu L$ (< $30 \times 109/L$ ) or the patient is actively bleeding. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure or a contraindication to therapy with corticosteroids. OR The



DREFERRED ACENTS

#### **Department of Vermont Health Access Pharmacy Benefit Management Program**

EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)

NON PREEDRED ACENTS

(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA		
		patient has a documented insufficient response following splenectomy.		
URINARY ANTISPASMODICS				
SHORT-ACTING AGENTS  OXYBUTYNIN† (formerly Ditropan®)  LONG-ACTING AGENTS (after clinical criteria are met)  ANTIMUSCARINIC  Twice Daily Oral (Oty Limit = 2 per day)	Flavoxate † (formerly Urispas <sup>®</sup> )  Detrol <sup>®</sup> (tolterodine) tolterodine† (compare to Detrol <sup>®</sup> ) trospium† (formerly Sanctura <sup>®</sup> )	CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL: (for patients >21 and <65 years of age): Please note: Patients <21 years of age are exempt from all ORAL ANTIMUSCARINIC Urinary Antispasmodics PA requirements (Exception: An adequate trial of oxybutynin/oxybutynin XL will be required before approval of Ditropan/Ditropan XL and an adequate trial of tolterodine SR will be required before approval of Detrol LA will be granted for all patients) and patients ≥ 65 years of age are exempt from the short acting oxybutynin trial requirement.		
	Detrol LA <sup>®</sup> (tolterodine SR)	flavoxate, Enablex, Vesicar: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with generic oxybutynin		
Once Daily Oral (Oty Limit = 1 per day)  ENABLEX® (darifenacin)  VESICARE® (solifenacin)	Ditropan XL <sup>®</sup> (oxybutynin XL) oxybutynin XL† (compare to Ditropan <sup>®</sup> XL) tolterodine SR† (compare to Detrol LA <sup>®</sup> )	Detrol, Detrol LA, Ditropan XL, Oxybutynin XL, tolterodine (generic), tolterodine SR (generic), trospium (generic), trospium ER (generic), Toviaz:  The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure with generic oxybutynin. AND The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy,		
<u>Transdermal/Topical</u>	Toviaz <sup>®</sup> (fesoterodine trospium ER† (formerly Sanctura XR <sup>®</sup> )	or treatment failure with 2 preferred long-acting agents. If a medication has an AB rated generic, there must have also been a trial of the generic formulation.		



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

**Vermont Preferred Drug List and Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (includes clinical criteria)** 

PREFERRED AGENTS (No PA required unless otherwise noted)	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS (PA required)	PA CRITERIA		
BETA-3 ADRENERGIC AGONISTS  >NOTE:  ■ Patients under the age of 65 must fail an adequate trial of generic oxybutynin before approval will be granted for either  Vesicare® or Enablex®.  ■ A therapeutic failure on two long acting preferred products is required before a PA will be approved on any non-preferred long acting medication.  Recipients < 21 years of age are exempt from all ORAL  ANTIMUSCARINIC PA Requirements.(Exception: An adequate trial of oxybutynin/XL will be required before approval of Ditropan® XL and tolterodine SR before approval of Detrol  LA® will be granted)	Gelnique 3% (oxybutynin topical gel)  (Qty limit = 1 pump bottle (92gm)per 30 days)  Gelnique 10% (oxybutynin topical gel)  (Qty limit = 1 sachet/day)  Oxytrol (oxybutinin transdermal) (Qty Limit = 8 patches/28 days)  Myrbetriq (mirabegron) ER Tablet  (Qty limit = 1 tablet/day)	<ul> <li>Gelnique 3%, 10%, Oxytrol: The patient is unable to swallow a solid oral formulation (e.g. patients with dysphagia) OR The patient is unable to be compliant with solid oral dosage forms.</li> <li>Myrbetriq: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, treatment failure, or contraindication with one preferred long-acting urinary antimuscarinic agent.</li> <li>Limitations: Oxytrol (for Women) OTC not covered. Oxytrol RX is available but subject to prior authorization.</li> </ul>		
VAGINAL ANTI-INFECTIVES				
CLINDAMYCIN CLINDAMYCIN VAGINAL† (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%)	Cleocin <sup>®</sup> * (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%)	Cleocin, Clindesse: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic clindamycin vaginal (clindamycin vaginal)		

196



EFFECTIVE
Version
Updated: 02/09/16

PREFERRED AGENTS	NON-PREFERRED AGENTS	
(No PA required unless otherwise noted)	(PA required)	PA CRITERIA
METRONIDAZOLE  METRONIDAZOLE VAGINAL GEL 0.75%†  VANDAZOLE† (metronidazole vaginal 0.75%)	Cleocin <sup>®</sup> Vaginal Ovules (clindamycin vaginal suppositories) Clindesse <sup>®</sup> (clindamycin vaginal cream 2%) Metrogel Vaginal <sup>®</sup> * (metronidazole vaginal gel 0.75%) Nuvessa Vaginal <sup>®</sup> (metronidazole vaginal gel 1.3%) (1 pre-filled applicator/30 days)	Metrogel Vaginal, Nuvessa Vaginal: The patient has had a documented side effect, allergy, or treatment failure to generic metronidazole vaginal gel 0.75 % or Vandazole.
VITAMINS: PRENATAL MULTIVITAMINS		
PRENAPLUS PRENATAL PLUS IRON PRENATAL VITAMINS PLUS PRENATATE AM TAB IMG PRENATE CAP ENHANCE PRENATE CAP ESSENTIAL PRENATE CAP RESTORE PRENATE CHEW .64 PRENATE DHA CAP PRENATE MINI CAP	All others including DHA containing products	<ul> <li>DHA Containing Prenatal Vitamins: The patient is unable to obtain a sufficient amount of DHA from diet alone</li> <li>All Other Non-Preferred: The prescriber must provide a clinically valid reason for the use of the requested medication including reasons why any of the preferred products would not be a suitable alternative.</li> </ul>